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# The Washington Post.

Weather—Increasing cloudiness today; tomorrow, showers; much change in temperature; gentle southerly winds, shifting to moderate northwest tomorrow. Temperature yesterday—Highest, 76; lowest, 45. Weather details on page 10.

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TWO CENTS.

## POST-SCRIPTS

By GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

This index of your daily Post will save a lot of reading. We've all the news the world can boast, Of just the kind you're needing.

Great Britain's scheme for handling the labor question is calculated to be denounced by Mussolini as an infringement on his patent.

King George hears with profound sorrow of the flood, and extends the royal sympathy to the Johnstown sufferers.

Secretary Hoover, defining a new policy covering international loans, says we should not lend money to nations for military purposes, but suppose we should want to finance a little war of our own abroad, as we have done in the past, and may have to again, wouldn't it jar us to have the world flash that kind of a doctrine on us?

When W. W. Corcoran went to England in 1846 to borrow the money to finance the Mexican war that the Government couldn't get at home, and fetched it back, and incidentally laid the foundation of the fortune of Corcoran and Riggs, it's darned lucky for Uncle Sam that Great Britain didn't have any Hoovers.

Prof. Irving Fisher's statement that prohibition is lowering the death rate seems to prove that boot-leg gin is a tonic.

Jersey might have got that dough, But list to his sad fate— McCarl is so dad-blamed slow "The pardon came too late."

A Latin-American country, like Mexico or Nicaragua, can always explain a war loan away on the ground that it is needed for its basic industry.

A glance at the box score this morning ought to be a sufficient refutation of the charge that Bucky Harris hasn't got any pitchers.

Mrs. Snyder's defense: "That's my story."

"Fame is, that Dædalus, adventuring forth On rapid wings, from Minos' realm in flight, Trusted the sky, and to the frosty North Swam his strange way."

Not Juno, bribing Aeolus to raise a storm for their destruction, could prevent our Yankee Trojans from writing this new Aeneid of "adventuring forth on rapid wings." As Virgil put it, with that vigor of expression which makes him so huge a delight, they "trusted the sky."

Cutting the levee was such a success that it is understood the cellars of New Orleans are drier than at any time since the Volstead act was passed.

And here's a wretched leper, whose pitiful plight touches the heart, being called an "artful dodger" as he endeavors to escape the bloodhounds. Is not the stamp of the Almighty hard enough to bear without our giving him the Dickens?

A philosopher before the Supreme Court demands the right to be hanged, instead of having his sentence changed to imprisonment for life, and he can find justification in the immortal words of that other one who proclaimed, "Give me liberty, or give me death!"

Now that the last of the "R" months has passed until September comes, we congratulate the Chesapeake bay bivalves for their splendid services rendered the country during the arduous season just closed, and suggest that every oyster bed should be provided with oyster-matresses. Enjoy your nap!

Another great advantage in having all these new office buildings under one roof is that Secretary Hoover could put his desk in the middle and keep his eye on all the Departments at the same time.

The horribly mutilated body of a 9-year-old Fredericksburg boy, with skull fractured, legs broken, and one hand cut off, is found sewed up in a sack in the Rappahannock river. Every now and then when a country town goes in for unnatural crime it outdoes the slums of the big cities.

"Soldier, soldier, come from the wars, 'Why don't you march with my true love?'"

The Pan-American fliers come home—some of them—and receive a welcome tempered by tears for those who did not. "Peace hath her victories no less renowned than those of war."

Somewhat we've often had a hunch, That movie stars eat prunes for lunch; If we were told we'd think it true, They eat 'em morn and evening, too.

## MRS. SNYDER FIRM ENDING FIVE HOURS OF CROSS-GRILLING

### Widow Shouts Answers at Prosecutor and Clings to Story.

### LETTER CALLED GRAY LOVABLE LITTLE CUSS

### Male Codefendant Is More Sprightly Than on Other Days of Trial.

New York, May 3 (By A. P.).—After more than five hours of cross-examination by two attorneys, Mrs. Ruth Brown Snyder was still on the witness stand protesting the truth of her third version of the murder of her husband when court recessed today.

The blonde widow of Albert Snyder, magazine art editor, slain in his Queens Village home March 20, broke into tears once and several times flashed angry answers back at her questioners, but throughout the day of grilling she clung to her story that Henry Judd Gray, her coet salesman paragon, plotted to kill and did murder her husband without her aid and against her wishes.

The cross-examination began shortly after court opened after the week-end pause. William Millard, of counsel for Gray, her codefendant, began it. When he concluded Charles Froessel, of the district attorney's staff, began hammering at Mrs. Snyder's third version. Froessel had not finished when court recessed.

Cries Describing the Killing.

Mrs. Snyder wept once, when she got to that part of her story that described Gray beseech her husband's bed, beating him with a sack weight. She cried at the same place during her direct examination Friday.

Millard, after pounding away at the details of Mrs. Snyder's third version, suddenly asked her if she had ever taken part in a prearranged plan to procure witnesses in a divorce action. She thought a moment. Millard held in his hand a letter. Composing her countenance, Mrs. Snyder said, "I did."

Millard then introduced into evidence a letter Mrs. Snyder identified as the one she wrote to Gray February 28. This letter was then read to the jury.

"Well, darling," it said, "the whole works went over beautifully. Of course, it was all prearranged and took place at 101 East First street, the worst neighborhood in New York. I was scared most to death, and if you ever saw a woman you'd die of fright, too. Such a coldblooded way of doing things. But it went over as intended and we were five in all, just witnesses—and that was plenty, too."

Mad at the "G," she wrote.

"Had another battle with the G. (this initial, it was previously explained, meant "Governor," the name by which Gray and Mrs. Snyder referred to Albert Snyder). Darn fool. I'm mad."

Another letter from Mrs. Snyder to Gray, offered by the State, described Gray as "a lovable little cuss," and said: "I could just eat you all up."

Both cross-examinations began with details of the third version of the murder Mrs. Snyder gave. It was emphasized by both that Gray could not have obtained the \$96,000 insurance on Albert Snyder's life unless he got it from Mrs. Snyder. She previously had said that Gray's motive was this insurance. Asked how she thought Gray would have collected the insurance, Mrs. Snyder said: "He would have got it out of me just like he got other money."

She referred to several hundred dollars she said Gray had borrowed, but hadn't repaid.

She Paid the Premiums.

The cross-examinations brought out that Mrs. Snyder paid the premiums on the insurance, and kept in a safe deposit box the policies, receipts and cancelled checks. The State endeavored to learn whether Albert Snyder had knowledge that his life was insured by two policies aggregating \$96,000, amounting to \$96,000 in case of death by accident by virtue of a double indemnity clause, but this point was not made clear by Mrs. Snyder.

The State maintained, as did Gray's counsel, that Albert Snyder signed blank policies. Mrs. Snyder's answers also left this point vague. But the State, through thundering questions from Assistant District Attorney Froessel, established that nearly one-half of the weekly allowance of \$85 that Albert Snyder gave her out of his \$115 weekly salary was required to pay life insurance premiums. Mrs. Snyder said she did not know she was the beneficiary of these policies, but retracted this statement when Froessel ridiculed it.

Mrs. Snyder's assertion that she tried, after making two premium payments, to cancel the policies and finally decided to maintain them for three years in order to collect their cash surrender value, also was subjected to close examination. Froessel pointed out to her that she would be paying \$2,612 to collect \$850. Mrs. Snyder said the matter had not been explained to her that way.

Evidence was adduced by counsel for Mrs. Snyder to show that she had

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## PRESIDENT RAISES APPEAL FOR FLOOD AID TO \$10,000,000

### Proclaims Grave Crisis With 200,000 Driven From Homes.

President Coolidge yesterday personally appealed to the nation to increase its contribution for the stricken population in the wake of the Mississippi flood to a minimum of \$10,000,000, following a conference with Secretary Hoover, who returned from a visit to the inundated territory earlier in the day.

The President's plea for additional funds was issued soon after an announcement from national headquarters of the Red Cross, which asked every local chapter in the country to double its quota for relief work. In his proclamation the chief executive drew attention to the fact that "because of the vast increase in the flooded area, the sum already called for will prove insufficient" and emphasized the necessity of doubling quotas originally assigned as a minimum to the various communities. He concluded his appeal by urging all citizens "to give promptly and most generously, so that sufficient funds may be received to alleviate the suffering among so many thousands."

Coolidge Issue Proclamation.

The text of President Coolidge's proclamation follows:

To the People of the United States:

"The situation in the Mississippi valley has developed into a grave crisis affecting a wide area in several States. There are now more than 200,000 flood refugees who have been driven from their homes. This number is being increased daily as fresh breaks in the levees inundate the country on either side of the river driving the inhabitants to points of safety."

"These refugees are being fed, sheltered and clothed by the American Red Cross and other organizations."

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## German Woman Held As Spy by England

London, May 3 (By A. P.).—Considerable mystery surrounds a pretty young German typist, 28 years old, who was prosecuted today under the name of "Ethel Chiles" for conspiring to obtain a British passport under false pretenses, but who Scotland Yard claims has been "engaged in espionage against a friendly foreign power." She was sentenced to two months imprisonment and recommended for deportation to Germany.

The woman refused to talk, and police gave no details of the alleged espionage. She is said to have been in numerous countries since 1925, including Canada. Police said her real name was Kate Gussfeldt.

## Princess Juliana, 18, Now in Privy Council

The Hague, May 3 (By A. P.).—With Queen Wilhelmina presiding, Princess Juliana, who attained her majority last Saturday, today was ceremoniously inducted to the privy council in which she is entitled to membership by virtue of reaching the age of 18.

## \$200,000 Is Paid for Seat On Exchange in New York

New York, May 3 (By A. P.).—Sale of a membership on the New York Stock Exchange was arranged today at the record-breaking price of \$200,000. This represents a gain of \$30,000 over the low figure of this year, and an appreciation of nearly 600 per cent since 1914, when seats on the exchange sold as low as \$34,000.

In the closing days of last week one seat was sold for \$192,000, one for \$194,000 and two for \$195,000 each. After the \$200,000 sale today, another membership changed hands at \$196,000. The names of the buyers and sellers in these six transactions will not be revealed until after the meeting of the board of governors on Thursday.

Membership on the New York Stock

## HOOPER WOULD BAN LOANS FOR MILITARY PURPOSES ABROAD

### Asserts America Should Limit Foreign Lending to Productive Aims.

### LAMONT HITS RASH SCRAMBLE BY BANKS

### Morgan Partner Says Excessive Offerings of Funds Are Demoralizing.

A new policy covering international loans was proposed yesterday by Secretary of Commerce Hoover in an address before the third Pan-American conference in the Pan-American Union building.

Nations should be granted loans only when they propose to use the money for productive enterprises, Secretary Hoover said.

They should not be granted loans, he said, when they plan to use the borrowed money for military equipment or for war purposes.

Secretary Hoover, who hurried here from the scene of the great Mississippi flood, was given an ovation when he took the speaker's stand, and another when he enunciated his loan policy.

"There could be no greater step taken in the prevention of war itself," the Commerce head said, regarding his proposed policy, and "a great number of blessings would follow to the entire world."

Lamont Scores Rash Lending.

Secretary Hoover's speech might very well have been aimed at a group of American bankers and firms which was described last night by Thomas W. Lamont, member of the J. Pierpont Morgan Co., of New York.

Mr. Lamont spoke at the dinner tendered the delegates by the International Chamber of Commerce, taking as his topic, "America's Foreign Investments." Calling attention to the need of avoiding "rash or excessive lending," he said:

"I have in mind the reports that I have recently heard of American bankers and firms competing on almost a violent scale for the purpose of obtaining loans in various foreign money markets overseas. Naturally it is a tempting thing for certain of the European governments to find a horde of American bankers sitting on their doorsteps offering them money."

"It is rather demoralizing for municipalities and corporations in the same countries to have money pressed upon them. That sort of competition tends to insecurity and unsound practice."

Would Expedite Trade.

The delegates from the 21 Pan-American republics yesterday moved to achieve one of the purposes of their conference—the removal of consular barriers to the smooth flow of trade among the various countries.

The delegates of Mexico and Brazil took the initiative in this matter. They introduced a resolution calling for the

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COLUMN 1.)

## GIRL SWIMMER DIES IN RESCUE ATTEMPT

### Man Also Drowns After Two Cling to Their Overturned Boat.

Spokane, Wash., May 2 (By A. P.).—Miss Irene Jackson, 22 years old, an expert swimmer, sacrificed her life yesterday in an unsuccessful effort to assist in saving her aged friend, Patrick J. Dowling, when their boat overturned in the frigid waters of Hayden lake near here.

C. H. Wells, president of an automobile company here, only survivor of the party of three, said Miss Jackson spurred the plea of the men that she save herself by swimming a half mile to shore.

All clung to the craft for nearly three hours, when the girl and Dowling were washed away.

Wells was rescued shortly afterward by a steamer. Though delirious and suffering from exposure, he was expected to recover. All lived here. Dowling was 67 years old.

The parties who committed the crime concealed it successfully until today.

It is now generally believed that the Baker boy was struck on an automobile, and the parties, fearing prosecution, picked up his body and later disposed of it in the river. A thorough investigation is being conducted in the hope of finding the guilty parties.

## X-Ray Reveals Liquor Under Hay in Wagon

Los Angeles, May 3 (By A. P.).—Prohibition sleuths borrowed a trick from science yesterday in locating 25 cases of whisky in a truck of baled hay without doing any heavy work.

The dry agents, accompanied by R. H. Milligan, X-ray specialist, stopped a hay wagon near El Monte. The driver was ordered to come down from his high seat while the officers set up a portable X-ray and fluoroscope which revealed the hidden contraband.

The driver, Gus Popadakis, was arrested on a charge of transporting liquor.

## GOOD-WILL FLIER DECORATED BY COOLIDGE



Upper—President Coolidge presenting the certificate of the Distinguished Flying Medal to Maj. Herbert A. Dargue, Pan-American flight commander. With the President, left to right, are: Secretary of War Davis, Secretary of the Navy Wilbur and Secretary of State Kellogg. Lower—The good-will planes, the St. Louis, San Francisco, San Antonio, and New York II, just after landing at Bolling field, completing their 20,470-mile Pan-American flight.

## BAKER BOY'S BODY FOUND IN RIVER, SEWED IN SACK

### Fredericksburg Lad's Legs Broken, Hand Cut Off and Skull Fractured.

### MISSING SINCE FEB. 22

Fredericksburg, Va., May 2.—The body of Albert Baker, 9-year-old boy, missing from his home here since February 22, was found in the Rappahannock river 6 miles from here this afternoon by two fishermen. The body was in a badly mutilated condition and was tied in a bag and weighted down with rocks, but the sack and its contents had been washed ashore. Brought to this city by police officers, the body was identified by the lad's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Y. Baker. The identification was positive. The lad's body was horribly mutilated, both legs being broken and his right hand entirely severed and missing from the bag. His skull was fractured.

Mayor J. Garrett King has called in two detectives to aid local police in an effort to solve the crime. The boy disappeared in the afternoon from one of the principal streets of the city, leaving not the slightest trace. After a local hunt had proved fruitless, the search was extended until it reached nation-wide proportions. Police in hundreds of cities maintained a lookout for the boy. Radio stations broadcast the story of his strange disappearance and people far and near took a deep interest in the baffling case.

Fortune tellers and clairvoyants tried in vain to throw some light on the mystery. Rewards totaling \$600 were offered for the return of the boy, and Gov. Harry F. Byrd, moved by the pathetic case, issued an appeal to the people of the State to aid in the search. For more than two months since the boy vanished his parents have held steadfast to the belief that he would be found.

A few weeks after the lad disappeared, his grandmother, who lived with the Baker family, died from a clot on the brain brought on by worry and anxiety over the loss of her grandson.

The parties who committed the crime concealed it successfully until today. It is now generally believed that the Baker boy was struck on an automobile, and the parties, fearing prosecution, picked up his body and later disposed of it in the river. A thorough investigation is being conducted in the hope of finding the guilty parties.

## FEDERALSHIP ORDERED SEIZED AGAIN BY U. S.

San Francisco, May 2 (By A. P.).—Henry E. Farmer, acting collector of customs, announced today that he had been ordered by Lincoln C. Andrews, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to "retain and hold" the Canadian liquor carrier Federalship. No reason for the action was given in the message, which was communicated to George J. Hatfield, United States district attorney.

The Federalship was to have cleared port tomorrow technically to sail for Buena Ventura, Colombia, with her \$1,000,000 liquor cargo. She was seized by coast guard vessels last March while 270 miles off the California coast. The Federal ship declared the seizure "sheer transgression," and ordered the release of the ship, her crew and cargo.

The Federalship is operated under Panamanian registry. Her liquor cargo was loaded at Vancouver, B. C., and most of her crew are British subjects. Both the Panama and Canadian governments have interested themselves in her case through the State Department at Washington.

The telegram from Washington stated that the Federalship must be detained "until such time as the present negotiations with Panama have reached fruition."

## Rum Ship, Previously Cleared, Was Preparing to Put to Sea in Pacific.

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## Fascist Secretary Is Target of Bomb

### Milan, Italy, May 2 (By A. P.).—A bomb was thrown at Luigi de Meli, secretary of the local fascist organization in the Galarate district, as he was entering his home today near here. He was not hurt.

### STRAY SHOT KILLS MAN IN GIRL'S LAP

Bradley Beach, N. J., May 2 (By A. P.).—A stray shot today was believed by police to have caused the death of Arnold Bennett, 19, of Belmar, who was shot while riding on the lap of a girl companion in a crowded roadster in Main street.

Police swung to the theory of a stray shot when they were unable to find any possible motive for the shooting. The party of five persons were returning from an American Legion dance in Belmar.

As they passed the Palace theater in the heart of the town's business section, a shot rang out. William J. Donigan, 20, of Belmar, who was driving, thought a tire had blown out. Mary Martin, 17, of Neptune, who was holding Bennett on her lap discovered blood on her sleeve and screamed that something had happened to him. He died before a hospital could be reached. A bullet entered the base of the skull, severing the spinal cord.

The witnesses were reported as certain only that large quantities of liquor were imbibed at the party, prior to the slaying of Kerrick. Some of them said Mrs. Kerrick had a pistol in her hand after the shooting. She previously had told the police that she was holding a pistol belonging to Hunter when it was fired during a scuffle with her husband and some other members of the party. She collapsed several times while relating her story to the grand jury.

A table about which the participants in the drinking party were gathered in the Kerrick home at the time of the shooting also was examined by the grand jury and attempts were made to trace the source of the bullet.

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## CIVIL SERVICE DATA PROTECTED BY COURT

The records of the civil service commission are not public records and may not be inspected by any citizen or taxpayer without permission either from the commission or the President of the United States, according to a decision yesterday by the District of Columbia Court of Appeals.

The decision affirms the decree of the lower court by which Dr. Ellery C. Stowell, president of the Better Government League, of this city, was refused a writ of mandamus against the commission to compel the latter to either permit him to inspect the records or furnish him with a list of temporary employees under the classified service.

The commission offered two principal objections to Dr. Stowell's demand. One objection was that the commission is a board of advisers to the President and hence as agents of the President were not subject to orders from any court. The other objection was that it was impracticable and that it was a nuisance to permit the inspection desired by Dr. Stowell, not only because of the lack of means to expedite such an inspection but because many of the records contained confidential information. Assistant District Attorney Leo A. Rover appeared for the civil service commission.

The Pan-American fliers came home from distant skies yesterday to receive their need for a job well done. Two of them arrived home several weeks ago wrapped in the flag for which they died.

President and Mrs. Coolidge, high government and military officials and a crowd of several thousand, awaited at Bolling field the arrival of Maj. Herbert A. Dargue and his squadron of good-will survivors, and their reception was one of enthusiasm, which it is the wont of this nation to give its soldiers who go out on missions and return. But the fifth plane was missing from the procession as it appeared from the South shortly before 5 o'clock, a gap that all of the escorting planes could not fill and a gap that took a note of gaiety from the reception.

It was a gap that affected the formation of the returning ships, riding high over the Potomac river and into the blazing face of the western sun. For they flew in the shape of a diamond, their slate colored fuselages and yellow hued wings touched by the dying sun. And there were five instead of four of those ships to return, they would flow in an arrow daring across the sky.

12 Planes Do Escort Duty.

It was as spearheads that the four groups of escorts appeared. Twelve planes in all came from Langley field as company for the good-will fliers on the last leg of their trip. Once they had brought the distinguished fliers over the field and back again they withdrew and scattered in the gray spotted clouds as a bunch of runaway kids might break loose from their mothers' apron strings.

Bolling field, now alive with the purring motors from aircraft of every conceivable design, gathered here for the National Aeronautical association's exhibition, was preparing for the reception hours long before the fliers arrived. Gay bunting and the flags of all nations, with those to the South predominating, flung easily in the rippling breeze. They were hung from the frame buildings that dot the field, from the stand which had been set up for the President, and in profusion from a captive "sausage," a wide silver ribbon that lay up against the sky.

Thousands of people came early to the field by special invitation and otherwise and made several tiers of automobiles to lie just off the wide landing field. Diplomats from all the South and Central American countries, their formal black frock coats contrasting with the gaudy hues of their military attaches, were seated on an improvised stand just back of that prepared for the President. There, too, sat the wives of five of the returning fliers and the mother of one, Maj. Dargue. The khaki-clad force that is maintained at the field was all on duty, directing traffic and maintaining military lines.

Salute Prematurely Boomed.

There was an erroneous report that the President and his party were coming at about 4:30 o'clock and the artillery boomed its 21-gun salute. As it developed the President and Mrs. Coolidge, accompanied by Secretary of War Davis, Secretary of State Kellogg and Secretary of the Navy Wilbur, arrived just as the fliers appeared.

The and they not only short-handed of ammunition, however, for their guns spoke another salute. Maj. Gen. Charles P. Summerall joined the President in his box as the air squadron moved majestically across the sky, the four good-will amphibians out in front, and the four groups of escorting "Vs" flying above and to the rear.

The President came to stand alone on the steps of his stand as the fliers got directly over the field and friendly clouds shuffled over to screen the sun, which was directly in the eye. The army band played the "Stars and Stripes Forever" as the planes swept with a soft, far away roar, down the length of the field. Then they turned to come back, many thousands feet in the air, and at the southern end of the field, the 16 planes opened out like two layers of a great fan, half turning to the east and half to the west.

Now, as the planes San Antonio, San Francisco and the St. Louis marked time high up against the skies, the New York II, with Maj. Dargue and Lieut. Ennis C. Whitehead, lifted altitude midway the field and its big rubber-tired wheels touched the ground, jotted along for a few spaces, turned and came to face the President at exactly 5 o'clock.

Lieut. Whitehead was the first of the two begoggled bundles, stuck far down in the cockpit, to take human form. He rose from his seat, threw back his helmet and stretched. Then he and Maj. Dargue climbed over the sides to the ground. For them the business of flying.

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## COOLIDGE GREETES GOOD WILL FLIERS REACHING CAPITAL

### Each Aviator Awarded Distinguished Flying Citation.

### CRAFT ARE ESCORTED FROM LANGLEY FIELD

### Bolling Grounds Decorated for Occasion; High Officials and Diplomats There.

By CARLISLE BARGERON.

The Pan-American fliers came home from distant skies yesterday to receive their need for a job well done. Two of them arrived home several weeks ago wrapped in the flag for which they died.

President and Mrs. Coolidge, high government and military officials and a crowd of several thousand, awaited at Bolling field the arrival of Maj. Herbert A. Dargue and his squadron of good-will survivors, and their reception was one of enthusiasm, which it is the wont of this nation to give its soldiers who go out on missions and return. But the fifth plane was missing from the procession as it appeared from the South shortly before 5 o'clock, a gap that all of the escorting planes could not fill and a gap that took a note of gaiety from the reception.

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## BUILDING INDUSTRY REFORMS FORECAST AT EXPERTS' SESSION

Responsibility for Conditions  
Placed on Great Competi-  
tion of Trade.

### MARSHALL DEPRECATES "WORSHIP OF LOW BID"

No Consideration Given to  
Skill and Responsibility,  
He Declares.

Determined efforts to rid the construction industry of practices which cause building operations to suffer unnecessary costs and delays soon are to be made. This was indicated last night at a session of the conference of construction experts being held this week under the auspices of the Associated General Contractors of America at the Washington hotel.

Speakers emphasized the fact that all elements of the construction industry share with the building public in violations of generally accepted rules of ethical practice and sound business conduct.

"The construction industry is the most highly competitive industry in the United States," declared D. A. Garber, New York, "and the responsibility for many existing conditions was placed upon this fact."

"No code of ethical practice can be set up and adhered to by general contractors until the building public, architects, engineers, subcontractors, material dealers and others with whom the contractors have business relationships become devoted to sound practices within their own spheres of operation," said W. A. Rogers, Chicago.

It was pointed out that present methods followed in the awarding of bids force the building public to "a blind worship of the low bid."

No consideration to skill.

"Under these conditions," declared Brig. Gen. R. C. Marshall, Jr., Washington, "no consideration is given to the skill, integrity and responsibility of those who submit bids. The present practice involves the purchase of a 'price' and not of first-class construction services. Were irresponsible bidders who do not possess the finances or experience necessary to do good construction work routed from the field, the building public would obtain generally lower prices for a first-class product. These lower prices would be brought about by stabilization of conditions governing operations of men who know how to do their work and can do it."

The highway builders will meet in separate sessions today, as will also the construction of buildings, public works and railroads.

Highway Meeting Sited.

The highway meeting is scheduled to discuss a variety of subjects, including the qualification of bidders, before letting of contracts; arbitration; present bonding practices; and the present trend of highway prices.

Establishment of an intensive campaign for prevention of accidents will be discussed in other sectional meetings, as also will be the improvement of quality of plans and specifications and surveys of materials.

This morning members of the families of those attending the conference will be guests on an automobile trip to Harpers Ferry.

Delegates to the conference tonight will attend the joint general session of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States and the third Pan-American commercial conference.

### Neighborhood House Honors Cuno Rudolph

Cuno H. Rudolph, former District commissioner, was the guest of honor at the twenty-fifth anniversary dinner of the Neighborhood House held at the settlement house, 470 N. Street southwest, last night.

Mr. Rudolph urged those present to give cooperation to the home. He told of the first playground for children established in 1902, others who spoke were Mrs. Wilbur J. Carr, toastmaster; Miss Ellen A. Vinton, chairman; Mrs. Clara D. Neill, hostess; Miss Amy C. Leavitt, Wallace Hatch, Miss Emily A. Spillman, Miss Kate Estey, Miss Edith Hall, Frank Kimmell, Mrs. Keith Merrill, Hymen Stern, Mrs. John Dietz and Mrs. John Murray. Letters from the following who engaged in the founding of the institution were read: George M. Kober, Mrs. Henry T. Rainey and Dr. William J. French, of Vienna.

## ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION FAILS HIM

### WOMAN MAY IDENTIFY BOY, WHOSE LUNGS VICTIM OF AMNESIA COLLAPSED, SINKING

Telephones She Thinks She Scant Hope Now Held for  
Recognizes "Mr. X" From  
Printed Picture.

This morning is expected to be the day for the identification of the amnesia victim at Gallinger hospital, who is known as "Mr. X." Since Friday afternoon, when "Mr. X" walked into the First precinct police station and asked the desk sergeant "Who Am I?" the identity of the man, apparently about 65 years old, has been a mystery. Physicians at Gallinger hospital, where "Mr. X" was taken for treatment, have tried various scientific methods to restore his memory, but without result.

Yesterday, however, while physicians were talking to the amnesia victim, a woman called Dr. Thomas Ballard, of the hospital staff, on the telephone. She told him she had seen a printed picture of the mysterious "Mr. X" and knew his identity. Before Dr. Ballard could question her, she told him she would call at the hospital this morning and identify "Mr. X."

St. David Society  
To Hear Educator

Sir Alfred Thomas Davies, former permanent secretary of the Welsh department, British board of education, will address the St. David's society tonight in the Wilson Normal school. Lady Davies will be present as a guest. Sir Alfred will speak on "Education in Wales."

Other speakers will be Mrs. Eunice J. Thomas, Fred L. Harries and Mrs. E. J. Jones. Miss Margaret Morgan, Mrs. Lydia Hughes Bowne, William J. Hughes and David E. Roberts will give musical selections. Mrs. Margaret Hughes, who is 82 years old, will read one of her poems. Dr. Robert J. Jones will introduce the speakers.

Officers Are Elected  
By Graduate Nurses

The Graduate Nurses association of the District of Columbia yesterday elected: President, Maj. Julia C. Stimson; vice president, Malinda Hayes; corresponding secretary, Annabelle Peterson; recording secretary, Catherine Moran; treasurer, Bettye W. Mayer; counsellors, Gertrude H. Bowling and Blanche Kraus.

Delegates to the District of Columbia Federation of Women's clubs, Barbara Sandmeyer and alternate, Marguerite Reilly; Catherine Q. Larner and alternate, Catherine E. O'Donnell; Elizabeth Kimball and alternate, Elsie V. Kraus.

12:04 a. m.—Fourteenth street and Columbia boulevard; automobile.

1:48 p. m.—1805 Biltmore street northwest; short circuit in switch box.

2:13 p. m.—1890 L street northwest; oil barrel.

6:29 p. m.—1215 Wylie street northeast; 8:27 p. m.—1 and 3 Fenton street northeast; shade.

## PLANE EXHIBITION ON BOILING FIELD

### Planes Costing From \$2,000 to \$40,000 Shown in Aero- nautical Display.

MAKERS AND NATION  
SHOW PROGRESS MADE

Accessory Field Represented;  
Massed Flight Today to  
Baltimore and Return.

Aircraft of every design, from the small family conveniences to the luxurious cabins, were put on exhibition at Bolling field yesterday, the opening day of the "All-America Aircraft" show held under the auspices of the National Aeronautical association and the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce. Ranging in price from \$2,000 to \$40,000, the exhibits take up two of the large hangars of the field.

One of the exhibits, contributed by the government, is the army Curtiss racer, which won the Pulitzer prize in New York in October, 1925, making a speed of 250 miles an hour. It was piloted by Lieut. Cyrus K. Bettis, who subsequently was fatally injured in a crash. Later as a seaplane, it won the Schneider trophy at Baltimore with a speed of 231 miles an hour. Lieut. James H. Doolittle had the helm then.

Several commercial planes arrived yesterday and more are to arrive today. They reflect the latest word in air travel, fashioned as sedans and cabin cruisers. The nation's leading plane manufacturers have exhibits, among them being Curtiss, Pratt & Whitney, Packard, and the Wrights. Ford interests. The Ford bimetal plane is represented and there is also a Hamilton monoplane, Travel Air, Waco and Laird planes are also in evidence.

The Postoffice Department has an attractive exhibit showing the working of the transcontinental air mail route in model and photograph. The department of Agriculture has a booth showing the uses to which it has put its single and two-seater planes.

The accessory field is represented all the way from flying equipment to the engines that run the planes. The Pratt & Whitney, Packard, and the Wrights. Ford interests. The Ford bimetal plane is represented and there is also a Hamilton monoplane, Travel Air, Waco and Laird planes are also in evidence.

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## Chamber of Commerce Program

Today's program of the fifteenth annual meeting of the United States Chamber of Commerce follows:

Opening of general session at 10 a. m., in the Chamber of Commerce building.

Appointment of committees on resolutions and credentials.

Reports of national council and board of directors.

Annual address by John W. O'Leary, president of the chamber.

Address by Haley Fluke, president, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.

Special luncheon meetings, 1 p. m. Agricultural session, Mayflower hotel.

Civic development session, Washington hotel.

Finance session, Washington hotel.

Insurance session, Willard hotel.

Manufacturing session, Willard hotel.

Dinner meetings, 6 p. m. National Association of Commercial Organization Secretaries, Willard hotel.

American Trade Association Executives, Mayflower hotel.

Joint general session with third Pan-American commercial conference, 8:30 p. m., at the Washington auditorium.

Address by the President of the United States.

Reception and dance at 10 p. m. at the Chamber of Commerce building.

GOOD-WILL AVIATORS  
GREETED BY COOLIDGE

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

ing 20,470 miles, through skies that know no rain and others that know nothing else, was done.

Secretary of War Davis, Assistant Secretary Davidson, Secretaries Wilbur and Kellogg and Maj. Gen. Sumnerall and Maj. Gen. Mason M. Patrick, chief of the army air service, walked out to the field to greet the fliers, remaining there until the while the McDaniel and Lieut. Charles McK. Robinson came down, and then the San Francisco with Capt. Ira C. Eaker and Lieut. Muir S. Fairchild and finally the St. Louis, with Lieut. Bernard S. Thompson and Lieut. Arthur B. McDaniel.

Now with the fliers on home grounds, drawn up side by side and facing the President, he held a long and friendly talk with their green breasts suggesting huge frogs about to leap, the President walked out to join the group, accompanied by a host of newspapermen and photographers.

Maj. Dargue stepped forward, his face ruddy from the long hours of tropical air, and he greeted the fliers.

Major Delivers Messages.

"Mr. President," he said, "you gave us a mission of good-will to perform. I hope we have done it to your satisfaction. We carried messages from you to the countries we visited, and we brought back to you the pleasure with which they were received."

His seven bronzed comrades stood at his side. Then he handed the President the reciprocal messages of good-will which he had brought back.

President Coolidge, in a brief speech, wishing the fliers a safe return, said: "I thank you, Maj. Dargue." That was all.

Then in turn, the President called the fliers by name and presented them with certificates of the newly created distinguished flying corps.

There, then, was an apparently endless round of camera clicking and posing this way and that, and then the returning fliers were loosed to the impatient arms of families and friends.

Thus their latest assignment from the military air service, that of spreading friendly sentiments to all the nations of the world, came to an end.

Being gathered up and acclaimed by enthusiastic and admiring people, is something to which they had come to expect. They were in for more than four months of air jaunt. But the arms which embraced them at the end yesterday were those whose touch they loved.

Grover C. Loening, of New York, designer of the plane, was one of the enthusiastic crowd to greet the fliers.

"Maj. Dargue and his companions are to be congratulated on their splendid accomplishment," he said. "They have blazed new trails for the service, and some day we shall see aircraft making regular scheduled trips from the North to the South."

MURDER IS CHARGED  
IN FATAL STABBING

Holt Is Indicted in Death of  
Gibson Following Dice  
Game.

John Holt, alias John N. Holt, was indicted yesterday on a charge of second degree murder in connection with the death of Ernest Gibson on April 10. Gibson was stabbed in the neck near Fourth and Q streets northwest following a dice game.

Mattie Stevenson, colored, was indicted on a charge of mayhem.

She was charged with having aided and abetted Holt in the fatal stabbing of Carrie M. Rodgers at Sixteenth and S streets northwest on March 19.

Austin I. Jarboe and William F. Deem were indicted on a charge of violating the smoke screen law. These defendants were arrested on April 18 at Fifteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Jarboe had been shot in the head. He lost control of the automobile, which the police say was equipped with a smoke screen device, and crashed into a porch.

The names of other persons indicted and the charges against them will be found in the daily legal record of "The Post."

Frech, War Office  
Employe, 80 Years Old

Jacob Frech, a chief of division in the adjutant general's office, War Department, whose service with the government approximates 64 years, received congratulations of the chief clerk and assistant clerk of the department yesterday on his eightieth birthday.

Mr. Frech was born in Walzburg, Bavaria, in 1847, and entered government service in 1861 in the War Department. He has been retained in service after reaching retirement age for four periods of two years each.

Kallipolis Grotto  
Holds Ceremonial

Gratz E. Dunkum, grand master of Masons of the District of Columbia, addressed the members of Kallipolis Grotto at its spring ceremonial held last evening at the National auditorium.

Following the initiation of candidates a program of music and entertainment was enjoyed, the grotto band furnishing the music. Monarch Stephen H. Talles presided at the ceremony.

## INTERNATIONAL NEW BY INDUSTRY URGED AT TRADE MEETING

### Roy D. Chapin Addresses World-Wide Chamber of Commerce Committee.

PREDICTS BIG STRUGGLE  
FOR FOREIGN MARKETS

Purpose Would Be to Enlarge  
Production Demand, He  
Declares.

Organization of industries on an international basis, with a view to greater world production, and improvement of international competitive ethics, was proposed last night by Roy D. Chapin, president of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, speaking before the seventh annual dinner of the American committee of the International Chamber of Commerce at the Mayflower hotel.

"The time now has arrived when an international viewpoint is necessary for the long-range future of our export trade," Mr. Chapin told the delegates. The next five years will see European and American manufacturers in a great struggle for world markets," he said, declaring that America's productive facilities have out-run the domestic demand.

"It is mass salesmanship is a success in this country and the world markets are being expanded to keep the production capacity busy, why not unite the mass salesmanship of the world?" he asked. "Why should not our organized industries combine their efforts with European and other manufacturing countries to increase legitimately the world consumption?"

Would Keep More Trade.

"This is entirely different than any combination to divide up the trade of the world," he said. "Its purpose would be to enlarge world demand and keep all production facilities busy."

Mr. Chapin declared out-throat competition means selling methods that make for hatred, profits lowered or wiped away, and reduced wages.

"Here," he said, "is a common ground upon which the nations of the world can meet, breaking down the natural suspicion of competitors, raising the code of international competitive ethics and making world mass salesmanship increase the wealth not of a few countries, but of all countries."

Julius H. Barnes, member of the American committee of the International chamber, presided in the absence of Owen D. Young, its chairman.

To facilitate the "inter-American circuit" is to labor for the interests of both American continents, Senator Don Ricardo J. Alfaro, Minister from Panama, told the delegates in an unhesitant address given in Spanish. He declared the northern and southern continents are not enemies, but are not live one without the other.

Warning against competition in international trade, and discussing the present fiscal situation of the United States with other nations of the world, Thomas W. Lamont, of J. P. Morgan & Co., also spoke.

Plans for the congress of the International Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm, June 27 to July 2, were discussed by Willis H. Booth, vice president of the United States Chamber of Commerce, who said the states now represented in the Pan-American union are virtually only the commercial nations not active in the deliberations of the international chamber, he told the delegates.

Annual Meeting Today.

Paving the way for the formal opening of the annual meeting of the United States Chamber of Commerce, more than 700 national councilors, representing trade organizations and chambers of commerce in all sections of the country, yesterday nominated men for directors to fill the seventeen vacancies on the board of the national organization.

Directors nominated, whose formal election will take place Thursday in general session, were as follows:

First district, Stanley H. Bullard, Bridgeport, Conn.; second district, Philip H. Gadsden, Philadelphia; third district, William Candler, Atlanta; fourth district, William Pratt, New Orleans; fifth district, J. G. Leigh, Little Rock, Ark.; sixth district, Robert P. Lamont, Chicago; seventh district, E. T. Meredith, Des Moines, Iowa; eighth district, Dwight B. Heard, Phoenix, Ariz.; ninth district, Everett G. Griggs, Tacoma, Wash.

Civic development department, Charles W. Lonsdale, Kansas City, Mo.; domestic distribution, Edward P. Peck, Omaha, Neb.; finance, John G. Lonsdale, St. Louis; foreign commerce, Walter M. Daniel, Havana; insurance, H. A. Smith, Hartford, Conn.; manufacture, A. J. Brossard, New York city; natural resources production, Matthew S. Sloan, Brooklyn, and transportation and com-

## HOOPER WOULD HALT LOANS FOR MILITARY BUDGETS ABROAD

### Commercial Congress Program

Today's program of the third Pan-American commercial conference follows:

10 a. m.—Session of the conference in the Hall of the Americas of the Pan-American union.

1 p. m.—Luncheon at the Willard hotel, tendered to the delegates by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

2:30 p. m.—Session of the conference in the Hall of the Americas.

8:15 p. m.—Joint session with the Chamber of Commerce of the United States at the Washington auditorium, New York avenue and Ninth street northwest, at which President Coolidge will deliver an address.

10 p. m.—Reception to the delegates by the Chamber of Commerce at its home, 1615 H street northwest.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

appointment of a committee to study the problem of trade barriers and to recommend a solution. This committee would be composed of representatives of the 21 republics involved. The resolution providing for such a committee will come before the conference tomorrow.

Francisco Suastegui, commercial attaché of the Mexican embassy, warned the delegates that the simplification of customs procedure, it should bear in mind the peculiar conditions that exist in the various countries.

Urges Mexico's Long Coasts.

Mexico has a great frontier and long sea coasts, he said, and has to contend with an immense amount of smuggling. Her customs regulations, he said, are largely aimed at this smuggling. If this involves a large amount of "red tape," he said, so does the efforts of the United States to guard against smuggling involve a lot of red tape. His only purpose in mentioning this, he said, was to have the conference adopt ratification of the customs union to send in the names of their selections.

President Coolidge will address the 400 delegates at a joint session of the Pan-American commercial conference and the United States Chamber of Commerce in the Washington auditorium tonight.

Anthems of 21 Nations  
To Be Played at Parley









## THEY always travel on the Berengaria...

THEY are those persons accomplished in the art of gentle living... who know at what hotels to stop... what food to order—and what persons to meet.

THEY travel on the BERENGARIA because it is like crossing the Atlantic in the London Ritz or Claridge's...

The BERENGARIA has that same smartly correct London atmosphere... about her exquisite salons is that same sense of genial nonchalance that characterizes a Mayfair drawing room...

Her surprisingly lovely suites with beds and private baths have the same indefinable touch of elegance... her perfectly trained English stewards seem to anticipate guests' wishes.

THEY, finally, feel they are making no sacrifices... of ease, of elegance, of sophistication... Park Avenue at sea... That is why THEY always travel on the BERENGARIA.

# CUNARD LINE



Your Local Agent or

1406 H St. N.W., Washington, D. C.

## COOLIDGE ACCEPTS FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR POLICY IN CHINA

Direction Will Be From Washington Instead of From Diplomats at Peking.

MACMURRAY TO STAY; RESIGNATION DENIED

Course of U. S. Will Consult Nation's Interests Only; Approved by Kellogg.

By ALBERT W. FOX.

President Coolidge and Secretary of State Kellogg today took the responsibility of directing the United States government's Chinese policy in Washington instead of permitting this policy to be shaped by them by the American diplomatic corps in Peking. It was yesterday emphasized, explains the many and varied reports about the situation, that Kellogg, the unusual efforts which are being made in certain British quarters to cause the President and his Secretary of State to alter their policy.

On the other hand, it is pointed out, are the inspired reports that American Minister MacMurray disagrees with the State Department and favors a strong aggressive military policy as advocated by the British. Coupled with this come reports that the British municipal council accuses America of having deserted her allies, that interested business men in China regard the American policy as a grave mistake, that American consuls side with MacMurray and that concerted action by the powers is being handicapped because Mr. Coolidge and Mr. Kellogg will not follow the recommendations from Peking.

Cause Held Beneficial.

On the other hand, come reports that the American policy, as shaped and carried out in Washington, has done more to save the situation and prevent a spreading of conflict and anti-foreignism than all the other moves so far made in the delicate and complicated situation. Each day brings fresh evidence from responsible quarters that the United States has really adopted a far-sighted and statesmanlike course of action which incidentally will be followed probably by other powers, including perhaps the British. Anyway, the controlling policy of the United States now being shaped in Washington, London, Tokyo, Paris and Rome, and the Peking diplomatic corps or "little league of nations," as it is sometimes called, is going to be told what to do instead of telling the various powers what must be done.

Widely published reports that Mr. MacMurray is about to be recalled or is to resign were denied yesterday at the State Department. The fact that the Minister and Mr. Kellogg have been in disagreement over matters of policy does not imply any loss of confidence in Mr. MacMurray. It has been stressed here, as a skilled diplomat, that in his trust, Mr. MacMurray has made a good record, it is further pointed out. But this does not mean that either Mr. MacMurray or any other American ambassador or Minister for that matter, can count on controlling the State Department in matters of important foreign policies which have been carefully weighed at headquarters here, after all available information is studied. The directing force, it is further emphasized, is in the hands of the President, who relies chiefly, of course, on the advice of his Secretary of State.

Peking Corps Biased.

It is fully realized here that the Peking diplomatic corps has only a restricted and usually biased conception of any big problem which affects China. Sir Miles Lampson, the British Minister, is understood here to be one of the cleverest and shrewdest diplomats who has represented Great Britain in many a day. Sir Miles Lampson and Mr. MacMurray were counselors of legation in Peking at the same time in the old days. They were warm friends and later they were together at the Washington arms conference which took up Chinese affairs in 1921-22. Now they are Ministers at Peking and, to a great extent, dominant figures in the diplomatic corps. It is not unusual that they should keep in close touch and share the same views on many subjects.

It is assumed here that Secretary Kellogg, thoroughly acquainted with the close contacts between Mr. MacMurray and Sir Miles Lampson and understands that America benefits by the sources of information which are at Mr. MacMurray's disposal. But Mr. Kellogg himself has been in the diplomatic service and has been in a position fully to understand the usefulness of British persuasion when it is to the interest of Great Britain to influence American policies.

Kellogg Knows British Diplomacy.

As American Ambassador in London, Mr. Kellogg has ample opportunity to see British diplomats working at their best. Under the circumstances, it is admittedly not unusual for Mr. Kellogg to take joint British-American recommendations sympathetically, but at the same time to appraise them from the standpoint of American interests and from the standpoint of the future welfare and prestige of America. Apparently this is what the State Department is now doing in regard to development in China and the procedure represents the normal rather than the unusual method of conducting the foreign affairs of the nation.

Reports were current here yesterday that Admiral Mark L. Bristol will return from Turkey late this month or early in June and may be sent to China before September.

Higher Glass Tariff Urged Upon Coolidge

(By the Associated Press.)

An increase of 50 per cent in the tariff on plate window glass was urged on President Coolidge yesterday by Senator Reed, Republican, of Pennsylvania. Declaring that a number of companies had failed and that many have suspended dividends, Reed complained particularly of importations from Belgium and asked the President to have the tariff commission speed up its inquiry on these importations.

Woman Clerk Sues Employers.

Florence L. Stewart, 320 Oakdale street northwest, filed suit yesterday in circuit court against the National Benefit Insurance Co., 607 F street northwest, to recover \$10,000 damages for alleged personal injuries. Attorney Frederick and Bigelow the plaintiff says that on January 27, while employed as a file clerk by the insurance company, a file case fell on her.

BE AFRAID to be careless!

Why risk your valuables at home or in the office—when a safe deposit box can be rented for so little?

Federal American Bank

has a "super-safe" safe.

## MRS. SNYDER SHOUTS REPIES IN 15-HOUR CROSS-EXAMINATION

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

not only not killed her husband for his insurance, but that she had not wanted the insurance and tried to cancel it.

Other Men Are Mentioned.

Although names of other men were mentioned and embarrassing questions asked concerning them, Mrs. Snyder, her eyes flashing indignation, stuck to her story that Gray was the only man with whom she had violated her marital vows.

Albert Snyder, as his figure emerged from the long cross-examination, seemed a man far different from the one pictured by Mrs. Snyder in her direct testimony. He had, she said in her answers, never suspected her. He had never asked her what she did with money. He gave her \$35 of the \$115 he drew each week, kept her well dressed, provided shelter for her mother for seven years and did not complain about it. They owned their \$11,500 home, had a seven-passenger car which she drove when she pleased, and had a bungalow for the summer.

Froessel then, with more thundering questions, asked her if she had been faithful to her husband? "Yes," she replied.

You mean that you were not unfaithful to your husband? "I mean," Mrs. Snyder replied, "that my husband never knew."

Justice Questions Her.

The State had not arrived at the actual murder when court recessed. Justice Townsend Scudder asked Mrs. Snyder whether, knowing Gray was going to the night club, she had given him whiskey, entrance and a cash which she had notified police, asked neighbors for help or warned Albert Snyder to each question her answer was "No."

Attorneys ventured that the defense of Mrs. Snyder would be concluded tomorrow and that the Gray trial will stand either Tuesday afternoon or Wednesday morning. Lorraine, Mrs. Snyder's year-old daughter, is expected to testify tomorrow.

Direct Examination Ended.

Edgar F. Hazelton, Mrs. Snyder's lawyer, resumed the direct examination of his client immediately court convened this morning.

Gray, defendant, was bristled and more lively than on any day since the trial opened. He held his head erect and whispered with his counsel as Mrs. Snyder testified.

The witness had herself entirely in hand and spoke with cool assurance.

At 10:17 Hazelton completed his examination and asked Mr. Miller, for Gray, began cross-examination.

"Why did you put a quart of whisky under the pillow in your mother's room the night the murder was committed?"

"Because he asked me to."

"Did you receive a sack weight from Gray on March 1?"

"What did you do with it?" "I put it in the cellar."

"Why?" "Because I was going to give it back to him."

Did Not Warn Husband.

"Did you believe that was to be used in killing your husband?" "I didn't know."

"Why, if you knew he was going to use it to kill your husband, did you give it back to him?" "I didn't want anything that would hurt Gray."

"Did you warn your husband?" "No."

"Why?" "I thought I could argue Judd Gray out of his plan and avert any trouble at all."

"When you went to a card party that night why did you leave the back door open?" "Because I wanted to see him and end everything between us."

"Did you get your husband drunk at the party?" "I did not."

"Did you get your husband drunk?" "No."

"What was your husband's condition when you got home?" "Normal."

Intended to Get Rid of Gray.

"Isn't it true that when you went to that party you knew just what was going to happen?" "No. I fully intended to get rid of Judd Gray forever before he should do what he did do."

"Had Gray ever been in your mother's room before while Albert Snyder was in the house?"

"Why did you arrange for him to go there this time then?" "He arranged it."

"But you acceded?" "Yes."

"Why should Gray want to kill Albert Snyder?" "For the insurance my husband carried."

"But you were the beneficiary. He could only get the money through you?" "That is true, but he knew how to get money from me, he had done it frequently."

"Insurance is the only motive you can think of?" "Yes."

Sorry When He Was Killed.

"Did you ever tell Gray your husband had threatened your life?" "I told him my husband had threatened me."

"Why did you want to get rid of Albert Snyder?" "I didn't. Oh, I didn't."

"You were sorry when he was killed."

"I was."

As the questioning went on, Gray took more and more interest, finally turning his gaze directly on his former mistress and keeping it riveted on her. It was the first time he had looked at her since the trial began.

Millard next took up an instance when Albert Snyder was almost asphyxiated by a disconnected gas tube.

"That an accident, Ruth Snyder?" "It was. I tripped over the tube and did not notice it."

"Did you put a poison tablet in his medicine bottle?" "No, I did not."

"Did you take a label off a bottle of poison and tell your husband it was bismuth?" "What reason would I have for that?"

What Reason? She Asks.

"Do you want me to answer that question, Ruth Snyder?" (Silence.)

"Didn't you try to kill your husband several times?" "No."

"Didn't you tell Gray you wanted to get rid of Albert Snyder?" "Never."

"Ruth Snyder, why don't you tell the truth?"

Strenuous objection by counsel for the witness is sustained by court.

Mrs. Snyder was then handed the confession she made after her arrest

and admitted authenticity of her signature on it.

"What parts, if any, of this confession are true?"

"My name and address."

"What else?"

Reads Small Part of It.

She then began reading the confession aloud, omitting all such parts as she thought were incorrect. The result was an almost meaningless chain of unrelated words and phrases.

The parts about her meeting with Gray and her relations with him, she read in full.

She omitted from her reading all statements damaging to her and read all those placing guilt upon Gray. The parts of the confession she said were true comprised about one-tenth of the whole.

As she read Gray kept his head erect, but was no longer looking at her. He seemed to be sinking slowly back into the apathy of the past two weeks.

When Mrs. Snyder had finished reading, Justice Scudder asked why she went to bed on the night of the killing before going to meet Gray.

"Because I wanted to handle the matter alone, get Gray out of the house without my husband knowing anything about it."

The questioning circled back to Mrs. Snyder's meeting with Gray in her mother's room, continued from there to tell of her seeing the murder and trying to pull Gray from her husband's body.

She Breaks Into Tears.

As she reached the point in her story where she said she fainted and awoke to find her husband dead, she broke into tears.

She stifled her sobs to tell again her story, but she continued to weep. She made it appear that Snyder had been killed in a burglary.

"You won't see me for a couple of months now," she quoted Gray as saying. "The insurance won't be paid till then."

"And you went through with his plan?" "I didn't know where I was, confused and frightened."

"Isn't it true that in your mother's room you said to Judd Gray, 'Now is the time'?" "Yes."

"Didn't you say, 'Hurry, strike, when he hesitates'?" "No."

"Didn't you pour chloroform on your husband's pillow?" "No."

"Didn't you strangle him with wire?" "No."

"Snyder, how many lovers have you had besides Gray since your marriage?" "None."

"You took a ten-day trip with Gray, didn't you?" "Yes."

"Didn't you tell him on that trip that Albert Snyder must be got out of the way?" "I did not."

Money From Mother, She Says.

Assistant District Attorney Froessel, began cross-examination for the State.

"Did you ever have quarrels with your husband about your allowances?" "Yes."

"You had money in your own name in the bank?" "Yes."

"And where did you get this money?" "From my mother."

Froessel's questions were often asked at the witness and she shouted back with growing vigor.

"Money Gray borrowed from you—what account was that taken from?" "I don't know. Reports have been received from the front that conservative forces invading toward Teustepe from Boaco were forced to retreat when their ammunition was exhausted."

There was fighting in the vicinity of Teustepe yesterday without decisive result. The liberals on Saturday gathered entered Naranjo, on the railroad between Chinandega and Managua, a killing fourteen conservatives and gathering scores of rifles and much food before retreating. Conservative reinforcements proceeded to that place yesterday. American marines are stationed at Naranjo. Reports have been received from the front that conservative forces invading toward Teustepe from Boaco were forced to retreat when their ammunition was exhausted.

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Denies Betraying Confidence.

"And you betrayed that confidence?" "No."

"You betrayed him with Gray didn't you?" "Yes."

"Madame did you hate your husband?" "No."

"Love him?" "No."

The questioning then brought out that Snyder's boat, originally named the Jessie G. for a fiancée who had died, was renamed the Ruth a month after Snyder's marriage to the defendant.

As the prosecutor bellowed at the witness, Gray showed keen interest, a twisting flicker that seemed almost a smile passing over his face when the answers seemed most damaging to Mrs. Snyder.

Gray Gave Her Corset.

"On your first meeting with Gray did you go to his office?" "No, I didn't."

"The second time you met Gray he gave you a corset?" "Yes."

"You think that was proper?" "No."

"How often did you go to the Waldorf with Gray?" "I can't remember."

"So many times you can't remember?" "I wouldn't say that."

"But it was more than once or twice?" "Oh, yes."

"Where else did you go?" "To night clubs."

"Do you dance?" "A little."

"But one can drink at night clubs."

"Yes."

"Do you drink?" "A little."

"Have you ever used the expression, 'Let's get plastered up'?" "Often."

"What does that expression mean?" "To have a good time."

"It doesn't mean to get drunk?" "Not when I say it."

Identifies Her Letter.

"When did you and Gray first talk of killing your husband?"

"He talked of it from the end of last year."

The questioning suddenly swung back to the "plastered up" discussion.

District Attorney Newcomb handed Froessel a letter. Mrs. Snyder identified it as one she had written to Gray.

"Do you remember using this expression, 'Don't get plastered up, let's get good and plastered. Ain't that a nice word. Beginning to think I'm already that way on nothing?'"

"Yes."

"And meant just have a good time?" "Yes."

"Not get drunk?" "No."

The letter opened "My own lover boy, oh, yes, I'm happy. Tomorrow's my lucky day. It continued to tell of going to the movies and announced that "I could eat you all up, you darn lovely little creature."

It ended with the injunction to "hurry home," and was signed "Momie."

## DIAS CONTINUANCE AS PRESIDENT HELD BAR TO EARLY PEACE

Liberal Delegates Refuse to Consider Him in Power Until 1928.

Managua, Nicaragua, May 2 (By A. F.)

Continuance in office of the conservative president, Adolfo Diaz, is understood, will be a stumbling block in the way of a successful outcome of the peace discussions between Henry L. Stimson, representative of President Coolidge, and the delegates of the liberal president, Juan B. Sacasa.

The liberal delegates, who reached here Friday from President Sacasa's headquarters at Puerto Cabezas, are known to have been given broad instructions as to peace terms, but it is stated that they can not consider the proposal that Diaz remain in power until the 1928 elections.

The liberals claim that he was the brains in the Chamorro coup d'état against President Solerzano last year, which led to the present trouble between the liberal and conservative factions, and that therefore almost anyone but Diaz is acceptable.

It was agreed at yesterday's discussions that Gen. Jose Maria Moncada, secretary of war and chief military commander for Sacasa, should be represented in the conference. Consequently, a mission, accompanied by United States officers, will proceed through the liberal and conservative battle lines to invite Moncada to meet the liberals near Tipitapa to give his opinion as to the best means for establishing peace.

Leonardo Arguello, Sacasa's minister of foreign affairs, who is one of the delegates, said after yesterday's meeting:

High Praise for Stimson.

"I have received an excellent impression of Mr. Stimson. His open, frank discussion of our troubles in Nicaragua has impressed us greatly and will be a great help in arriving at a friendly understanding, and I hope, ultimate peace. I believe Mr. Stimson is the finest man possible for the mission and that justice will be given the Nicaraguan people through his efforts, due to his open, unbiased and understanding attitude."

"The liberals are willing to make an equal sacrifice with the conservatives for the purpose of peace. We believe dissemination of the true facts as gathered by Mr. Stimson in the investigation will greatly aid the Nicaraguan cause in the United States, as many false reports of the true situation have been given."

There was fighting in the vicinity of Teustepe yesterday without decisive result. The liberals on Saturday gathered entered Naranjo, on the railroad between Chinandega and Managua, a killing fourteen conservatives and gathering scores of rifles and much food before retreating. Conservative reinforcements proceeded to that place yesterday. American marines are stationed at Naranjo. Reports have been received from the front that conservative forces invading toward Teustepe from Boaco were forced to retreat when their ammunition was exhausted.

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## LABORITES ANGRILY DEBATE CABINET ON NEW LABOR BILL

Storm of Protests Is Aroused  
by Plan to Outlaw All  
General Strikes.

"LOT OF LIES" CHARGED  
TO MINISTER IN DEBATE

Cheers Greet Motion to Reject  
Measure; Speaker Forces  
Jack Jones to Retire.

London, May 2 (By A. P.).—The great struggle over the fate of the government's "trades disputes and trade-unions bill" began in the house of commons today in a superheated atmosphere which led to excited scenes. The attorney general, Sir Douglas Hogg, moved the second reading of the bill, the object of which is to prevent general strikes and coercive measures by labor unions.

Five minutes after he began speaking, he was being interrupted by broadsheets at angry cries of protest from the labor benches.

Sir Douglas said the government was prepared to consider amendments to remove ambiguities or defects in the bill, but he threw down the gauntlet to the laborites by declaring that the government would resist to the utmost any attempt designed to defeat the main principles of the measure. The opposition received this with ironical cheers.

It was evident to the crowded galleries that the situation was full of dynamite. A reference by the attorney general to the "illegality" of last year's general strike brought J. H. Thomas, general railway leader, to his feet in protest, raised a hurricane among the laborites.

Speaker Intervenes Twice.

Twice at the outset the speaker of the house intervened to restore quiet, once reprimanding William Thorne, laborite, for the platonic division of West Ham, who declared the attorney general had been "telling a lot of lies" throughout his speech.

The storm subsided, however, and Sir Douglas continued. He proceeded, heeding by individuals was replaced by mass cheering and countercheering. In the midst of which the laborite, Jack Jones, famous for his caustic humor, kept up a running fire of remarks.

Among the principles of the bill, Sir Douglas said:

"A general strike is illegal and no man shall be penalized for refusing to take part in one."

"Intimidation is illegal, and no man shall be coerced by threats, to abstain from working against his will."

"No man shall be compelled to subscribe to the funds of any political party unless he so desires."

"Any person entering the established civil service must give his undivided allegiance to the state."

Jack Jones is suspended.

The speaker of the house warned several laborites that if they did not cease their interruptions they would have to leave. He finally ordered Jack Jones to leave.

**DIED**

BURNS—On Saturday, April 30, 1927, at Chicago, Ill., LOTTIE BURNS (nee Stiebeling), beloved wife of J. C. Burns, died at the age of 64 years.

CROSS—On Monday, May 2, 1927, at St. Mary's hospital, FRANCIS E., beloved husband of Nellie E. Cross, died at the age of 58 years.

LOWELL—Entered into eternal rest Saturday, April 30, 1927, at 10:30 p. m., at her residence, 1244 Willard street, northwest, the late Edward A. Lowell, aged 64 years.

LAUTERMANN—On Friday, April 29, 1927, Dr. HARRY B. LAUTERMANN, beloved husband of Adelaide C. Lautermann, died at the age of 44 years.

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withdraw, and the fiery laborite did so  
after angrily haranguing the house.  
Sir Douglas referred to the proposal  
to make general lockouts illegal as well  
as general strikes. The government, he  
said, had regarded inclusion of gen-  
eral lockouts in the bill as useless, since  
such a lockout was never likely to hap-  
pen.

If one occurred, the right course  
would be to fine the companies who  
imprison their directors, but to take  
possession of the works and run them.  
However, if a case were made out, the  
government had no objection to includ-  
ing lockouts in the bill.

The attorney general concluded his  
two-hour speech amid a storm of inter-  
ruptions, decisive opposition cheers and  
ministerial countercheers.

J. R. Clynes, acting as parliamentary  
leader in the absence of former  
Premier Ramsay MacDonald, who is in  
the United States, immediately arose  
and moved the rejection of the bill.  
He was given an ovation by the labor-  
ites.

**WIEHL TRANSFERRED  
TO SAN FRANCISCO**

First Secretary of German  
Embassy Will Become  
Consul General.

Emil Wiehl, first secretary of the  
German embassy, has been promoted to  
take charge of the German consul-  
ulate general in San Francisco, and  
will leave early in June to assume his  
new position. Baron Maltzan, German  
Ambassador, at the same time announced  
the appointment of Rudolf Leitner,  
former consul at Chicago, temporarily to  
take over the duties of Mr. Wiehl in Wash-  
ington.

Mr. Wiehl has been in the capital  
more than a year. He is a graduate of  
Heidelberg. He has been the recipient  
of several honors from his fellow-  
countrymen for his handling of Ger-  
man affairs during the after-the-war  
period and will represent the German  
embassy at the air maneuvers which the  
United States government will hold in  
Texas this month. He will succeed  
Consul General Ziegler in San Fran-  
cisco.

Mr. Leitner, who succeeds Mr.  
Wiehl temporarily, accompanied Baron  
Maltzan on his mid-western tour. He  
will assume his position Saturday,  
after leaving his wife and children who  
are to spend the summer in Europe.  
Mr. Leitner has recently been station-  
ed at Chicago, where he replaced Consul  
General Steinbach, who has been ap-  
pointed German Minister to Colombia.

**NEW DEVICE TESTS  
BRAKES ON 100 CARS**

All But 12 Autos Come Within  
Requirements of Effi-  
ciency Law.

More than 100 motorists yesterday  
availed themselves of the opportunity  
to have their brakes tested free in the  
first public demonstration of the latest  
device for this purpose. The test is  
being sponsored by the American Auto-  
mobile association and the police de-  
partment and will continue all this  
week on D street between Seventeenth  
and Eighteenth streets.

None of the cars tested yesterday  
were adjusted perfectly, but all except  
a dozen came within the latest re-  
quirements by proving their ability to  
stop within 50 feet from a speed of 20  
m.p.h. Ninety-eight per cent of the  
cars tested were as good as or better  
than the average of the cars tested  
yesterday.

The speaker of the house warned several  
laborites that if they did not cease  
their interruptions they would have to  
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## 6 MARYLAND TOWNS CAST VOTE TO ELECT MUNICIPAL OFFICERS

Dr. H. T. Willis Becomes  
Mayor of Hyattsville With-  
out Opposition.

FRED NEGUS SELECTED  
MT. RAINIER EXECUTIVE

J. Burrows Walters Wins, 210  
to 206, in Contest at  
Riverdale.

Municipal elections were held in six  
nearby Maryland towns yesterday. The  
vote was heavy and in most cases ad-  
ministration forces were victorious.

Dr. H. T. Willis, president of the  
Hyattsville Chamber of Commerce, was  
elected mayor of Hyattsville without  
opposition. He succeeds Irvin Owings.  
Fred Negus was elected mayor of  
Mount Rainier, defeating J. Howard  
Beall, the incumbent, by 49 votes.

The voters of Maryland Park, Md.,  
voted down the proposal to incorporate  
the town, the vote being 145 against  
and 32 for.

Dr. L. K. Atherton was elected to  
the Hyattsville town council in the  
first ward, succeeding L. L. Gray, who  
declined to run for reelection. Harry  
A. Boswell was elected councilman in  
the second ward, defeating Charles A.  
Ketchum and Joseph H. Rogers. He  
succeeds George H. Morley.

Teal Re-elected Councilman.

E. Benjamin Teal, the Ku Klux Klan  
candidate, was re-elected councilman in  
the third ward, defeating the candi-  
date of the anti-Klan forces, James E.  
Steele. Steele received 208 votes, as  
against 210 for Teal.

A fiery cross was burned on the  
front lawn of Steele's home at 4 o'clock  
yesterday morning, but Klan officials  
denied they had anything to do with it.

Former Mayor J. Burrows Walters was  
elected mayor of Riverdale, receiving  
210 votes, as against 206 for Robert M.  
McCarthy, and 62 for E. S. Aldridge.  
Mr. Walters succeeds John H. Schaefer,  
who is retiring as mayor.

Robert H. Harrison was re-elected coun-  
cilman in the third ward at Riverdale,  
receiving 55 votes, against 25 for his  
rival, Robert H. Hall. Charles E. Hol-  
mes was elected councilman in the fifth  
ward. He polled 26 votes, against 13  
for Frank S. Westman.

A tie vote in the election for coun-  
cilman was recorded in the second ward  
at Mount Rainier, the candidates being  
D. J. Orcutt and Norman A. Pruitt.  
Each received 170 votes. At 11 o'clock  
last night a riot broke out.

Burt E. Sager was re-elected coun-  
cilman in the second ward, receiving 92  
votes. Gilbert Hughes and Paul R. Hy-  
son received 63 votes and 42 votes, re-  
spectively.

Takoma Park re-elected John R.  
Adams, H. Edson Rogers and Elton G.  
Salisbury to serve two years each on the  
town council. The vote was as follows:  
John R. Adams, 329; J. Milton Der-  
rick, 294; Robert E. Pogue, 181; H. Ed-  
son Rogers, 332; Elton G. Salisbury, 331;  
Louis C. Vogt, 171.

Three town commissioners were elected  
in Cottage City, as follows: Victor  
Stinnet, first ward; R. D. Kinkel, second  
ward; W. A. Bobb, third ward.

**Brentwood Meeting Held.**

A mass meeting of approximately 300  
voters of Brentwood, Md., was held  
last night to discuss the proposed  
amendment to the city charter giving  
the town authority to raise funds for the  
construction of permanent streets and  
sidewalks. The meeting was held in  
the firemen's hall at Brentwood.

Approximately 8 miles of streets are  
in need of pavement and approximately  
the same mileage in sidewalks, it was  
said. The amendment will come up for  
a referendum vote Monday.

W. Clagett, of Hyattsville, gave a short  
talk in which he outlined a similar  
amendment to the Hyattsville charter  
and the good results from it. Mayor  
Everett H. Roberts presided. Lloyd V.  
Monley, former mayor, gave the history  
of the drafting of the bill. E. W. Baker,  
town clerk, read the proposed bill. P.  
Y. K. Howatt, of Baltimore, also spoke.

**SOURCE OF \$600,000  
TO MRS. LYDIG ASKED**

Four Persons Have Provided  
Her With \$40,000 a Year,  
Referees Told.

New York, May 2 (By A. P.).—Coun-  
sel for the creditors of Mrs. Rita de  
Alba de Acosta Lydig today appeared  
before a referee in bankruptcy with the  
request that he investigate the sources  
from which Mrs. Lydig has been re-  
ceiving \$40,000 annually for the past  
15 years.

Mrs. Lydig, whose liabilities ran into  
the thousands and whose assets were  
thrust recently as consisting of merely  
her furniture and Paris clothes, was too  
ill to appear at the hearing.

While it is understood that the an-  
nuity has come from four prominent  
persons in this city, the referee was  
asked to determine whether this in-  
come was derived from a "secretly hid-  
den" trust fund.

The referee was told that a member  
of a firm representing certain of the  
Vanderbilt family's interests had de-  
clared that Mrs. Lydig had received the  
money from the four persons. Another  
hearing was set for June 2, but the  
referee said no investigation into Mrs.  
Lydig's affairs would be made mean-  
while.

**Clam Diggers Held  
Victims of Sharks**

Salinas, Calif., May 2 (By A. P.).—  
John A. Andrade, 29 years old, and  
Alfred Oliver, 16, both of Warm  
Springs, Calif., who disappeared while  
digging clams in the shark-infested  
surf 4 miles north of Moss Landing  
Saturday, may have been victims of  
the man-eaters.

Clothes left by the missing pair were  
found on the beach and their clam-  
ming bakes were recovered in the surf.  
The beach in that vicinity is so in-  
fested with man-eating sharks that  
bathers familiar with the waters never  
venture into the surf.

## FRANCE WILL OPEN BIG CHARGE FOR SINKING OF ROYALERS

Huge Sum Provided in 1928  
Budget, Almost Ready  
for Parliament.

BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH  
LINES TO BE PROTECTED

Nation Must Save Its Defense  
Implements on the Sea,  
Poincare Asserts.

(Special Cable Dispatch.)  
Paris, May 2.—France intends to be-  
gin immediately the construction of a  
vast system of fortifications for pro-  
tecting the frontiers.

The 1928 budget, which has been  
practically completed for submission to  
parliament, provides a huge sum for  
building a powerful series of defenses  
and fortresses at strong points, to be  
linked with the latest improved earth-  
works, with strategic highways, rail-  
ways, airdromes, battery emplacements,  
troop assembling shelters and other  
adaptations that military service re-  
quires as necessities in the great war.

Premier Raymond Poincare revealed  
the government's intentions during a  
speech before the lower council of the  
Meuse district, delivered at Bar Le  
Duc this afternoon.

The announcement of the fortifying,  
beginning at once, created the greatest  
surprise, as, while the general staff,  
since the war, consistently demanded  
security from another German at-  
tack across Belgium. It was believed  
that political circles preferred to wait  
until the summer when the budget  
there was no likelihood of any im-  
minent conflict.

Long Military Service Kept.

A series of giant forts like those  
barring invasion from the east—Belfort,  
Metz, Toul and Verdun—will be con-  
structed along the northern border, and  
through Ardennes and the entire de-  
fensive system must nearly be com-  
pleted before the government consents  
to adopt any military service re-  
forms, the premier said.

The speech, which was the most im-  
portant he has made since he became head  
of the government, reiterated former com-  
plaints against Germany's failure, sin-  
cerely to execute the Versailles treaty  
and disarm faithfully, and stated that  
France does not expect further repara-  
tions from the Dawes plan provides.

The speaker's remarks were a hint to  
President Coolidge on France's attitude  
on the naval conference, saying, "We  
can not sacrifice the independence,  
rights and guarantees conferred by  
treaties, and as France is maritime, as  
well as a terrestrial power, it must con-  
serve on the sea, as well as on land,  
the means of defense against ag-  
gressors."

Face Financial Sacrifices.

Ignoring the American and British  
debt, Premier Poincare traced the  
country's financial troubles and salva-  
tion since he assumed power, warning  
the people that they must accept heavy  
sacrifices in the form of heavy tax-  
ation, but assuring them that the  
1928 budget will not provide additional  
taxes.

The premier severely rapped the  
communists, flaying Russia's intrusion  
into France's domestic affairs, and  
warning Moscow of drastic measures if  
they persist in fomenting trouble.

But the crux of the speech was the  
fortifications, the announcement of  
which attracted great applause, despite  
the warning of the heavy financial out-  
lay necessitated.

Since 1918 France had not fortified  
the northern frontier opposite Belgium  
and Luxembourg, because these coun-  
tries were protected by neutrality agree-  
ments that Germany signed since the  
"scrap-of-paper" incident and Bel-  
gium's decision not to fortify even the  
Meuse crossings because of the trea-  
sonous expense and possibility of in-  
vasions violating the Dutch neutrality  
in Limburg province, the French gen-  
eral staff repeatedly has demanded that  
the government safeguard the northern  
gateways and modernize the eastern  
forts at Verdun and Toul and the for-  
tresses at Metz, Belfort and Strasbourg.

The plan also envisages the estab-  
lishment of fortified works straight  
across the Mediterranean, including  
the Alpine region along the Italian  
boundary, which in the winter was  
heavily reinforced with French troops,  
artillery, tanks and armored cars, when  
unofficial bands of fascists were run-  
ning along the Italian side and threat-  
ening to make incursions into French  
territory.

(Copyright, 1927, by the Chicago Tribune.)

**Virginia Sterilization  
Law Upheld by Court**

(By the Associated Press.)

State laws providing for the steriliza-  
tion of feeble-minded persons were sus-  
tained yesterday by the Supreme Court.  
The Virginia law was attacked by  
Carrie Buck, an inmate of the State  
colony for epileptics and feeble-minded.  
The state insisted that its enforcement  
in the public welfare would also result  
to the advantage of the subject and  
that it was a necessary measure.

**Plane Tows a Glider  
80 Miles; First Time**

Berlin, May 2 (By A. P.).—An air-  
plane flew 80 miles from Karlsruhe to  
Frankfurt today, towing a glider by a  
rope 100 meters long, a feat never ac-  
complished before.

**Dogs Bite Boy and Girl.**

A boy and a girl were bitten yesterday  
afternoon when they attempted to stop  
a fight between two dogs in front of  
2419 Fourteenth street northwest. Law-  
rence Collenberg, 17 years old, of 4418  
Forteenth street northwest, was treated  
at Freedmen's hospital, where he  
was taken in the Eighth precinct patrol,  
for lacerations on the hands. Dorothy  
Dudley, 15 years old, of 1440 Belmont  
street, northwest, owner of one of the  
combative dogs, was bitten on the right  
leg and right hand by a stray dog, but  
she refused hospital treatment.

**Boy Cyclist Hit by Auto.**

While riding a bicycle in Fourth  
street near F street northwest, a boy  
yesterday afternoon, Edward Dummer, 15  
years old, 917 Fifth street northwest,  
was struck by an automobile driven by  
Arthur Scott, 498 L street, southeast.  
Dummer was treated at the dispensary  
of the general accounting office for cuts  
and bruises on the head and body. The  
automobile which struck him was the  
property of the general accounting of-  
fice.

**Pope Receives Cornelius Kelley.**

Rome, Italy, May 2 (By A. P.).—Pope  
Pius today granted a private audience  
to Cornelius Kelley, president of the  
American Copper Mining Co. and Mr.  
Kelley's family. The Americans were  
presented by Monsignor Breslin, vice  
rector of the American college in Rome.  
The pontiff conversed cordially with Mr.  
Kelley and asked him to take his af-  
fectionate greetings and regards to Car-  
dinal Hayes, of New York.

## Mrs. Schloss Honored By Jewish Women

Mrs. Leonard B. Schloss was re-elected  
president of the Council of Jewish  
Women of the District of Columbia yes-  
terday in the Jewish Community center.  
Other officers elected were Mrs. Mark  
Lansburgh, first vice president; Mrs.  
Adolph Kahn, second vice president;  
Mrs. J. S. Kahn, third vice president;  
Mrs. Isaac Neuman, treasurer; Mrs. Gil-  
bert Kahn, corresponding secretary;  
Mrs. David Ezer, recording secretary;  
Mrs. Arthur Neuman, financial secre-  
tary; Mrs. Charles Frank and Mrs. Hen-  
ry A. Jaffee, auditors, and Mrs. Harry  
Barton, Mrs. Morris Gwin, Mrs. Mary  
Goldman, Mrs. Henry A. Hirsch, Mrs.  
Simon Lyon, Mrs. Jessie Miller, Mrs.  
Alvin Newmyer, Mrs. Henry Orenburg  
and Mrs. A. E. Stern, directors.

## JURY SELECTION OPENS ON DE AUTREMENT CASE

Completion Expected Today  
for Trial on Murder During  
Train Holdup.

Jacksonville, Oreg., May 2 (By A. P.).  
Nearly half the jury to try Hugh De  
Autrement for first degree murder in  
connection with the Siskiyou tunnel  
train holdup, which took place half  
year ago had been tentatively selected  
this afternoon. The jury may be completed  
by tomorrow night.

Questions of the State indicated the  
prosecution would demand the death  
penalty for the youthful prisoner, who is  
specifically charged with slaying  
Charles O. Johnson, brakeman, one of  
the four trainmen killed in the hold-  
up. Each venireman was closely ques-  
tioned and charged with his knowledge  
of the Pacific Railway and attitude on cir-  
cumstantial evidence.

De Autrement, the youthful de-  
fendant, center of interest in the pack-  
ed courtroom, complained of feeling  
cold, despite the fact that a wood stove,  
used for heat in the pioneer structure,  
contained a good fire. His mother, Mrs.  
Belle De Autrement, who remained  
close to his side, also wore an over-  
coat.

During the noon recess, De Au-  
tremont and his mother, accompanied by  
Sheriff Jennings, had their pictures  
taken, and Hugh, with his attorney,  
also posed for photographs. The young  
man looked pale and worried in the  
courtroom, but outdoors lighted a ci-  
garet and chatted with his mother and  
his lawyers, smiling now and then, but  
unable to entirely hide his nervous-  
ness.

## Meeting on Welfare To Be Opened Today

With women leaders from 21 nations  
in attendance, the world welfare confer-  
ence, sponsored by the Women's  
Universal Alliance will convene in the  
Carlton hotel today, to last until Sun-  
day.

The purpose of the conference is to  
study progress of women and children  
in the countries represented. A spokes-  
man for each country will report.

One project that will receive con-  
siderable discussion is the erection of  
a permanent memorial to motherhood.  
Such a memorial has been the goal of  
the alliance ever since it was founded  
more than four years ago.

## Capital Held Summer Resort of Florida

Washington is to Florida in the sum-  
mer what Florida is to Washington in  
the winter, according to E. P. Owen,  
jr., manager of the Jacksonville, Fla.,  
Chamber of Commerce, who is here at-  
tending the annual meeting of the  
United States Chamber of Commerce.

"A steady stream of Floridians have  
already started on the Atlantic coast  
highway to visit Washington, the na-  
tional shrine of every American," he  
said. "While this city is already estab-  
lished in a business way, the money  
brought to Washington by these tour-  
ists should prove profitable." The fu-  
ture of the South, he said, lies in good  
roads.

## LONDON SOCIETY AGOG. ROYALTY OPENS SEASON

American Millionaires Listed  
Among Honored Guests  
for Court Affairs.

## COVENT GARDEN OPERA



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Tuesday, May 3, 1927.

THE AMERICAS IN CONFERENCE.

The third Pan-American commercial conference begins its sessions in Washington under very favorable auspices. On the day of opening, the good will fliers of the United States winged their way to the feet of President Coolidge, reporting the success of their wonderful flight throughout the hemisphere. Peace and good will prevail among the nations composing the Americas; commerce has reached an unprecedented volume; intercourse is larger and more varied; the needs of each nation are better understood; and the future is brighter than ever before.

The basis for developing the resources and commerce of Pan-America is of the most solid character. It is that of national liberty and independence, enabling every country to expand according to its natural resources and abilities, without encroaching upon the rights of others and without arousing fears of aggression. Democracies do not conspire to make war. The freedom that they enjoy is desired for others. It is impossible to bring about imperialistic conspiracies in governments whose members are free men, serving temporarily in places of trust for a free people.

Although the United States is by far the most populous and opulent member of the Pan-American Union, it is dependent for its welfare upon the cooperation of the others. It requires their products and craves their friendship. It is strong enough to fight the combined world in defense of the independence of nations in this hemisphere, but its strength is not arrogance, and it does not seek war. It has had the opportunity to help several smaller nations directly, by sharing in the task of reorganizing their governments and readjusting their financial affairs; and it has done so unselfishly, without exacting payment and without a thought of taking advantage of them. Cuba was helped, after which the United States withdrew. Santo Domingo was helped, and then the United States withdrew. Haiti is now being helped, and when she has regained her equilibrium the United States will withdraw. Nicaragua needed help, which is now being given, and when Nicaragua has established order and stable government the United States will withdraw.

The people of the United States were the first to welcome Central and South American republics into the family of independent nations. Americans have no other desire toward Pan-America than to see it independent, at peace, and prosperous. The independence of Latin-American republics is necessary to the independence of the United States. The peace of those nations can not be disturbed without disturbing the peace of this nation. Their prosperity makes for American prosperity. In the essentials that make for human happiness the nations of this hemisphere are alike, their ideals are the same, and their destinies are intertwined.

GROWING TROLLEY TRAFFIC.

More than 14,500,000 passengers rode on electric cars in this country last year, an increase of 230,000,000 over 1925. An increase of 70,000,000 in the number of service miles also was shown last year, according to a statement just made public by the American Electric Railway association.

This is conclusive evidence that the trolley car is not only holding its own, but is forging steadily ahead despite the increasing popularity of the automobile. Five years ago a great many managers of public utility transportation systems felt that the privately owned motor car was destined to react unfavorably against their properties. For a while it appeared that individuals actually were turning toward the motor car for personal and business transportation. The specter of bus competition also hovered ominously in the picture, and trolley line operators were not, to say the least, resting easily.

The automobile, however, seems to have brought about a return to the street car. The traffic and parking situation has become a bugbear to the motorist, who has found it impossible to motor into congested districts quickly, or to find a place to park his car once he has arrived at his destination. Consequently he has returned to street railway transportation as being quicker, easier and far less expensive if parking space has to be purchased.

Street railway systems will continue to be part of the metropolitan picture. Buses, of

course, will carry their share of the traffic even though they, like the automobile, must fight the battles of congested streets. The trolley car has proved itself to be the most effective agent for the transportation of large numbers of people with economy and dispatch.

A MEMORABLE DAY FOR AVIATION.

Completing a circuit of South America in which disaster and tragedy hung upon their planes, the surviving Good Will fliers arrived at Bolling field yesterday and were welcomed by President Coolidge. The voyage stands as one of the most eventful in the history of aviation. The flight included passages over seas and tremendous mountains, deserts and windswept gorges. At Buenos Aires two of the fliers lost their lives in a collision. The survivors, with unconquerable courage, resumed the flight and in spite of all obstacles made their way to Washington and reported to their commander in chief.

The Good Will flight unquestionably accomplished the main object for which it was designed. It was a message to Central and South America, beckoning to all countries to join the United States in blazing paths through the air, for the promotion of acquaintance, good understanding and commerce. All nations visited knew that the Americans were messengers of peace. The fliers were cordially received, entertained with the hospitality for which the Latin Americans are famous, and appointed as bearers of messages of good will to the United States.

No more opportune day of arrival in Washington could have been chosen than yesterday, which marked the opening of the unique all-America aircraft exposition at Bolling field. Ninety of the leading manufacturers of airplanes, engines and equipment are displaying their wares, the display constituting a remarkable disclosure of the giant strides made in the science of aviation. This exposition is evidently the forerunner of similar larger displays in the future, which will eventually provide opportunity for the public to select favorite planes as easily as is now the case with automobiles. It is a field of locomotion so full of glorious possibilities, both for utility and sport, that it will be explored with unprecedented rapidity. Instead of requiring ages, as in the case of sea vessels, or decades, as in the case of railroads, aviation has become a handmaid of travelers within a few short years. Only a short time will now elapse before individual fliers will make pleasure flights covering thousands of miles.

In the meantime the air is becoming the road of commerce and mail transport. Like the sea, no paving is required, no roadbed need be built, and no speed limits need be imposed. The shortest route in the air is as broad as the longest; time itself is shortened as well as distance. The need of quicker communication and transport of human beings is happily met by the utilization of the air, the ideal pathway which gives access to every part of the globe by the shortest route.

WASHINGTON WAR MEMORIAL.

The campaign to raise funds necessary to complete the District of Columbia memorial to those who lost their lives in the world war must not fail. Only \$140,000 additional is needed—not quite 40 cents apiece if each and every resident gives his share. This can not happen, of course, so it is necessary for the workers to obtain larger contributions from a smaller number of individuals. Nevertheless, it should not be difficult to raise the money. Washington is the only large community in the country which so far has failed to accord tangible recognition to the fallen heroes of the war. It can not be because Washington does not appreciate their sacrifices or has forgotten so quickly the promises made when civilian life was put away. Whatever the reason, however, public apathy which has thus far attended the creation of the memorial, has not been creditable to this city. The time for action has come.

The design chosen, a simple domed structure, in the ceiling of which will be carved the names of the 535 District men and women who died in the line of duty, has met with universal public approval. Once the fund is completed, the structure will be set down in Potomac park, to stand as testimony of Washington's appreciation. Those in charge of the campaign have asked the question: "Does Washington remember?" This week its citizens must redeem themselves by making certain that the coffers of the memorial commission are filled to overflowing.

THE PLAZA IMPROVEMENT.

With the exception of \$67,000, still held until final titles have been approved, the last of the payments for the twelve squares of land included in the Plaza between the Capitol and the Union station has been made by Mr. Lynn, architect of the Capitol. The United States has become the owner of the lands, which are to be made into a beautiful park after seventeen years of controversy.

In June, 1910, Congress appropriated the first \$500,000 with which to begin acquisition of the lands needed. Subsequent acts increased the fund to \$1,500,000, and on July 1, 1911, the Attorney General was asked to initiate condemnation proceedings for the two squares directly north of the Capitol grounds. In April of the following year the condemnation commission under this authority decided the value to be \$1,119,035.50, and that sum was paid, leaving a balance of approximately \$380,000 for subsequent purchases. Later Congress authorized the purchase of ten more squares, which were appraised at \$3,204,434.78 and the amount necessary to make the payment was appropriated. But Congressman Johnson, of Kentucky, who was then the chairman of the District committee, prevailed upon President Wilson to disapprove the purchase.

A new commission was appointed, with powers limited, so far as the acquisition of the lands of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad were concerned. This commission was named by President Wilson in November, 1914, and it reported in January, 1916, finding the value of the tract to be \$1,406,123.36, exclusive of the Arthur school and the lands of the railroad. The Baltimore & Ohio positively refused to accept the award, which was limited to the original cost plus 6 per cent interest from the time that it had been purchased.

For the next ten years nothing was done toward the completion of the project. But in June, 1926, a new commission was authorized by Congress to conclude the purchase of the

property needed to complete the plans. This commission consisted of the Vice President, the Speaker of the House and the architect of the Capitol. They went at the subject in a businesslike manner and as a result promptly reached an agreement with the railroad company and its associates whereby the title to the entire twelve squares passes to the United States. There was a balance available from previous appropriations of \$1,798,139.37. The deficiency act of July 3, 1926, carried an additional sum of \$1,331,953.37, which covered the entire cost of the award with \$500 for incidental expenses.

Now with a fund of \$30,000, which was allowed for the purpose, Architect Lynn has begun the demolition of all the remaining buildings on the site, and together with Mr. Parsons, the eminent landscape architect, he is preparing the plans for the beautification of the grounds, for which it is expected Congress will provide at the next session.

Incidentally it may be recorded that through the interference of Mr. Johnson, chairman of the District committee in the early days of the Wilson administration, the United States paid something over \$1,000,000 more for the railroad lands than those lands would have cost had the original award been approved.

There is no way of estimating what the additional cost for labor in completing the improvements will be, as compared with what they would have been before the war.

THE UNIQUE TRIANGLE PLAN.

The fine arts commission has forwarded to the Secretary of the Treasury an interesting and novel plan for the development of the Mall-Avenue triangle. Briefly, it contemplates a series of buildings linked together with upper passageways, separated only by a series of spacious courtways. East and west roadways would be disregarded, and only such important thoroughfares as Fourteenth, Twelfth and Ninth streets would be carried through the Mall. The Fifteenth street end of the area would be developed into a huge plaza, intended to be one of the impressive features of the city.

The proposal is worthy of the most serious consideration. Should it be adopted, Washington will be able to boast of the largest single building unit in the world, developed in a fashion never before attempted. The novelty of the arrangement is not a disadvantage—nowhere else could this unique design be as singularly appropriate as in the National Capital.

The commission unquestionably has given the project deep study and is satisfied that it would provide proper treatment of this hub area. Reaction to the plan, both by the public and government officials who are charged with the final selection or rejection of the project, will be awaited with interest.

THE EVERGLADES.

Lieut. Guy Kirksey, army air corps, has just completed in cooperation with the coast and geodetic survey, a photographic map of the Florida Everglades. The flights were made during the dry season, and Lieut. Kirksey said that he saw numerous spots of high ground in the famous swamp which he thought had never before been seen by a white man. Many of these areas could be cultivated, and the air officer predicts that as soon as access is provided much of the country can be converted into productive farm land.

The fact that the popular conception of the Everglades as being waste land is fallacious should occasion little surprise. Dark, dank, impenetrable swamp lands have barred white men from the interior. Indians live therein, however, and their tribes have flourished for hundreds of years. If red men could have wrenched a living from this uncertain area, it seems reasonable to suppose that the white man, with the aid of science and engineering, could do as much.

The project of draining the Everglades has been agitated for years. Ultimately it will be accomplished. A fecund garden spot will be created in which will be produced fruits and vegetables of every sort. The Everglades are destined to become a valuable resource of Florida.

EDUCATION OF FARMERS.

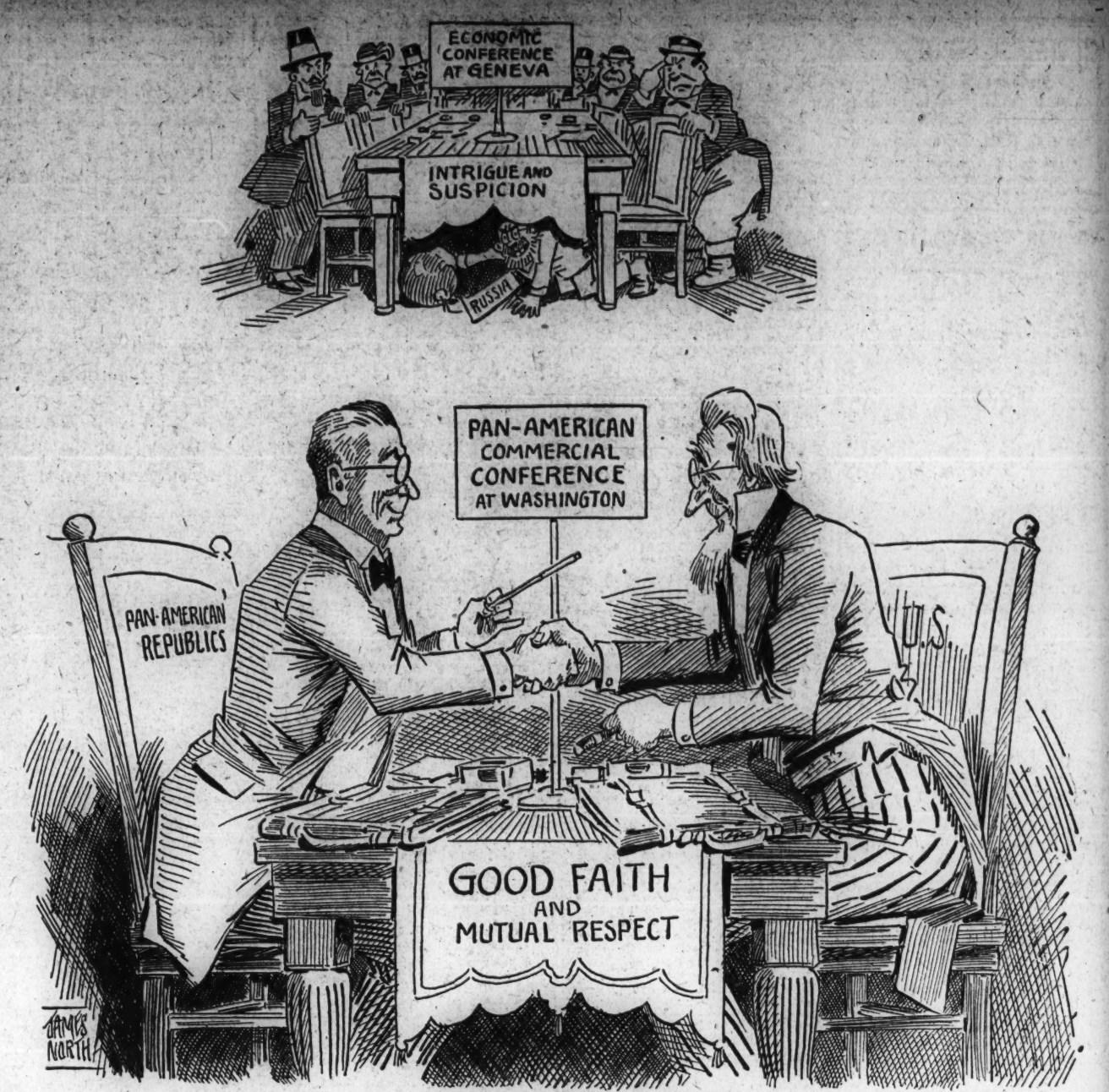
Some time ago government officials set out to ascertain the actual dollars and cents value of an education to the farmer. Surveys were made in twelve widely separated States, which upon analysis, proved conclusively that the years spent in high school and college are well repaid by increased earning capacity when agricultural activities finally are undertaken, and that even a common school education is distinctly more advantageous financially than no education at all.

In Texas, for instance, it was found that the average total wages of an uneducated worker over a 40-year period amounted to \$20,000, whereas the total earnings of the high school graduate who had spent twelve school years of approximately 180 days each amounted to \$40,000. The gain in wages due to these 2,160 days in school represents a value of more than \$9 a day while the instruction lasted. In Georgia the annual net earnings of the uneducated farmer averaged \$240, while those who had common school education earned approximately \$550, high school graduates, \$650, and those who had completed an agricultural college course, \$1,254. A similar story was told in Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Wisconsin and New York.

Conclusive proof that education is financially valuable to farmers will occasion no surprise. Yet it is impossible to measure the value of schooling in dollars and cents. Had those rural residents whose education had not been neglected earned no more or even less than their uneducated brothers, they would have gained during their years of instruction that which is beyond price. Many individuals, however, measure all things by a financial yardstick, and for this reason the work expended on the survey will not have been lost. In all probability it will move some farmers to keep their children in school, to the benefit of themselves and their community.

It is hard to theorize about rivers, especially the Mississippi—New York Herald-Tribune.

On the contrary, nothing is easier. The Post has received a flood of theories as formidable as the big freshest itself—and the leaves are crevassing!



Essentially a Matter of Probity.

PRESS COMMENT.

The Lira Acts Up.

Philadelphia Public Ledger: The regulation of currency is still far from being a mathematical science, in spite of the wide experience in fluctuating values the world has had since the war. The present case of the Italian lira is in point. It is intended that this unit shall have a gradual rise, conducted in such a manner as not to disturb Italian industry and trade. Mussolini's dictatorship makes conditions as nearly ideal as will be met in a day's journey. But a few days ago the lira began jumping upward in a most disconcerting way. For a while it seemed to have got out of bounds, showing that even a dictator can not lay his plans perfectly enough to go off fishing. The Italian national exchange, especially intended to keep the lira from sliding down hill, had to step in and collar the scamp to stop its too rapid upward climb.

Tin Cans for Safety.

Detroit News: A citizen of upper Michigan whose occupation took him on long rides through the cut-over districts made an exceedingly practical addition to the long list of flivver accessories. He nailed an empty pinking powder can to the instrument board and into this he dropped his burnt matches and cigarette stubs. If some equivalent of this invention were provided every car that passes through the wooded areas, millions of dollars could be saved annually. Baking powder cans are cheaper than forest fires, and a little thoughtfulness on the part of tourists and campers could be exercised without extra expense. The folk who enjoy the forests ought to be interested in their protection.

World Wealth.

Amsterdam Recorder: Canada ranks third among the nations of the world in per capita national wealth, with an average of \$2,406, according to a compilation made by the League of Nations. The United States is first with \$2,918 per person, and Great Britain second with \$2,495. The league's figures rate France fourth in per capita wealth, with \$1,570, and Germany fifth with \$1,080. Japan stands sixth with \$544. In total national wealth the United States is three times ahead of its closest competitor, having about \$335,570,000,000 compared with \$100,655,000,000 by Great Britain. Canada's total national wealth is set at \$21,654,000,000.

The Hen-Pecked Man.

Philadelphia Record: William Keuntje, of Hoboken, earns \$34.75 a week and gives the sealed envelope to his wife. She has allowed him his lunches one 5-cent cigar a day and five pieces of chewing gum per week. But the worm turned the other day. He opened the envelope, abstracted 50 cents, and gave his wife only \$34.25. Thereupon she had him arrested for nonsupport. The judge dismissed William with the remark that he was the most hen-pecked husband in the world. The most interesting part of this whole transaction was Mrs. Keuntje's remark in court, "I'll bet he wanted to squander that 50 cents on other women."

Almost Perpetual Motion.

Phillip Review: Nevada is certainly a great State! At Reno one can get a divorce from his wife with a residence in the State of only three months, and then go out and in a few days dig up enough gold to pay his lawyer and his wife's alimony.

War Averted.

Philadelphia Evening Public Ledger: There was threat of civil war in Louisiana when the move was first made to cut the levee at Poydras, for residents were ready to fight for their homes. But the idea of "the greatest good for the

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Loss of State Rights.

To the Editor of The Post, Sir: The editorial on States' rights in The Sunday Post was one of the best of its kind that has appeared in a long time, but it is like the voice of one crying in the wilderness. The progress of invention, particularly along the lines of transportation and communication, is ever at work molding the country into a more homogeneous and interdependent unit. What the people of Georgia, for instance, do today is of much more consequence to the citizens of Massachusetts than it was a hundred years ago.

While we still have left a few able and sincere supporters of States' rights, the question rarely becomes prominent except in connection with some Federal policy which is locally unacceptable.

The circumstances surrounding the adoption of the last two amendments furnish a good example of the truth of this. If there is any general support for the doctrine of States' rights it should surely be found in the South, which is its traditional stronghold. So far as an invasion of these rights is concerned there is little to choose between prohibition and woman's suffrage, yet the Southern States, which were already mostly dry, ratified the eighteenth amendment without substantial objection on this score. Woman's suffrage, on the other hand, had made relatively small progress in that section and its rejection was accompanied by a great outcry against the Federal invasion of local rights involved therein.

The spirit of the times appears to favor a constant increase in the power of the central government at the expense of the States, and if the nation is to survive we must find ways of meeting the problems which so arise. Our greatest danger lies in the fact that the rapid onward march of civilization tends to increase the complexity of these problems faster than it does our ability to solve them. The full consequences of any important and new policy are apt to be so diversified and obscure that it is at large realized the cause thereof.

G. C. REYNOLDS.

Capt. Kidd's eyes would have started from their sockets at the news that more than \$4,500,000.000 worth of gold has accumulated in United States banking vaults. Yet we have it rather perplexed than otherwise says the Commonwealth. In the first place, vast deposits in our own coinage tend to facilitate credit to an extent which makes it easy to launch enterprises in competitive fields where overproduction spells disaster. Secondly, a great part of the total sum is here on deposit, pending the day when the nations to whom it belongs can reestablish the "gold standard" in their own banking circles. This means a gradual return to financial health throughout the world, but it also means that rugged vigor has not yet been attained.

Meanwhile, it is interesting to view the present status of gold production. Joseph Kitchen, the British expert, estimates that \$410,000,000 worth of the precious ore was mined during 1926. This indicates an increase over the preceding years, but lags considerably behind the record figures for 1915. Production in the United States declined, however, to the lowest point reached in more than 30 years. Unless the abnormal happens and some vast new mines are unearthed, the mining of gold will not permit the maintenance of banking reserves in the manner customary in all countries. This is the view put forward by Prof. Gustave Cassel, and widely discussed by contemporary financiers. It seems quite likely that, unless modifications are adopted, the brides of the future will have to content themselves with heirloom rings, or with substitutes in silver, copper or Japanese antimony.

While It Lasts.

Brooklyn Daily Eagle: Tokyo reports indicate that the bad crack in the Nippon financial system hasn't been removed but has been glitteringly japed over with moratorium finish. While this lasts it will look as well as ever, and confidence is the one thing useful in banking.

Well, Well!

Louisville Times: The Springfield, Mass., 20-year-old who confesses having stolen 38 automobiles within three months for joy rides, will be writing tariff schedules for the textile industry by the time "e's 25."

In a Free Country.

Philadelphia Inquirer: Ohio is building a connecting link of railroad 63 miles long that will have no grade crossings. Isn't that unconstitutional, in that it will rob a lot of chaps of their pursuit of happiness?

Ask Mayor Thompson.

Minneapolis Journal: Precipitation has been so heavy this spring that it is reported to have turned the Chicago river around and it is now pouring into the drinking water. King George must be at the bottom of this outrage.

Probably Not.

Urbana Democrat: We can't say for a certainty, but we guess there never will come a time when they'll fit frocks to forms instead of forms to frocks again.

So Often.

The case that what you buy for a song isn't worth singing about.

Present-Day Styles.

Chase City Progress: Present-day style hints have ceased to be style hints—they are exposures.



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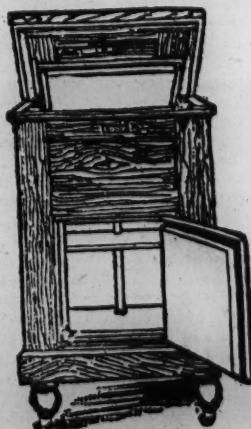
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## CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

**PRESIDENT COOLIDGE** will receive the newly appointed Minister of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, Dr. Vojislav Antonijevich, tomorrow afternoon, when the Minister will present his credentials.

The President and Mrs. Coolidge attended the reception at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Bolling field for the aviators who have completed the 20,000-mile trip of good will through Central and South America.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Blithen, of Seattle, Wash., who have been the guests for several days of the President and Mrs. Coolidge at the White House, departed Sunday evening.

The Ambassador of Belgium and Baroness de Cartier entertained at dinner last evening when their guests were the Ambassador of Argentina, Senor General and Mrs. New, Justice and Mrs. Pierce Butler, Mrs. Koch de Gooynd, Mrs. Peter Koch de Gooynd, the Minister of Albania, Mr. Falk Konitz, Mrs. Simopoulos, wife of the Minister of Greece; Senator and Mrs. Thomas F. Bayard; Senator and Mrs. William King, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Wilson, Mr. Franklin Ellis, Mrs. Hope Slater, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Legare, Mr. and Mrs. George Cole Scott, Mrs. Duke and Viscount de Lantshere.

The Italian Ambassador and Nobil Donna Antonietta de Martino entertained last evening at dinner. The ranking guests were the Secretary of State and Mrs. Kellogg. The other guests were the Japanese Ambassador and Mme. Matsudaira, the Polish Minister and Mme. Ciechanowska, the Minister of the Netherlands and Mme. van Royen, Count de Sartiges, counselor of the French Legation, the Undersecretary of State and Mrs. Grew, Mr. and Mrs. William Smith Howell, of the State Department; Mrs. George Cabot Lodge, Miss Mabel Bland, Miss Julia Helen Pueyrredon, Miss Catalani, Mr. Robert Silvercruz, counselor of the Belgian embassy; Mr. P. O. de Trechow, first secretary of the Danish Legation; Mr. and Mrs. Macia, and Mr. Leonardo Vitelli, secretary of the embassy.

The Ambassador of Japan and Mme. Matsudaira will be the guests in whose honor the Rev. and Mrs. Charles Wood will entertain at dinner Friday evening.

The Ambassador of Chile, Senor Don Miguel Cruchaga, entertained at dinner Sunday evening in the presidential dining room of the Mayflower, having as his guests Mr. and Mrs. Hampton Gary, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Thaw, Mr. August Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. M. Rivas and their daughter, Miss Chips Rivas, Mme. Figueroa and Mr. Mario Garcia de la Huerta.

The Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Curtis D. Wilbur, accompanied by his aid, Capt. Halsey Powell, will go to New York today to attend the dinner to be given tonight by Mayor Walker in honor of Admiral Charles F. Hughes, commander of the United States fleet.

The Minister of Roumania, Mr. George Cretziano, entertained at luncheon yesterday in honor of Mr. William W. Bride, the new corporation counsel of the District of Columbia, who is honorary consul of Roumania in the State of Maryland, on the occasion of Mr. Bride's having been awarded the Order of the Star of Roumania in the degree of knight. The others present were Mrs. Bride, Miss Adelaide Bride, Dr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Healy, Mr. B. Aldron and the staff of the legation.

The Minister of Latvia and Mme. Seya were the guests in whose honor Representative and Mrs. Fred Britten entertained fourteen guests at dinner last evening. Later they took their guests to the Chantecier.

**Host at Luncheon.**

The Hungarian Minister, Count Laszlo Secehnyi, entertained several guests informally at luncheon yesterday at the Mayflower.

The Minister of Nicaragua and Senor de Cesar gave as their guests at the Wardman Park hotel Dr. Laureano Zelaya, who is representing his country at the Pan-American conference, and Senor de Zelaya.

The retiring American Ambassador to Belgium, Mr. William Phillips, and his wife, Mrs. Phillips will sail for this country on Thursday. They will pass some time in Washington before departing for Mr. Phillips' new post as United States Minister to Canada.

Mr. Harold Sims, attaché of the British embassy, and Mrs. Sims and Mr. McCormick-Goodhart have returned from Baltimore, N. C., where they were the guests over the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. John Francis Ambrose Cecil.

The Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Hanford MacNider and the Assistant Secretary of War for Aviation and Mrs. F. Trubee Davidson entertained last evening at dinner at the Willard. There were 50 guests. Dancing followed, to which additional guests were invited.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Richard H. Leigh will entertain at dinner this evening.

Mr. John C. Popovitch, Roumanian consul at Cleveland, is at the Wardman Park hotel.

The former Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. E. T. Meredith are at the Mayflower. They will depart on Friday.

Mrs. John B. Kendrick, wife of Senator Kendrick, has departed for Greeley, Colo., to attend the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Charles W. Wulfsen, who died at Phoenix, Ariz.

**Tea for Sister.**

Mrs. Thornton Boland has visiting her sister, Miss Eleanor Hellmuth, of St. Louis. Mrs. Boland will entertain at tea for Miss Hellmuth on Wednesday.

Maj. and Mrs. Edward Roth will depart for Martha's Vineyard on May 13. Mrs. Roth will remain there during the summer. Maj. Roth will sail June 2 for his new post in Panama, where Mrs. Roth will join him in the fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton Brewer entertained at dinner last evening in their honor at the Washington Golf and Country club. Their guests were Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Morgan, Jr., Commander and Mrs. A. B. Court, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Coronado and Mr. and Mrs. George R. Holmes.

Saturday Maj. and Mrs. Roth will be entertained by Maj. and Mrs. Thomas F. Robbins at the Congressional club. Maj. and Mrs. Thomas H. Love will be hosts at a supper in their honor Monday evening, and on May 10 Maj.

and Mrs. Lucius M. Smith will entertain for them at Rauscher's.

Mr. Hamilton Fish, wife of Representative Fish, of New York, entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Basil Gordon, who has been visiting her mother-in-law, Mrs. George Barriett, is now visiting her mother, Mrs. Frederick W. English, in Philadelphia. Mrs. English will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon at their summer home at Gibson island during May.

The Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Aeronautics, Mr. Edward P. Warner, has returned to Washington and reopened his apartment at the Wardman Park hotel after a trip to Guantanamo, where he inspected the airplanes attached to the Caribbean fleet. Preceding this trip, part of which was made by airplane, Mr. Warner made an inspection trip to the naval aviation base at Pearl Harbor, Honolulu.

Mrs. Joseph Himes, wife of former Representative Himes, of Ohio, entertained at luncheon yesterday in the presidential dining room of the Mayflower.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Henderson have returned from Hot Springs, where they are staying at the Mayflower prior to their departure for New York, where they will sail Thursday on the Mauritania for their home in Scotland. Mrs. Henderson formerly was Miss Dorothy Yates.

Mrs. Edward H. Casbell entertained at bridge yesterday afternoon in compliment to Miss Frances Griffin, whose marriage to Capt. Gustave Villaret, Jr., U. S. M. C., will take place May 12. The guests were Miss Caroline Griffin, Miss Nancy Watson, Miss Jocelyn Beard, Miss Catherine Beavers, Miss Matland Thompson, Miss Alice Casbell, Miss Dorothy Childress, Miss Elizabeth Wagner, Miss Betty Greenwood, Mrs. George L. Hart, Mrs. B. B. Heber, Mrs. Augustine Todd, Mrs. Earl Brent, Mrs. Carolyn Wilkins, Mrs. Lowe Bibbey, Mrs. Little and Mrs. Edmund Jones.

The Friday Evening Dancing class will give its last dance of the season at the Willard next Friday night. The dance will be held in the large ballroom, where the members of the organization also will attend a dinner.

**Mrs. Gary Hostess.**

Mrs. Hampton Gary entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Robert N. Harper departed Sunday for French Lick Springs and Vincennes, Ind. She will be the guest of Mrs. William Allan in Vincennes.

Mrs. Harper will return the last of May.

Mr. Peyton Van Rensselaer, of Newport, R. I., is a guest at the Carlton. Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., also is at the Powhatan.

Mr. William C. Redfield, of New York, former Secretary of Commerce, arrived Sunday and is at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Isabella M. Boniface entertained at dinner Sunday evening in honor of Lieut. Col. and Mrs. James Mars. Her other guests were Maj. Gen. Charles Krauss and Capt. and Mrs. Walter Crowley.

Mrs. Sidney Cloman had seven guests with her for luncheon yesterday in the presidential dining room of the Mayflower.

Among recent acceptances received for the diplomatic reception of the world welfare conference tomorrow afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock in the patio of the Carlton hotel are those of the Ambassador of Chile and the embassy staff of the Minister of Finland and the secretary of the legation, Mr. Bruno Kivinskii; the Minister of Panama and Senor Don Amelio L. Alfaro; the Minister of Haiti and Mme. Price; the Minister of Egypt and Mme. Samy Fasha; the Minister of Czechoslovakia and the legation staff of the Minister of Bulgaria and Mme. Radewa; the Minister of Persia and the counselor of the Persian legation, Mr. Fathollah Khan Noury and Mme. Noury; the Minister of Nicaragua and Senor de Cesar; the Minister of the Netherlands and Mme. van Royen; the Secretary of the German embassy, Herr Martin Schimpert; the first secretary of the legation of Switzerland, Mr. L. A. Girardet; and the third secretary of the legation of China, Mr. Clarence Kuangson Young.

The Roumanian gypsy orchestra, under the leadership of the composer, pianist, Constantin Jonesco, will play during the reception.

Mrs. C. C. Calhoun, president of the Women's Universal Alliance, together with the committees of reception, arrangements, art, music and industry, will receive the guests.

Tonight Mrs. Calhoun and her assisting committees will receive at the reception which will follow the concert by the Washington artists, at the Carlton hotel, with which the conference will be officially opened, at which Mrs. Francis Hopkins, Mrs. Stockley Morgan, Mrs. Alexander Bentley, Miss Frances Hopkins and Miss Margaret Kerr will be the special reception committee. All sessions of the conference are open to the public, a program of special interest has been arranged.

Senator Arthur Capper, of Kansas, was a week-end guest at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton entertained last evening at dinner in her apartment at the Mayflower hotel, from 4 to 6 o'clock, when her guests were the officers of the national executive board of the League of American Pen Women, the past presidents of the organization, and chairmen and members of standing and special committees.

Alternating at the tea table were Mrs. Edward Nelson Dingley, Mrs. William H. Moses, Mrs. William Atherton DuPuy and Mrs. Frank Fyle.

Mr. Winship North, United States consul to Cairo, is at the Mayflower.

Mr. William Bruce King, of Washington, will be the guest of honor at the dinner at the Arts club tonight, when Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Herrick will be hosts. After dinner Mr. King, who for a number of years has been president of the Washington Society of Fine Arts, will speak.

Former Senator and Mrs. William M. Calder are at the Willard.

Admiral Paul Behncke, formerly of the German navy, who has been passing the last few days at the Carlton hotel, will go to New York today and will sail for Europe Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. O'Leary, of Chicago, accompanied by Miss Lillian O'Leary, are at the Mayflower. Mr. O'Leary is president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

Mrs. L. M. Hamilton and Miss Gertrude Hamilton are at the Hotel Chatham, in New York.

Mrs. Julian W. Robbins, of New York, and her daughter, Mrs. Julia Lydig Hoyt, are at the Carlton, where they will remain until the latter part of the week. Mrs. Robbins and Mrs. Hoyt passed the spring at Hot Springs.

**Mrs. Butler's Party.**

Mrs. Marian Butler entertained at luncheon on Sunday in honor of Dr. Jagadish Chandra Chatterji, the noted archeologist and philosopher, of Calcutta and Benares, India, and in honor of Mr. Thomas F. Bayard, of New York. The guests invited to meet Dr. Chatterji and Mr. Hussain were Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton, Capt. and Mrs. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. King, Mrs. Huntington Turner and Mrs. Campbell Forrester. After luncheon Dr. Chatterji delivered a talk on "The Woman of India."

He will speak at the home of Mrs. Campbell Forrester tomorrow at 8:30 o'clock.

Mr. H. H. Adams was host at luncheon yesterday at the Mayflower.

Miss Hawke will repeat the children's spring dancing festival, introducing the playlet, "Beneath a Circus Tent," for the benefit of the building fund for the Episcopal Home for Children.

The performance will take place May 13 at 8:15 o'clock, at the Belasco theater.

The officers of the board of lady managers are Mrs. David Meade Lee, president; Mrs. Arthur A. Berner, first vice president; Mrs. Alexander L. Pope, recording secretary; Mrs. Henry W. O'Leary, corresponding secretary; Miss F. Draper, treasurer, and Mrs. William K. Petty, assistant treasurer.

Mr. and Mrs. William Candler, of Atlanta, Ga., are at the Carlton hotel. Also at the Carlton from Atlanta are Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Webb.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Fletcher, of Brant Green, Worcestershire, England, are passing several days at the Wardman Park hotel. They will depart the latter part of the week for Philadelphia and New York, and will sail for England about May 15.

The annual card party and dance for the benefit of the new building fund of the Shrine of the Most Blessed Sacrament at Chevy Chase will be held this evening at Rauscher's. The complete list of patronesses and patrons follows:

Mrs. Clifford B. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Auth, Mr. and Mrs. James Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. Altenuis, Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Beach, Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Berry, Mr. and Mrs. Brooke V. Beyer, Mr. and Mrs. George I. Borg, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Bowling, Mrs. John Broonan, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Everett L. Bono, Mrs. Elizabeth Bevens, Mr. and Mrs. William Burrell, Mr. and Mrs. Henry H. Byrne, Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Cummings, Dr. and Mrs. Jerome Crowley and Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Clancy.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Costello, Maj. and Mrs. Albert P. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey C. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J. Crowley, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Cantrell, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Rene Dagneaux, Judge and Mrs. William H. DeLacy, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Darr, Dr. and Mrs. J. Ryan Devereux, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Donohoe, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Donovan, Mr. Arthur B. Dickinson and Mr. and Mrs. Irving I. Dennison.

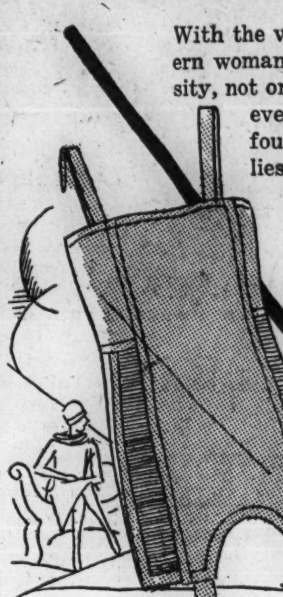
Judge and Mrs. Michael M. Doyle, Mr. and Mrs. Karl Penning, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Galloway, Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Cramm, Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Gerrity, Mrs. Turner Pope Gray, Mr.

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For Every Occasion



With the varied activities of the modern woman, good grooming is a necessity, not only on special occasions, but every hour of the day. The foundation of good grooming lies in the correct foundation garment best suited for the occasion.

Here is a carefully selected corset wardrobe that the woman of fashion will make the foundation of her chic this Spring and Summer.

**For Daytime**

The smart lines of the modern silhouette are achieved by this one-piece combination of lustrous pink satin with pliable surgical elastic inserts.

**\$15**



**For Riding and Sports**

Imported fashioned elastic step-in girdle with a short lacing in the back for easy adjustment.

**\$15**

A bandeau of knitted silk elastic—exquisite and fine in texture—form fitting and supporting—ideal for sports.

**\$8.50**

**For Dancing**

A girdle—fashioned of a bit of crepe de chine with panels of fine elastic—hooks at the side.

**\$10.50**

A bandette—of soft crepe de chine—completes the dance set.

**\$2**

**For Evening**

Long, slender lines are attained by this imported step-in girdle of fine elastic.

**\$20**

Imported French bandeau of cream embroidered net, reinforced with flesh tulle and cut very low in the back.

**\$5**

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—Reg. \$48.95 Rogers regulation size Wardrobe Trunks, at

—Regular \$5.00 enameled Duck Hat Boxes and Suit Cases, choice,

\$15.00 Two-Troy Dress Trunks at

**\$11.95**

**\$5.00**

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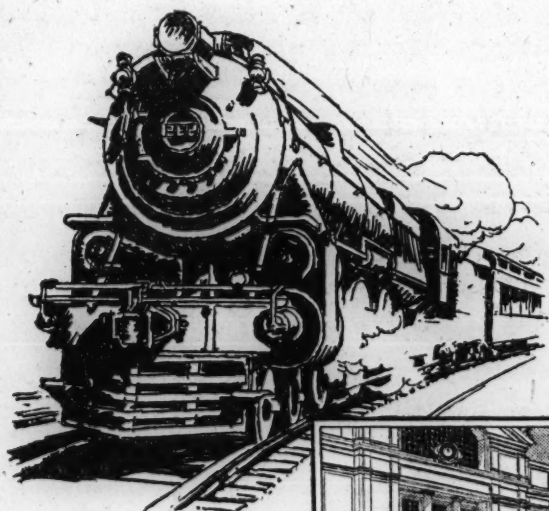
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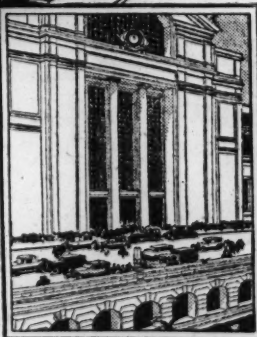
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Carries more passengers, hauls more freight  
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## The Housekeeper



So occupied have we been of late  
with the contest, the radio hour  
and the business of requested  
recipes that I have allowed to ac-  
cumulate here on my desk a number  
of recipes that have been given to us  
by homemakers who are interested in  
this column and who are giving us  
some of their especially good things to  
share with our friends. Some days  
ago Mrs. Roberts, of Oak Street, came  
to pay us a visit and left with us her  
recipe for gingerbread, or molasses  
cake (it is as good with either name  
attached).

### Gingerbread.

Mix a half cup of sugar with a  
fourth cup of molasses and add to this  
a fourth cup of lard. Work these to-  
gether slightly and then add to them  
a half cup of boiling water and blend  
till smooth. Add a little nutmeg, a  
half teaspoon of cinnamon and a pinch  
of ginger, if desired. Add to one cup  
of sifted flour a generous teaspoon of  
soda and beat these dry materials into  
the first mixture thoroughly. The  
mixture should be a thin one and  
baked in a shallow pan in a moderate  
oven until the cake leaves the sides  
of the pan.

Still another visitor at the studio  
left me a recipe that is a most attrac-  
tive one for the use of strawberries,  
which are almost at the height of their  
season just now. I have been wonder-  
ing, too, just what has become of this  
visitor, who, when she left me, was to  
work out something that we planned  
together and bring the result to me  
before making use of it. Have you de-  
cided not to do this thing, Mrs. Clark,  
or is time flying because your days are  
full and engrossing? I should like to  
see you attain this thing which  
you wish so much to accomplish, for  
it may mean much to you. But it will  
also mean hard work at the outset, as  
anything that is worth while means  
hard work, and I am just the least bit  
afraid that you have let something dis-  
courage you and that you have set  
work aside for another day, which is  
postponed from one day to another,  
and that in the end you will forget all  
about it. Here is the suggestion for  
strawberries as a confection that you  
gave me that day. You gave me no  
name for it, but I think it will need  
none.

### Strawberries.

Pick out the large berries of the box,  
and be sure that there are no soft  
spots on them. Wash them and gently  
dry them and, having left the hulls on,  
hold the hulls between the thumb and  
forefinger and dip the berries individu-  
ally in stiffly beaten white of egg.  
Then sprinkle them with confectioner's  
sugar and place them on a close sieve  
to drain for a few moments. Then  
place them in a very slow oven until  
the confection on the outside has  
hardened a bit and remove them at  
once. These—speaking of afternoon  
tea as we did yesterday during our  
radio hour—are an easy and excellent  
confection to make use of at tea time.  
They may be nicely arranged on a  
silver, glass or china dish and be a  
candy, without being a candy, and yet  
take its place.

A third recipe that has come to me  
that I wish to pass along to you this  
morning is one for a caramel pudding.  
It has become separated from its  
identifying signature, therefore, I do  
not know to whom we are indebted  
for it, but we are grateful, neverthe-  
less.

### Caramel Pudding.

One cup of light brown sugar browned  
in a sauce pan, being very careful  
not to burn. Add 1 tablespoon of but-  
ter, a half cup of milk and cook for  
12 minutes. Add a pint of milk and  
2½ tablespoons of cornstarch (mixed  
with milk). Stir this pudding con-  
stantly until it thickens.

I rather dislike to constantly reiter-  
ate that we appreciate—that I appre-  
ciate—the many nice things that are  
said and written to me here at the  
studio and that these gestures that  
come from our friends are the things  
that add so greatly to this work that  
we are trying to do, for homemakers.  
But almost each day that passes brings

something to emphasize the fact. One  
of the recipes for the contest written  
in the most charming, small script on  
an Easter card with happiness and good  
wishes for the Housekeeper—a tele-  
phone call from a friend who preferred  
the word I sent to the little girl of the  
column to any number of recipes  
or help that I could have given through  
the column, readers who call in to as-  
sure us that they read every word of  
this column of ours—and are helped  
by it. We are unable to answer each  
of these communications expressing the  
good will of our friends, but I am eager  
that these friends know how much we  
appreciate their gestures of kindness—  
even though we speak of it only in a  
column in a newspaper.

Time for a menu—and what shall we  
have for dinner? We had on Saturday  
a suggestion for a rolled shoulder of  
lamb. Why not lamb soufflé today, as-  
suming that there may be a few left-  
overs that may, in this manner, be  
done away with?

### MENU

|                                    |                 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Halves of grapefruit               | Celery          |
| Olives                             | Lamb Soufflé    |
| Mashed Potatoes                    | Creamed Carrots |
|                                    | Hot Biscuits    |
| Lettuce Salad with French Dressing | Prune Whip      |
| Milk                               | Tea             |
|                                    | Coffee          |

Lamb Soufflé.  
Melt two tablespoons of butter and  
stir in two tablespoons of flour. And  
gradually one pint of milk, stirring un-  
til thickened. Then add two cups of  
chopped lamb, one-half cup of buttered  
bread crumbs, one teaspoon chopped  
parsley, one-fourth teaspoon pepper and  
one of salt and three egg yolks, well  
beaten. Lastly fold in the stiffly  
beaten whites of the eggs, pour into a  
greased baking dish and bake in a  
slow oven for 35 minutes.

## Sure Relief

**BELLANS**  
INDIGESTION  
25 CENTS  
6 BELLANS  
Hot water  
Sure Relief  
**BELLANS**  
FOR INDIGESTION  
25¢ and 75¢ Pk's. Sold Everywhere

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fastidious  
**TOWN CLUB**  
COFFEE  
M. E. Swing Co.  
Roasters and Distributors

Don't Worry—But Use

## Washington FLOUR

The Perfect Flour for All Purposes

It doesn't matter what you want to bake you  
can count on success with Washington Flour.

Plain Washington Flour bakes everything.

Self-Rising Washington Flour especially for  
biscuits, waffles, etc., when you are in a hurry.  
Try it for strawberry shortcake.

The "Pantry Pals" are for sale by grocers and  
delicatessens in all sizes from 2 pound sacks up.

**Wilkins-Rogers Milling Company**  
Washington, D. C.

1885 1927  
FORTY-TWO YEARS  
WASHINGTON'S FAVORITE

## Oriental Brand Coffee

BROWNING & BAINES, INC.  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

## Nancy Goes A-Shopping

For the name of the shops at which these things may be purchased write  
Nancy Carey, The Washington Post, or call her office, Main 4205, Branch 40.  
1. I do not know that we shall be  
more concerned with the shine on  
our nose with the coming of spring  
than we were in the winter, but I do  
know that I accidentally discovered,  
while a-shopping the other day, that  
there are very nice little compact sets  
to be had in silk cases of a soft shade  
of gray that appear to be just a little  
silk change purse when carried in the  
hand. They are oblong in shape, the  
silk folds around twice entirely fold-  
ing in the little colored powder compact  
and lip stick within, and when it is  
completely folded snaps with a little  
blind snap. They are over all about  
2½ inches in width and 3¼ inches in  
length. The cases are all of gray bro-  
cade silk, heavy silk I may add, and  
the compacts and lipsticks within  
come in gray to match, or in soft rose,  
or soft green. The compact case itself,  
by the way, is made for our own loose  
powder, none of which we may add to  
it at any time without the nuisance  
of purchasing a new filler. They sell  
for \$1.50 complete and would provide  
an excellent gift for a friend.

2. I have again discovered bits of  
good fur that may be had for a  
mere song, and that may well be used  
for new collars for old coats that would  
otherwise have seen their best days,  
but that may, with the aid of a bit of  
new fur, be transformed into an excel-  
lent coat for motoring or for bad  
weather. Or possibly the coat of a  
small son or daughter needs a new  
collar and is otherwise perfectly good.  
These collar length strips of fur, some  
of them all made up ready to apply  
to our garment, are available in pony,  
caracul, calf and in strips of monkey  
fur. There are, unfortunately, but a  
few of them left, and I hesitate to men-  
tion them at all, but those who are  
first to ask us about them and there-  
fore the first to go for them will find  
them as great a bargain as I did at  
\$1 and \$1.50 a collar.

# FIRST

## The New Mode is shown first in Vogue Patterns

The clothes you'll want  
for Summer — Vogue  
plans them for you, with  
Vogue's own chic that  
can't be copied — except  
with the competent aid  
of Vogue Patterns.

Five important fashions  
are sketched on this  
page. Many smart  
women will want  
them all.

**The Bow Coat**  
Flat crease makes the bow  
coat so graceful, so light, so  
easy to wear. . . . and think  
of all the little dresses, skirts,  
and blouses that you'll make  
to go with it! Vogue Pat-  
tern No. 8057. Sizes 16 to 20;  
22 to 40. Price 65c

**The Pleated Bolero**  
How easy—how young—how  
infinitely chic with that mar-  
velous French simplicity that  
means everything! . . . . . Vogue  
Pattern No. 8058. Sizes 16 to 20;  
22 to 40. Price 65c

**Those Sunburst Tucks**  
Different—seemingly hard  
to achieve—delightfully easy  
to achieve with Vogue's aid  
and your own afternoon  
luck! Just off Fifth Avenue,  
Vogue Pattern No. 8059.  
Sizes 16 to 20; 22 to 40.  
Price 65c

**Dark Skirt . . .  
Light Blouse**  
You'd never have thought of  
it last year, but here it is  
new! You can vary the cor-  
sage, too, by merely changing  
the blouse. Vogue Patterns  
No. 8060. Sizes 16 to  
20; 22 to 40; (Shirt No.  
8061, size 28 to 40). Price  
40c each

**The Composé  
Effect**  
Modern—daring—but utterly  
right! Choose your colors  
wisely, and you'll see no du-  
plices. . . . . Vogue Pattern  
No. 8025. Size 16 to 20;  
22 to 40. Price 65c

Now on Sale

40 cents 65 cents

## Woodward & Lothrop Lansburgh & Bro.





### Removes Tan!

"I'm no longer afraid to stick my head out doors," and I enjoy motoring, swimming and other sports," says charming Miss Anna Schwab, 307 E. 81st St., New York City. "Now I know how quickly and easily Black and White Beauty Bleach gets rid of the darkening, roughening effects of the weather. Bleaches seemed to irritate my skin—and sometimes left it darker than before—but the dainty cream, Black and White Beauty Bleach, is soothing and cooling, erases every trace of tan or freckles, and keeps my skin transparently fair and lovely."

Satisfied users everywhere praise the almost magical way this greaseless, flesh-colored cream removes freckles, tan and all discolorations, and whitens and refines the skin. You can get the generous 50c jars of it from more than 80,000 dealers.

Best results come from using Black and White Skin Soap along with the Black and White Beauty Creations.



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Enjoy the outdoors even if your skin is tender and easily reddened and roughened by wind, dust or sun. A bit of Resinol will quickly ease the burning and itching, and make the skin soft and smooth again. Many women keep this soothing ointment always ready to heal the first sign of skin disorder—a pimple, rash, etc. Your druggist sells it—try it.

Free—Write Resinol, Dept. 77, Baltimore, Md., for a sample of

**Resinol**

### COOLIDGE'S CONFERENCE TALK ON WRC TONIGHT

Pan-American and Chamber Meeting to Hear President at 9 o'clock

MOVIE CLUB OVER WMAL

President Coolidge will address a joint meeting of the Pan-American commercial conference and the Chamber of Commerce of the United States at the Washington auditorium tonight. It will be broadcast over WRC of the Radio corporation and 30 or more other stations throughout the country, beginning at 9 o'clock.

Nancy Carey, director of The Post's Home Efficiency Service, will give another of the series of Homemakers' hours at 10:30 o'clock this morning. How two white mice harnessed the jungle-power of northern Siam into a dramatic picturization of the elemental battle between man and beast, in which the chief actors were wild tigers, elephants and leopards, will be told over the radio tonight at 8 o'clock by Maj. Merian C. Cooper, the feature of this week's Evening hour.

Accompanied by Ernest B. Schoedsack, Maj. Cooper passed a year and nine months in the interior of Siam in the making of the Paramount picture "Chang." Maj. Cooper, in his talk for the Eveready hour, promises to explode two theories, one of recent origin, regarding tigers. First he proposes to show that despite customary belief, a man up a tree is not always safe from a ravenous tiger, and secondly, that irrespective of late reports, tigers in Siam are of menacing propensities.

Traveling in the Nan district of North Siam, which is literally infested by tigers, Maj. Cooper had his greatest thrill, the rounding up of "Mr. Crooked," a yellow-striped man-eater that had slain nineteen natives.

Today's program will open at 4 o'clock, with a concert by the United States Navy band, followed at 5 o'clock with dinner music from the Waldorf-Astoria in New York. From 5 o'clock until 6:45, WRC will present baseball scores. John White in songs of the guitar, Columbia university French lecture, by Prof. Philip Molt, and Torrey and Viviano with accordion and violin.

The Hotel Mayflower orchestra will be heard at 7 o'clock. The morning program opens at 10 o'clock with Hi-10 Musical Moments. Following Nancy Carey's homemakers' hour will be the Greenwich Village inn orchestra from New York and the Raleigh Hotel orchestra.

There will be a talk on "Wheat Production in Maryland" by W. B. Kemp, associate professor of genetics and agronomy, University of Maryland, after which will come the Inoco hour of music, directed by Moe Baer. There will be many other attractions during the evening, among them the musical Caribbeian family and concluding with the WMAL Radio Movie club, which will have as its guest, Frank Silver, composer of "Yes, We Have No Bananas."

Orrin E. Dunlap, Jr., the well-known radio expert and author of "Dunlap's Radio Manual," will be interviewed before WEAF's microphone at 6:45 o'clock. Members of the radio audience who are interested in the future development of broadcasting will very likely be interested in the comments of Mr. Dunlap.

George Olsen's orchestra will be heard tonight at 7 o'clock through WJZ, KDKA and the blue net. Selections from nine of the best known grand opera will be given by a quartet from the National Grand Opera company at 8 o'clock through this same hook-up.

A summer series of 21 concerts will be presented by various well-known artists in half-hour programs. The opening concert will be next Sunday night. That, as well as the two following, will be presented by the American Singers, a quartet comprising Charles Harrison, first tenor; Redfern Hollinshead, second tenor; Vernon Archibald, baritone, and Frank Croton, basso. They will be followed by Allen Mo-

## RADIO PROGRAMS

TUESDAY, MAY 8.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

LOCAL STATIONS.

NAL—Arlington (435)

10:05 a. m.—3:45 and 10:05 p. m.—Weather reports.

WHBF—Radio Hospital Fund (256)

11 to 12 noon—Program and police reports.

WMAL—Leece Radio Co. (394)

6:30 p. m.—News flashes.

6:45 p. m.—"Golden Grain," a talk on wheat production in Maryland by W. B. Kemp, associate professor of genetics and agronomy, University of Maryland.

7 p. m.—"Inoco" Hours of Music," directed by Moe Baer.

8:15 p. m.—"The District War Memorial," by Will P. Kennedy.

8:15 p. m.—Program of Russian music presented by Rosa Polle-Jarman, mezzo-soprano, and Elizabeth Gardner Coombs, pianist.

8:45 p. m.—"Seeing by Radio," an address.

9 p. m.—Musical program by an octet of wind instruments, played by students of the U. S. Army Music school.

9:30 p. m.—The Caribbeian Concert company—Earl Caribbeian, baritone; Bob Caribbeian, xylophonist and soloist; Lillian Caribbeian, accompanist.

10 p. m.—"The Screen Letter Box," conducted by Colby Harriman.

10:10 p. m.—Dance program by Leibert orchestra.

10:30 p. m.—WMAL Radio Movie Club," conducted by Norman W. Pyle, featuring stage attractions from Palace theater, including Frank Silver, composer of "Yes, We Have No Bananas."

11:30 to 11:40 p. m.—News flashes.

WRC—Radio Corp. of America (469)

6:45 to 7:45 a. m.—Tower health exercises broadcast jointly with WEAF.

10 a. m.—Hi-10 musical moments.

10:30 a. m.—Homemakers' hour by Nancy Carey, of The Post home efficiency service, presented through courtesy of Chestnut Farms dairy and the Carry Ice Cream Co.

11:15 a. m.—Greenwich Village Inn orchestra from New York.

12:15 p. m.—Organ recital.

12:45 p. m.—Raleigh Hotel orchestra.

4 p. m.—Concert by the United States Navy band.

5 p. m.—Waldorf-Astoria orchestra from New York.

5:35 p. m.—Baseball scores.

6 p. m.—John White, songs with guitar.

6:15 p. m.—Columbia university French lecture by Prof. Philip Molt from New York.

6:30 p. m.—Torrey and Viviano, accordion and violin, from New York.

6:45 p. m.—"Book Reviews," by Mrs. Nina Reed.

7 p. m.—Hotel Mayflower orchestra.

7:30 p. m.—"Great Moments in History."

8 p. m.—Howard correct time.

8 p. m.—Eveready hour.

Quahe, who will conduct a series of three concerts. The American Singers will then return for another group of three concerts, the quartet being presented in response to the popular appeal of quartet singing as evidenced in a recent survey made by the sponsor, which showed 40 per cent of the listening public like quartet music best, with the tenor soloist second in favor. Announcement with respect to the tenth and succeeding concerts will be made later.

9:30 p. m.—Address of the President of the United States before a joint meeting of the Pan-American commercial conference and the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, broadcast from the new Washington auditorium.

10 p. m.—Hofbrau orchestra from New York.

DISTANT STATIONS.

PWX—Havana (400)

9:30 p. m.—Sevilla-Biltmore orchestra.

CZE—Mexico City (350)

10 p. m.—Lecture, music.

CYS—Mexico City (410)

10 p. m.—Talks.

KMOX—St. Louis (348)

10 p. m.—to 1 a. m.—Continuous.

KDKA—Pittsburgh (309)

12 m.—Weather.

6 p. m.—Concert.

8 p. m.—Program.

KFI—Los Angeles (467)

10 p. m.—to 1 a. m.—Program.

KGO—Oakland (361)

10 p. m.—to 1 a. m.—Program.

KOA—Denver (332)

8:30 p. m.—Dinner concert.

KPO—San Francisco (428)

9 p. m.—to 2 a. m.—Program.

KTHS—Hot Springs (375)

10 p. m.—Organ recital.

11:30 p. m.—Dance concert.

KSD—St. Louis (345)

7 to 9:30 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

KYW—Chicago (535)

9:30 p. m.—Studio concert.

WBAL—Baltimore (246)

6 p. m.—Lady Baltimore.

10 p. m.—Municipal band.

11 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

WBAP—Fort Worth (476)

10:30 p. m.—to 12 a. m.—Concert.

WEZ—Springfield, Mass. (333)

9 p. m.—Musical program.

WBBM—Chicago (236)

10:15 p. m.—Harmony time.

11 p. m.—Supper club.

WCAE—Pittsburgh (461)

8 to 10 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WCCO—Minneapolis-St. Paul (416)

7:30 p. m.—Musical program.

WEAF—New York (492)

7 p. m.—Orchestra.

7:30 p. m.—Ensemble.

8 p. m.—Eveready hour.

9 p. m.—Pan-American conference.

WDAF—Kansas City (366)

7 p. m.—School of the air.

12:45 a. m.—Nighthawks.

WFI—Philadelphia (395)

7 to 10 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WGN—Chicago (303)

8 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

10 p. m.—"Sam n' Henry."

WEEL—Boston (349)

9 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WGY—Schenectady (380)

8 to 9:30 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WGBS—New York (316)

8 p. m.—Hymn sing.

WGR—Buffalo (319)

8 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WHO—Des Moines (326)

12 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

WLIB—Chicago (303)

7 p. m.—Dinner concert.

11 p. m.—to 12:30 a. m.—Organ waits time.

WJZ—New York (484)

8:30 p. m.—Concert orchestra.

6:45 p. m.—to 8 p. m.—WJZ.

7 p. m.—Stromberg-Carlson orchestra.

8 p. m.—Grand opera program.

9 p. m.—Pan-American conference.

10 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

WLS—Chicago (345)

9 p. m.—to 1 a. m.—Program.

WLV—Cincinnati (422)

8 p. m.—Studio features.

9 p. m.—Orchestra.

WLWL—New York (384)

7 to 10 p. m.—Program.

WMAK—Buffalo (266)

9:30 p. m.—Old-fashioned dance program.

10:30 p. m.—Trio.

WNAO—Boston (430)

7 to 10 p. m.—Continuous.

WOC—Davenport (484)

9:30 p. m.—Musical program.

WOB—Newark (405)

6 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WPG—Atlantic City (300)

7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WRNY—New York City (374)

7 to 11 p. m.—Continuous.

WSAI—Cincinnati (326)

8 to 10 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WTAM—Cleveland (389)

8:30 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

11 p. m.—Revue.

WZL—Chicago (303)

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WOB—Newark (405)

6 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WPG—Atlantic City (300)

7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WRNY—New York City (374)



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**Pauline**  
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Illustrated is a tailored frock of flat crepe. Double kick pleats in skirt, finished with a neat belt of same material. Piped in contrasting colors. In all the new Spring shades.

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1111 Connecticut Avenue  
JOHN B. COCHRAN, THOS. P. HICKMAN,  
President V. P. and Cashier

## VITAL STATISTICS

## BIRTHS REPORTED.

Richard H. and Lella J. Rothman, boy.  
Richard H. and Lella J. Rothman, boy.  
James and Glendora Mason, girl.

## LICENSED TO MARRY.

Dewitt C. R. Hamberger, 24, and Henri-  
etta Albert, 20. The Rev. J. F. Wenzel.  
Harry B. Post, 21, and Dorothy C. John-  
son, 20. The Rev. C. A. DeVaughn.  
Alvin E. Fox, 20, and Lillian D. Hanson,  
19. The Rev. J. A. Ennis.

John H. Williams, 22, and Sadie Dodge, 21.  
The Rev. L. Wright.  
George W. Williams, 41, of Baltimore, and  
Evelyn L. Davis, 22, of the Rev. J. S. Mon-  
gomery.

Frank J. Smith, 20, and Della B. Steffe,  
40. The Rev. H. M. Henrich.  
Emilio C. Bauer, 21, and Eva M. Rawlins,  
19, both of Richmond. The Rev. H. T. Stan-  
ley.

William Walker, 21, and Theodore Williams,  
19. The Rev. V. N. S. Hughes.  
Joseph L. Williams, 23, and Clytie S.  
Swan, 19. The Rev. L. T. Hughes.

Edward Brown, 23, of New York, and Mary  
Curtis, 19. The Rev. W. M. Hoffman.  
Emmanuel E. Lombard, 43, and Helen C.  
Carnal, 23. The Rev. E. L. Bucky.

Anthony G. Mandie, 23, and Elizabeth J.  
Lanza, 20. The Rev. S. Karapiperis.  
Edgar H. Hart, 22, and Edna C. Nickerson,  
19. The Rev. W. M. Hoffman.

Harry Greer, 20, and Zerahtha Richard-  
son, 23. The Rev. J. M. Butler.  
Linwood C. Kelly, 21, and Eva D. Wash, 19.  
The Rev. W. M. Hoffman.

## DEATHS REPORTED.

Joseph T. Kengle, 85 yrs., 2336 Wisconsin  
ave. S. E. Burial, 84 yrs., 1020 Park  
rd. w. Burial, 82 yrs., U. S. Sol-  
diers' Home hosp.

Lella Dale Winters, 51 yrs., 314 Buchanan  
st. w. Burial, 1206 11th st. w.  
George W. Robey, 73 yrs., 1105 G st. w.  
Mary Marie Larkin, 71 yrs., 1105 G st. w.  
Margaret Helms, 4 yrs., Children's hosp.

Anna Chipman, 10 months, Children's hosp.  
Anna Washington, 50 yrs., 107 E. w. w.  
Charles Parke, 67 yrs., 1359 Wallace  
pl. w. Burial, 1174 S. st. w.

Infant of Aloise and Elmina Chlan, 1 day,  
1174 S. st. w.

The memory of Emma M. Gillett, of  
Washington, who was one of the country's  
distinguished lawyers, is to be  
honored at memorial services here May  
15. Legal, professional, patriotic and  
other organizations plan to take part.

Miss Gillett, who died here last Jan-  
uary, was a pioneer in opening the  
study and practice of law to women,  
and she was the founder of the Wash-  
ington College of Law, the only law  
school in the country conducted by  
women. Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley is chair-  
man of the committee on arrangements  
for the memorial.

**KAPLOWITZ**  
ON NINTH ABOVE G ST.  
A TREMENDOUS SALE  
BEAUTIFUL DRESSES

VALUES TO \$35  
THE SILKS ALONE COST MORE  
THAN \$9.75.

THE WORKMANSHIP ALONE COST  
MORE THAN \$9.75.

A WONDERFUL FEATURE SALE OF  
BEAUTIFUL DRESSES - DISTIN-  
GUISHED FASHIONS OF DISTIN-  
TION AND QUALITY FOR

COUNTRY CLUBS - RESORTS  
TOWN - SPORT - TRAVEL  
STREET - AFTERNOON

JIZES 14, 16, 18  
JIZES 13, 15, 17  
JIZES \$6 TO 44

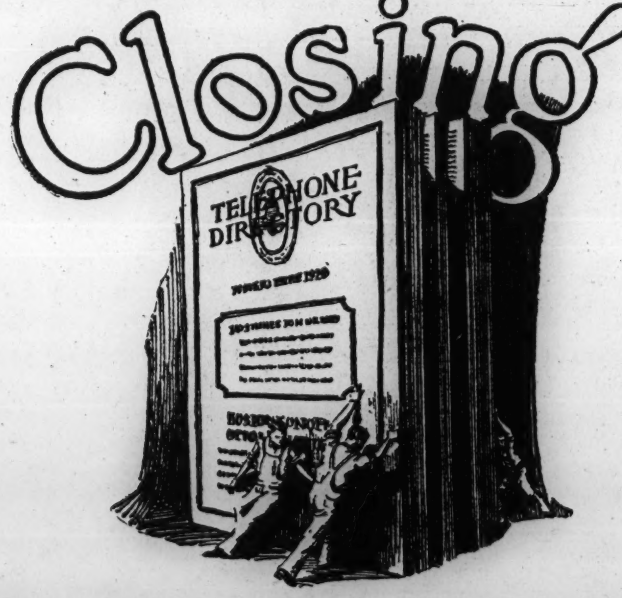
—ALSO BEAUTIFUL HAND-TAIL-  
ORED COATS FOR \$16 - VALUES  
UP TO \$59.

## BUY FROM



**R.L. TAYLOR MOTOR CO.**  
14th St. at T. North 9600  
QUALITY AT LOW COST

**CHEVROLET**



The Telephone Directory  
goes to Press on  
May 13

All orders involving changes in, or  
additions to, listings and advertising,  
must be given to us before this date, if  
they are to be included in this issue.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC  
TELEPHONE COMPANY

Business Office, 723 13th Street N.W.

Telephone: Main 12000

Civic Repertory Theater  
Brings in a Spanish Play

Josephine Hutchinson and Leona Roberts, Former  
Ram's Head Players, Score in "The Cradle Song."  
Scene Laid in a Convent.

The New York Civic Repertory  
theater presents "The Cradle Song," a  
comedy, in two acts, with an interme-  
dium, in verse, by Gregorio and Maria Martinez  
Serra, translated into English by John  
Garet Underhill.

THE CAST.  
Sister Sagrada..... Ruth Wilson  
Sister Marcella..... Beatrice De Neergard  
Sister Ursula..... Margaret G. Kruger  
Sister Joanna of the Cross.....

The Mistress of Novices..... Eva Le Gallienne  
The Vicar..... Leona Roberts  
Sister Teresa..... Margaret G. Kruger  
Sister Ines..... Elida Pionetti  
A Confessor..... Robert G. Kruger  
Sister Maria Jesus..... Robert G. Kruger  
The Doctor..... Josephine Hutchinson  
Teresa..... Robert G. Kruger  
Antonio..... Robert G. Kruger  
Agnes McCarthy..... Gloria Marshall  
Kathryn Kingston..... Kathryn Kingston  
Vaughan, Frances Du Moulin.

Straight from a triumphant season  
in New York, the Civic Repertory the-  
ater moved into the National last night  
unfolding under the ancient roof-tree  
one of the most remarkable plays of  
the year—"The Cradle Song."

Though billed as a comedy, only in the  
broadest sense of the term may the  
appellation be fitted to the work of  
Gregorio and Maria Serra, Italian play-  
wrights. The scenes are laid in a  
convent, a cloistered world of Dominican  
nuns, permits of a subdued clash of  
character upon character—the sancti-  
moniousness of the ultra-religious  
against the playfulness of the pseudo-  
worldly; but, aside from that and the  
humor it engenders there is more the  
keynote of tragedy, if any, than of  
story, stripped to its simplicity. As to  
with a founding adopted by the  
order and, later, of her being given  
away in marriage by the nuns.

In the hands of a theater incapable  
of appreciating the artistry that lies  
back of the Spanish work, "The Cradle  
Song" would be doomed, forthrightly,  
to failure. But the Civic Repertory  
plumbed and possessed by Miss Eva

Le Gallienne and her players projects  
its beauty over the footlights. There is  
here, not so much of drama as of a  
medley of its kindred, especially of  
poetry, and of philosophy, and even  
of things sometimes thought foreign  
to the stage—intemperance and the  
off-berated vice, pulpitering. For-  
sooth, there are times when the  
anchors drag.

Whatever the play, its merits or ap-  
peal, it serves here as the vehicle to  
lift from the ranks of the little theater  
a group of young ladies, Josephine  
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who watched while the wheels went  
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Something fine in the theater, this,  
and yet a frail piece of dramatic ma-  
chinery that seems as if it might falter  
and stop at any moment, so slight its  
construction, so easy to destroy.

JOHN J. DALY.

BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS  
URGED FOR SCHOOLS

Architect Harris Suggests  
Competition at Manor  
Park Meeting.

Beautification of public school  
grounds was recommended last night  
by Municipal Architect J. Harris at a  
meeting of the Manor Park Citizens  
association. He advocated a systematic  
improvement of the school grounds, and  
suggested that the citizens' association  
hold a competition to see which could  
develop the most beautiful setting for  
the school, to improve the grounds  
around the Whittier school.

Herbert Wilson, H. S. Bryant, C. H.  
Marshall, L. R. Blaylock, George E.  
Schubert and Henry Dieckhoff were ap-  
pointed to represent the association at  
the national conference on city plan-  
ning, which will be held at the Hotel  
Hamilton, May 10 to 12.

The association requested the zoning commission  
adequately to define what is a home  
industry and declared that beauty par-  
lors are "business" and not "home in-  
dustries." The association also re-  
quested the zoning commission to op-  
posed the one-man street cars and sug-  
gested that the Federation of Citizens  
Associations hold an annual conven-  
tion.

A resolution calling upon the com-  
missioners of the National Capital  
Park and Planning commission to  
purchase the 25 acres north of Sheri-  
dan street for school and park purposes  
without further delay was adopted. It  
was said the ground is purchasable at  
a price within the limitation of 125  
per cent of assessed valuation set by  
Congress.

Women Will Meet  
In Farm Conference

The annual convention of the Women's  
National Farm and Garden associa-  
tion will convene today in Ward-  
man Park hotel to discuss agricultural  
problems. Honorary members of the  
association, who have been invited to  
attend the session, include Mrs. Calvin  
Coolidge, Mrs. William Jardine and  
Mrs. Russell Tyson.

The officers of the association are:  
Miss E. Gertrude Copeland, of Cape  
Elizabeth, Maine, president; Mrs. W.  
G. Jones, of New York city, first vice  
president; Miss Marian Roby Chase, of  
Weston, Mass., second vice president;  
Mrs. L. D. Drewry, of Milford, Ohio,  
third vice president; Miss Lena M.  
Phillips, of New York city, correspond-  
ing secretary; Mrs. Jay Clark, of Wor-  
cester, Mass., recording secretary, and  
Mrs. Emmett Carter, of Wilmington,  
Del., treasurer.

A SHAMPOO SHOULD  
"ENERGIZE" YOUR HAIR

This is the latest word on the care  
of the hair! It simply means that  
every time you wash your hair the  
scalp should be slightly stimulated in  
order that the hair-growth may be  
encouraged.

This can easily and surely be ac-  
complished by the use of the well-  
known shampoo, can be used with  
any drugstore. Use one  
teaspoonful dissolved in a cup of  
warm water. This makes a soft,  
plentiful lather—enough to go all  
over the head. It is not only soft,  
fluffy, full of color and seems attrac-  
tively abundant. Canthorx stimu-  
lates the scalp, removes the accumu-  
lating dandruff and removing all  
excess oil, grease and grime. It  
costs only about 2 cents for a thor-  
ough washing.—Adv.

DO YOU KNOW  
that nowadays lots of men are  
creating "life insurance trusts"  
because of the unusual advan-  
tages offered? Let us explain.

**FEDERAL-AMERICAN**  
NATIONAL BANK

FIRST  
MORTGAGE  
LOANS

Prompt attention to all ap-  
plications. Current interest  
rates. Reasonable commis-  
sion.

**Thos. E. Jarrell Co.**  
721 10th St. N.W. Main 766

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JOHN J. DALY.

HAMILTON HOTEL  
HAS NEW OWNERS

Maddux, Marshall, Moss &  
Mallory Purchasers; to  
Have Ballroom.

The Hamilton hotel, Fourteenth  
and K streets northwest, has been purchased  
by Maddux, Marshall, Moss & Mallory,  
Inc. It was announced yesterday. The  
hotel was bought from the Chesapeake  
Hotel Corporation, and while the price  
was not disclosed, it is understood to  
have been in the neighborhood of \$3-  
000,000.

The Hamilton will be added to the  
Maddux, Marshall, Moss & Mallory  
group of hotels in Washington, known  
as the "4-M" hotels, under the general  
management of James T. Howard, head  
of the hotel service of this company.  
Russell A. Conn, one of the best known  
hotel men in the city, will remain as  
resident manager.

Work has been started on a ball room,  
to be located in the basement, and  
which the management of the hotel de-  
clares will be the finest of its kind in  
the city. The Hamilton is the seventh hotel  
to be acquired by Maddux, Marshall,  
Moss & Mallory. This firm now owns or  
controls the Cairo, Martinique, Colonial,  
Arlington, Hamilton, Fairfax and Tilden  
Hotels. The last two being apartment  
hotels.

H. W. WHITTAKER HEADS  
TAKOMA PARK BODY

Citizen Association Holds  
Election; Heinle Tract  
Favored for School.

H. W. Whittaker was chosen president  
of the citizens association of Takoma  
Park, D. C., last night in the Takoma  
Park branch of public library.

Others elected were: George E. Sulli-  
van, first vice president; Mrs. H. K.  
Hobart, second vice president; S. E.  
Reppert, treasurer; S. E. Staebner, sec-  
retary, and Jesse C. Butler and N. Shoe-  
maker, delegates to the Federation of  
Citizens' Associations.

The association went on record as  
approving the Heinle tract of land on  
Sheridan street between Third and  
Fifth streets for the site for the pro-  
posed Brightwood Junior High school.  
The action resulted from a request of  
the board of education, which is seek-  
ing to determine the opinions of civic  
organizations as to the location of new  
schools.

## MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS

ARRIVED MONDAY.  
Byrdam, from Rotterdam.  
Lacoma, from Liverpool.  
Tuscanian, from Havre.  
Frederick VIII, from Copenhagen.  
Cedric, from Southampton.  
Pennland, from Antwerp.  
Bergensfjord, from Oslo.  
Minnesota, from London.  
Hamburg, from Hamburg.  
American Trader, from London.

SAILED TUESDAY.  
Lituania, for Havre.  
SABO WEDNESDAY.  
President Roosevelt, for Bremen.  
Dulio, for Genoa.  
Mauretania, for Southampton.

REPORTED BY RADIO.  
Olympic, from Southampton; due at  
pier 59, North river, Tuesday.  
Conte Rosso, from Genoa; due at pier  
81, North river, Tuesday.  
Cameronia, from Glasgow; due at pier  
56, North river, Tuesday.

Gloucester, from Genoa; due at pier  
56, North river, Tuesday.  
President Van Buren, from world  
tour; due at pier 56, North river, Tuesday.  
Manuel Anus, from Barcelona; due  
at pier 56, North river, Tuesday.

Aquitania, from Southampton; due  
at pier 54, North river, Friday.  
De Graaf, from Havre; due at pier  
57, North river, Friday.

Kuennen, from Bremen; due at sixth  
street, Hoboken, Friday.  
Veendam, from Rotterdam; due at  
fifth street, Hoboken, Friday.

Father's Prison Term Upheld.  
The conviction of Benjamin Miller  
and a sentence of ten years in prison  
imposed upon him on a charge of mis-  
treating his minor daughter, was up-  
held yesterday by the court of appeals.  
The offense was alleged to have occurred  
in August, 1925, while Miller was  
employed as a watchman in a lumber  
yard near Fifth street and Florida  
avenue northeast. Assistant District  
Attorney Raymond Neudecker pro-  
secuted Miller.

Anna M. Murphy, owner of the  
premises at 1222 N. street northwest,  
sued Miller yesterday in circuit court  
against David I. Stern and Frank  
Tomlinson, of 1412 I street northwest,  
for \$5,000 damages. Through attor-  
neys Frey and Herwig the plaintiff  
says that the defendants erected an  
apartment house at 1222 N. street and  
damaged her property.

If you are looking for keen workers  
who are "up in the morning," find them  
quickly with a Post Help Wanted Ad.  
Just phone Main 4504.

## THE WEATHER

## TODAY'S SUN AND TIDE TABLE

Sun rises.....5:00 High tide...9:34 9:35  
sets.....7:06 Low tide...3:24 3:10

## WEATHER CONDITIONS.

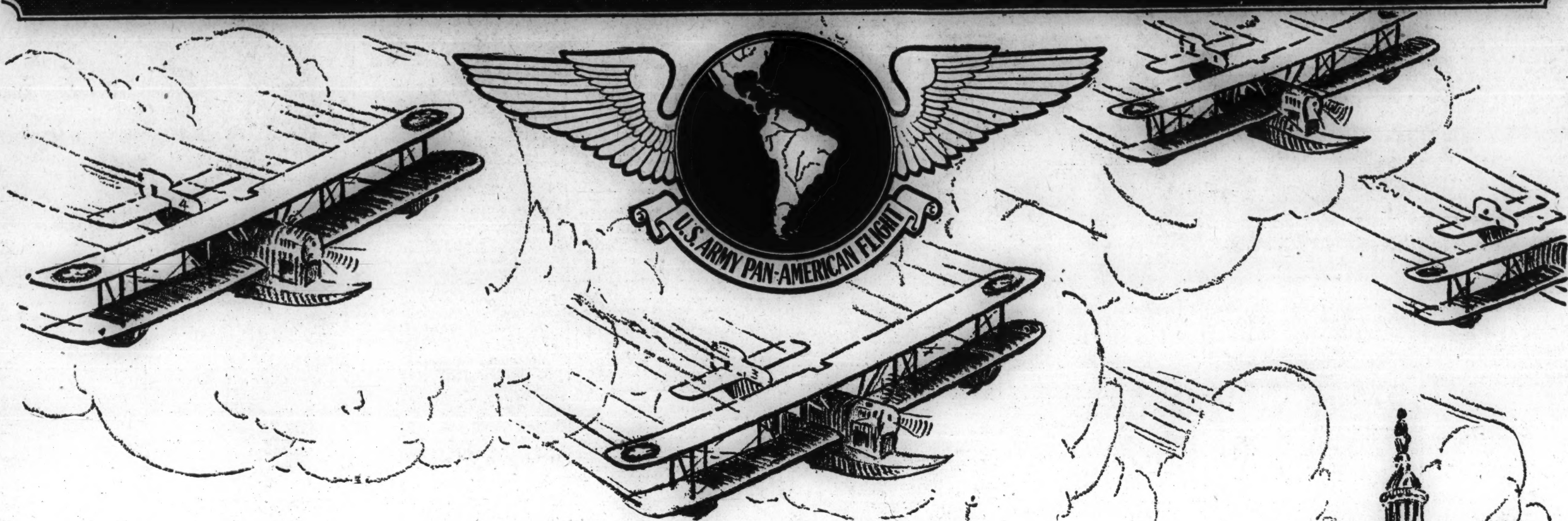
Washington, D. C., May 3, 8 a. m.  
Forecast for the District of Columbia—  
cloudiness Tuesday; Wednesday  
showers; not much change in temperature;  
gentle southerly winds, shifting to moderate  
northwest Wednesday.

For Maryland and Virginia—Increasing  
cloudiness Tuesday; Wednesday showers; not  
much change in temperature; gentle to mod-  
erate southerly winds, shifting to northwest  
Wednesday.

The disturbance that was central over the  
ocean between Bermuda and Nova Scotia Mon-  
day night has moved rapidly northeastward to  
the coast of New England. The western dis-  
turbance now extends from Manitoba and Minnesota  
to southern Texas, with three centers. Abilene,  
Tex., 24.5, and Duluth, Minn., and Devils  
Lake, N. Dak., 20.54 inches. High pressure  
centers over Alberta and Saskatchewan, and  
from the north Pacific coast eastward to Mon-  
tana and northern Wyoming, and in the vicin-  
ity of Bermuda. Showers have occurred with-  
in the last 24 hours in the north Atlantic  
coast, the lake region, the upper Mississippi  
valley, North Dakota, Montana, the north  
Pacific states and the Canadian provinces. A  
snow has fallen in portions of Saskatchewan  
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middle Atlantic coast



# U.S. ARMY PAN-AMERICAN FLIGHT



## Good Will Fliers Reach Washington They used AMOCO Products through the whole flight!

**T**HE Pan-American Good Will Flight was a great triumph for the Army Air Service, its men and airplanes. It was a triumph as well for AMOCO Products.

AMOCO-GAS (Aviation Grade) and AMOCO Motor Oil were used throughout the whole flight from Kelly Field, San Antonio, to Bolling Field, Washington, by way of the Argentine.

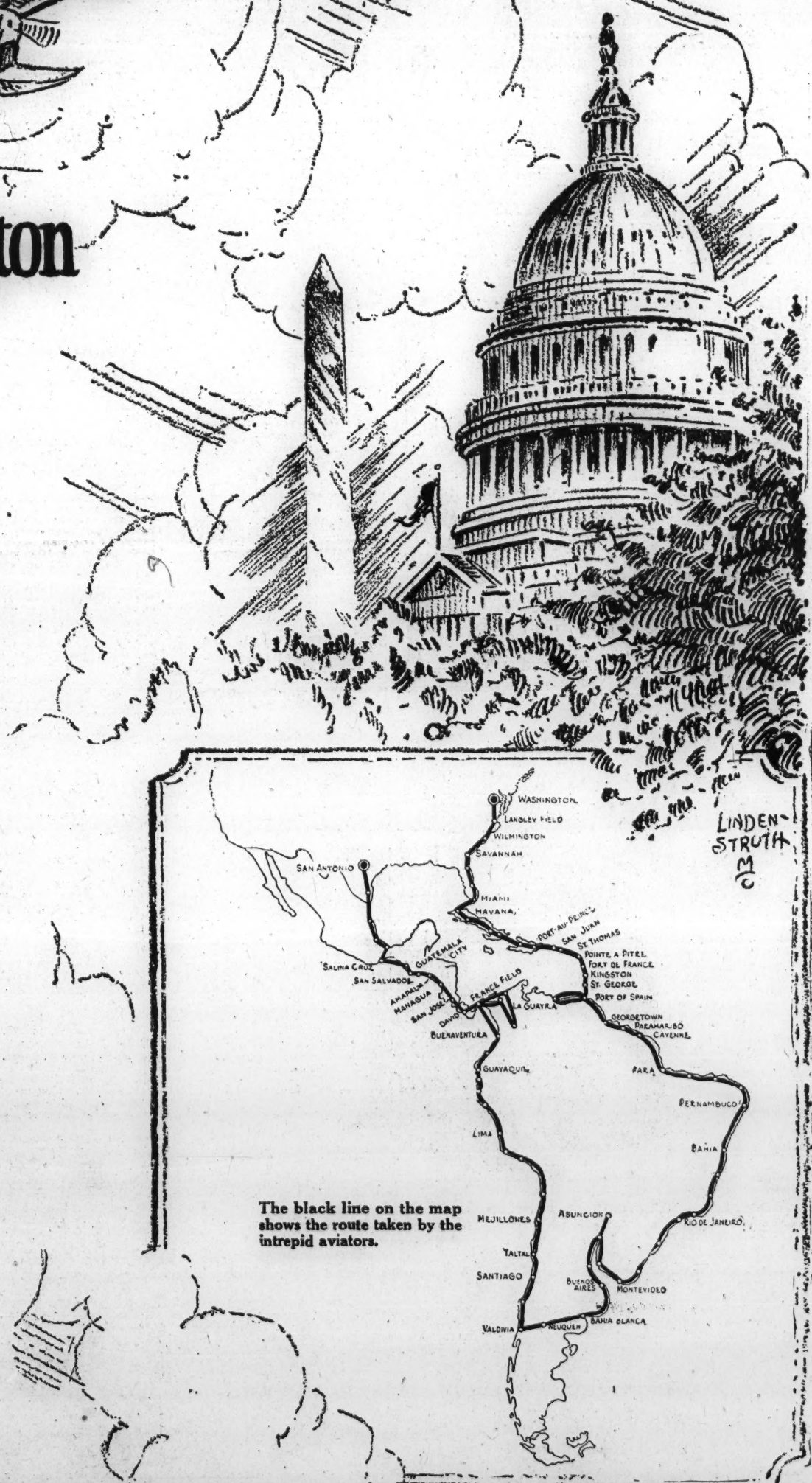
Throughout this flight--across Central America, down the west coast of South America, over the Andes and the pampas of the Argentine and northward along the coast of Brazil and through the West Indies--most unusual conditions and frequent changes of temperature were encountered but AMOCO-GAS (Aviation Grade) and AMOCO Motor Oil, the only fuel and oil used, proved that they were trustworthy and kept the motors running at top efficiency.

This extended trip has demonstrated once again the dependability of AMOCO Products. In the air, on the water, or on the ground--in airplanes, automobiles or motor boats--wherever you go, whenever you go, you can put your trust in AMOCO!

### THE AMERICAN OIL COMPANY

Affiliated with

Pan American Petroleum & Transport Company and its subsidiary Mexican Petroleum Corporation



The black line on the map shows the route taken by the intrepid aviators.

AMOCO-GAS

THAT  
IDEAL  
COMBINATION

AMOCO  
MOTOR OIL



# Magazine Page of Fashions and Features

## WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD

Debt, Worry and Love.

DEAR MISS McDONALD—Disgraced husband as I am, I can not refrain from writing you to air my grievances. My wife is extravagant, headstrong, and seems to have the disposition of a movie star. Here I thought I would now be safe from the flappers and look at the mess I am in. Because I smile at the women, talk amiably to them, and try to treat them as human beings, knowing now that they can't use me for breach of promise, my wife thinks that I am flirting with them. She gets so that she just turns white with envy and green with jealousy. Although I am a good husband (at least she says so when she isn't mad), I can't seem to convince her that all these women don't mean a thing to me. Then, too, she has been cooking talk about economy, she just turns off at all, and though she has work of her own which increases our income considerably, we just manage to break even. Last year we got ourselves a much-needed flivver for use in our work and pleasure. This cute little invigorated me into being a good sport, and with the savings from both of our incomes we were able to put a fur coat on her back. She just thinks she did. I got the happy, generous thought myself a couple days after she had done some rather broad hinting. This cute little woman thinks I'm a back number because I won't take her out at least four evenings a week. I manage to break away with her for two evenings a week, and we certainly enjoy ourselves then, but it sure is a relief to get rid of her those other two evenings, when she goes out to play bridge and whatnot with her friends. Then I can get some work done. She takes me over the

coals for not joining a couple of clubs, but I just smile and let her rave. The other evenings when we are home together, she seems to calm down and be herself. Oh what shall I do? How much longer can I stand the strain of this? TWENTY-SEVEN.

One wonders just how many broken marriages began to splinter in just this fashion—the boy of 27 conscious of living beyond his earnings the spend-thrift wife trying to keep up appearance with the bridge table friends; the fur coat in place of the bank account for the rainy day; the man working evenings to make a little more; the wife complaining that he works; the husband seeking the moment of forgetfulness in women's smiles; the wife nursing her secret grievance that this is so. It is all a perfect picture of the domestic situation in a thousand little homes right in this very town. What is it all about? Why can not two people who really care, live for each other rather than for the world that does not care? Why must they spend and strive and struggle, and in the end finally forget that once they loved, that once the world was a moonlight night and they two all that mattered? It costs so little to keep love strong and healthy. Why then the debts, the doubts, the quarrels and the sad good-bys? Fur coats! How much these hideous garments have to answer for! First for making woman-kind look all alike, like upright kangaroos, and second for abolishing bank accounts those marvelous first aids to love and marriage. Fur coats! Won't a few husbands join with me in the wish that who ever started the fur coat fad will now start a ban on it, count-fad—just to end things up and give love a chance?

## For Tall and Slender Girls

THIS season, if you are tall and slender, you are undoubtedly envied by all your lesser friends, because so many of the smartest clothes were built for you. The small woman, even though she is slim, must beware of cutting herself into sections, but you may have all the horizontal lines you like and still look beautifully willowy!

The dress in the sketch is especially well adapted to you. The tied yoke, the wide giraffe with its up-front line, the pleated skirt, ending an inch or so above the hemline, would be unbecomingly close together on a short woman, but on you they are charming, graceful lines. Each of these three details is smart in itself, and here they are used in a highly successful combination. And the pleats, of course, are the touch that few chic dresses can do without!

This is a dress that is adapted to a wide variety of materials. If you wish to be decidedly new, Vogue suggests one of the featherweight wools, perhaps wool voile, which is exactly what its name implies, or mouseline, which looks like crepe roman. If coolness is your end and aim, there are the familiar georgettes and crepe-romans or the perennial crepe de chine. Or again, you may prefer to use a print, either in crepe de chine or chiffon; if you choose the latter, you will find innumerable smart new chiffons printed in large patterns—fabrics impossible for the small woman, but very smart for you!

As to color—there was never a season that permitted you more latitude. The most that any one can do is to tell you that blues are most important, greens are good, all tints of rose and flesh are seen—in fact wear the most becoming color you can find, and you will be in the mode.

However, the stockings that you wear this summer with all of your dresses, even the white ones, will be beige—a neutral color that almost matches your skin. And the most practical shoes to complete your afternoon and town costumes are of pale beige kid.

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## Mr. Work's Pointer On Auction Bridge

THE pointer for today is:

IT IS RARELY WISE TO BID NO TRUMP OVER AN ADVERSE SUIT WITHOUT TWO STOPPERS IN THAT SUIT.

Yesterday's hand was held by West who had to decide what to do after a declaration by South.

♠ A-10-3  
♥ A-J-7  
♦ A-K-4  
♣ 5-4-3

My answer slip reads:

No. 1. South pass; West should bid one No Trump.

No. 2. South one No Trump; West should double.

No. 3. South one Spade; West should double.

No. 4. South one Heart; West should bid one No Trump.

My reasons in support of these declarations are:  
No. 1. West, with a King and a Jack in addition to three Aces, with the ideal 3-3-3-4 No Trump division, and in the most advantageous position for it (after a pass by Dealer), has an obvious No Trump.

No. 2. West has adequate strength to justify an "informative" double; namely, five high cards that will probably take tricks—and three of them are Aces. The division of the hand is also admirable for No Trump; and, while neither Major is long, both have three cards and ample strength.

No. 3. As a rule it is inadvisable to bid No Trump over an adverse suit with but one stopper in that suit; when that stopper is taken out, unless eight consecutive tricks can be won, the adversaries are apt to win a total of five tricks and save game. With a hand like West's there is a better chance for a game at partner's best suit.

No. 4. In this case the Heart's—to a practical certainty—being stopped twice, No Trump presents more attractive probabilities than a double. Having two stoppers, the adverse suit is not the menace that it is when it is stopped but once.

Today's West hand follows:

♠ A-8  
♥ A-K-10-5  
♦ A-J-4  
♣ 7-10-4-3

Score love-all; what should West declare after the declarations of South, as stated in the answer slip that follows?

Bridge Answer Slip of April 26.

No. 5. South pass; West should.....

No. 6. South one No Trump; West should.....

No. 7. South one Spade; West should.....

No. 8. South one Club; West should.....

(Copyright, 1927.)

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## Conduct and Common Sense

By ANNE SINGLETON

WHEN EXCHANGING RINGS.

DEAR MISS SINGLETON: Is it good form when a double ring ceremony is had to have the bride's ring white gold and the groom's ring yellow gold? We wish a double ring ceremony; my engagement ring is white gold, hence I desire a white gold wedding ring. My fiancé desires a yellow gold ring. Is this good form?

P. R.

There is no question of good form about this. You have only yourself to please in regard to your wedding ring. As your future husband likes yellow gold, he should have a yellow gold ring. As you prefer white gold, white gold is what you should have. In such matters your personal wishes are to be consulted and not any rules of etiquette.

I should like to tell you a little about good form and etiquette. Never bother your head about either unless some question of consideration to others is behind the custom which puzzles you. The color of your ring is almost a private matter I think. But if you asked me whether you ought to have bridesmaids to please your friends, though you yourself didn't want them,

## Highland Terriers

By ROBERT S. LEMMON.

ALTHOUGH he is one of the best all-around breeds among the smaller dogs, there seems to be a good deal of confusion in people's minds about the West Highland terrier. Many think that he is merely a variety of the better known Scottish. I must confess that there is justification for this, because the two dogs are of rather similar appearance except in the matter of color. They really are separate breeds, however, and each has a perfectly good and long ancestry of his own.

West Highlanders as a pure strain were well known in Argyleshire 70 years ago. Perhaps those kept at Pottaloch were the most famous, as we are told that they were first shown under the name of Pottaloch terriers. They have many of the regular Scottish characteristics and belong in the same general class of desirability as do he and the Sealyham.

All of these heavy-coated terriers are so hardy that they are quite free from many of the ills to which other breeds are heir. They are perfectly able to sleep in an unheated kennel or stable and to withstand exposure to severe weather without being bundled up in hand-knit sweaters and boots. All in all, they are superlatively satisfactory in both city and country—and they will not eat you out of house and home.

(Copyright, 1927.)

## Sacred Cod Figures On Bay State Tags

Boston, May 2 (By A. P.).—And now the sacred cod is to be glorified.

Massachusetts automobile license plates next year are to be adorned with a white codfish against a green background, it was announced today. Work on them has been started at the State prison.

There is nothing new in this situation or in the necessity of giving publicity to it. It has been going on long enough to have had serious results in many regions through the practical extermination of certain wildflowers. Coupled with the clearing of the land it has wiped out the trailing arbutus from sections where this delightful plant used to flourish, wrecked thousands of dogwood trees in the East, and made severe inroads on the ranks of the wild columbine, lady's slipper, laurel and other treasures of the spring and early summer. To combat it there must be aroused widespread public spirit of protection.

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### MAJOR STOCKS SCORED AMONG BONDS

Trading Generally Is at Low Ebb With Market's Under-tone Firm.

### JAPANESE ISSUES ACTIVE

New York, May 2 (By the Associated Press).—Although trading in the bond market today was at a low ebb, continued easy credit conditions contributed to a firm undertone. There were a number of substantial gains, and several highs for the year, or longer, were attained.

Much of the demand centered in railway mortgages, among which advances of a point or more were numerous. Missouri Pacific 5s, however, moved against the general trend in further reflection of damage sustained in the Mississippi flood area. New 1927 peaks were reached by Chicago & Eastern Illinois 5s, Chicago Great Western 5s, Chicago Indianapolis & Louisville 6s and Louisville & Nashville 4s.

Nearly \$2,000,000 of Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit 5s changed hands around 100 1/2, coincident with the public offering of \$10,262,200 of the bonds recently purchased by New York bank-ers for the Washington Corporation. The issue was promptly oversubscribed at 101 1/2.

A few industrials displayed strength, but trading was generally under-tone. White Sewing Machine 5s, with warrants, established a new high and Dominion Iron and Steel gained 3 points. A feeling of growing security in the Japanese financial situation led to increased demand for Tokyo 5s and Yokohama 6s.

United States government issues were irregular.

### BALTIMORE MARKETS.

Baltimore, May 2 (By A. P.).—APLES.—Barrels, Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, 3.50 to 4.50; bushel baskets, Western Maryland and Pennsylvania 1 1/2 to 1 3/4; Maryland, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4; scalded, 50¢ to 60¢; boxes, Pennsylvania, a grade, 1.25 to 1.50.

SWEET POTATOS.—Eastern Shore, Maryland, bushel baskets, yellow, U. S. No. 1, 1.25 to 1.50; white, 1.00 to 1.25; Eastern Shore Virginia, barrels, white, 1.00 to 1.25.

POULTRY.—Turkeys, old hens, 4 1/2 to 5 1/2; 3 to 4 pounds, 30¢ to 35¢; 4 to 5 pounds, 35¢ to 40¢; 5 to 6 pounds, 40¢ to 45¢; 6 to 7 pounds, 45¢ to 50¢; 7 to 8 pounds, 50¢ to 55¢; 8 to 9 pounds, 55¢ to 60¢; 9 to 10 pounds, 60¢ to 65¢; 10 to 11 pounds, 65¢ to 70¢; 11 to 12 pounds, 70¢ to 75¢; 12 to 13 pounds, 75¢ to 80¢; 13 to 14 pounds, 80¢ to 85¢; 14 to 15 pounds, 85¢ to 90¢; 15 to 16 pounds, 90¢ to 95¢; 16 to 17 pounds, 95¢ to 1.00; 17 to 18 pounds, 1.00 to 1.05; 18 to 19 pounds, 1.05 to 1.10; 19 to 20 pounds, 1.10 to 1.15; 20 to 21 pounds, 1.15 to 1.20; 21 to 22 pounds, 1.20 to 1.25; 22 to 23 pounds, 1.25 to 1.30; 23 to 24 pounds, 1.30 to 1.35; 24 to 25 pounds, 1.35 to 1.40; 25 to 26 pounds, 1.40 to 1.45; 26 to 27 pounds, 1.45 to 1.50; 27 to 28 pounds, 1.50 to 1.55; 28 to 29 pounds, 1.55 to 1.60; 29 to 30 pounds, 1.60 to 1.65; 30 to 31 pounds, 1.65 to 1.70; 31 to 32 pounds, 1.70 to 1.75; 32 to 33 pounds, 1.75 to 1.80; 33 to 34 pounds, 1.80 to 1.85; 34 to 35 pounds, 1.85 to 1.90; 35 to 36 pounds, 1.90 to 1.95; 36 to 37 pounds, 1.95 to 2.00; 37 to 38 pounds, 2.00 to 2.05; 38 to 39 pounds, 2.05 to 2.10; 39 to 40 pounds, 2.10 to 2.15; 40 to 41 pounds, 2.15 to 2.20; 41 to 42 pounds, 2.20 to 2.25; 42 to 43 pounds, 2.25 to 2.30; 43 to 44 pounds, 2.30 to 2.35; 44 to 45 pounds, 2.35 to 2.40; 45 to 46 pounds, 2.40 to 2.45; 46 to 47 pounds, 2.45 to 2.50; 47 to 48 pounds, 2.50 to 2.55; 48 to 49 pounds, 2.55 to 2.60; 49 to 50 pounds, 2.60 to 2.65; 50 to 51 pounds, 2.65 to 2.70; 51 to 52 pounds, 2.70 to 2.75; 52 to 53 pounds, 2.75 to 2.80; 53 to 54 pounds, 2.80 to 2.85; 54 to 55 pounds, 2.85 to 2.90; 55 to 56 pounds, 2.90 to 2.95; 56 to 57 pounds, 2.95 to 3.00; 57 to 58 pounds, 3.00 to 3.05; 58 to 59 pounds, 3.05 to 3.10; 59 to 60 pounds, 3.10 to 3.15; 60 to 61 pounds, 3.15 to 3.20; 61 to 62 pounds, 3.20 to 3.25; 62 to 63 pounds, 3.25 to 3.30; 63 to 64 pounds, 3.30 to 3.35; 64 to 65 pounds, 3.35 to 3.40; 65 to 66 pounds, 3.40 to 3.45; 66 to 67 pounds, 3.45 to 3.50; 67 to 68 pounds, 3.50 to 3.55; 68 to 69 pounds, 3.55 to 3.60; 69 to 70 pounds, 3.60 to 3.65; 70 to 71 pounds, 3.65 to 3.70; 71 to 72 pounds, 3.70 to 3.75; 72 to 73 pounds, 3.75 to 3.80; 73 to 74 pounds, 3.80 to 3.85; 74 to 75 pounds, 3.85 to 3.90; 75 to 76 pounds, 3.90 to 3.95; 76 to 77 pounds, 3.95 to 4.00; 77 to 78 pounds, 4.00 to 4.05; 78 to 79 pounds, 4.05 to 4.10; 79 to 80 pounds, 4.10 to 4.15; 80 to 81 pounds, 4.15 to 4.20; 81 to 82 pounds, 4.20 to 4.25; 82 to 83 pounds, 4.25 to 4.30; 83 to 84 pounds, 4.30 to 4.35; 84 to 85 pounds, 4.35 to 4.40; 85 to 86 pounds, 4.40 to 4.45; 86 to 87 pounds, 4.45 to 4.50; 87 to 88 pounds, 4.50 to 4.55; 88 to 89 pounds, 4.55 to 4.60; 89 to 90 pounds, 4.60 to 4.65; 90 to 91 pounds, 4.65 to 4.70; 91 to 92 pounds, 4.70 to 4.75; 92 to 93 pounds, 4.75 to 4.80; 93 to 94 pounds, 4.80 to 4.85; 94 to 95 pounds, 4.85 to 4.90; 95 to 96 pounds, 4.90 to 4.95; 96 to 97 pounds, 4.95 to 5.00; 97 to 98 pounds, 5.00 to 5.05; 98 to 99 pounds, 5.05 to 5.10; 99 to 100 pounds, 5.10 to 5.15; 100 to 101 pounds, 5.15 to 5.20; 101 to 102 pounds, 5.20 to 5.25; 102 to 103 pounds, 5.25 to 5.30; 103 to 104 pounds, 5.30 to 5.35; 104 to 105 pounds, 5.35 to 5.40; 105 to 106 pounds, 5.40 to 5.45; 106 to 107 pounds, 5.45 to 5.50; 107 to 108 pounds, 5.50 to 5.55; 108 to 109 pounds, 5.55 to 5.60; 109 to 110 pounds, 5.60 to 5.65; 110 to 111 pounds, 5.65 to 5.70; 111 to 112 pounds, 5.70 to 5.75; 112 to 113 pounds, 5.75 to 5.80; 113 to 114 pounds, 5.80 to 5.85; 114 to 115 pounds, 5.85 to 5.90; 115 to 116 pounds, 5.90 to 5.95; 116 to 117 pounds, 5.95 to 6.00; 117 to 118 pounds, 6.00 to 6.05; 118 to 119 pounds, 6.05 to 6.10; 119 to 120 pounds, 6.10 to 6.15; 120 to 121 pounds, 6.15 to 6.20; 121 to 122 pounds, 6.20 to 6.25; 122 to 123 pounds, 6.25 to 6.30; 123 to 124 pounds, 6.30 to 6.35; 124 to 125 pounds, 6.35 to 6.40; 125 to 126 pounds, 6.40 to 6.45; 126 to 127 pounds, 6.45 to 6.50; 127 to 128 pounds, 6.50 to 6.55; 128 to 129 pounds, 6.55 to 6.60; 129 to 130 pounds, 6.60 to 6.65; 130 to 131 pounds, 6.65 to 6.70; 131 to 132 pounds, 6.70 to 6.75; 132 to 133 pounds, 6.75 to 6.80; 133 to 134 pounds, 6.80 to 6.85; 134 to 135 pounds, 6.85 to 6.90; 135 to 136 pounds, 6.90 to 6.95; 136 to 137 pounds, 6.95 to 7.00; 137 to 138 pounds, 7.00 to 7.05; 138 to 139 pounds, 7.05 to 7.10; 139 to 140 pounds, 7.10 to 7.15; 140 to 141 pounds, 7.15 to 7.20; 141 to 142 pounds, 7.20 to 7.25; 142 to 143 pounds, 7.25 to 7.30; 143 to 144 pounds, 7.30 to 7.35; 144 to 145 pounds, 7.35 to 7.40; 145 to 146 pounds, 7.40 to 7.45; 146 to 147 pounds, 7.45 to 7.50; 147 to 148 pounds, 7.50 to 7.55; 148 to 149 pounds, 7.55 to 7.60; 149 to 150 pounds, 7.60 to 7.65; 150 to 151 pounds, 7.65 to 7.70; 151 to 152 pounds, 7.70 to 7.75; 152 to 153 pounds, 7.75 to 7.80; 153 to 154 pounds, 7.80 to 7.85; 154 to 155 pounds, 7.85 to 7.90; 155 to 156 pounds, 7.90 to 7.95; 156 to 157 pounds, 7.95 to 8.00; 157 to 158 pounds, 8.00 to 8.05; 158 to 159 pounds, 8.05 to 8.10; 159 to 160 pounds, 8.10 to 8.15; 160 to 161 pounds, 8.15 to 8.20; 161 to 162 pounds, 8.20 to 8.25; 162 to 163 pounds, 8.25 to 8.30; 163 to 164 pounds, 8.30 to 8.35; 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485 to 486 pounds, 24.40 to 24.45; 486 to 487 pounds, 24.45 to 24.50; 487 to 488 pounds, 24.50 to 24.55; 488 to 489 pounds, 24.55 to 24.60; 489 to 490 pounds, 24.60 to 24.65; 490 to 491 pounds, 24.65 to 24.70; 491 to 492 pounds, 24.70



WASHINGTON: TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1927.

15

SLUGGING OF YANKEES SUBDUES NATIONALS, 9 TO 6

Eastern Nine In Series Today

School Champs Meet Strong Foe in Western High Team.

Quinn Opposes Snyder in Box; Netmen in Three Matches.

THE champion Eastern High School baseball team will make its debut in the scholastic series this afternoon at Central High school, engaging the Western team, hailed as its most formidable rival, in a game starting at 3:15 p. m.

Coch Ahearn will undoubtedly lead Larry Snyder to the mound for Western, and Coach Guyon, of Eastern, will retaliate with John Quinn, his ace, who last year carried his team through to the title virtually single-handed. In the event that the respective coaches change their minds before the game time, Edward Bates will be second choice for Western and Oehmann will be alternate for Eastern.

Western, with a well-balanced team which appears strong on paper, will line-up with Capt. Hillery in center field, F. Owens in left field, Walker in right field, Wilson as catcher, Wolcott at second, Q. Owens at first, Stevens at shortstop and Loney at third.

The probable batting order of Eastern will be Shapiro, left field; Cappell, third base; McAllister, center field; Franklin, right field; Hensky at second; Monroe at first; Knorr at shortstop, and Kidwell catching.

While the game will headline the day's activities a number of other teams are to play in what promises to be good games. St. John's and the Georgetown Freshmen will play at the Monument grounds; Central will journey to Garrett Park to meet Georgetown Prep; Woodward and Friends will hold forth on Friend's field, and important tennis matches will bring together Devitt and Episcopal, Woodward and St. Alban's and Eastern and Western.

Lyons Beats Tigers; 7 in Row for Chisox

Detroit, May 2 (By A. P.).—The Chicago White Sox ran their string of consecutive victories to seven today by defeating Detroit in the opening game of the series, 3 to 1.

Chicago. A. B. O. Detroit. A. B. O. Kamm, 3b., 4 1 2 3; Taveras, ss., 4 1 0 3; Dunn, 1b., 3 1 1 3; Riney, 2b., 3 0 2 2; Metzger, cf., 3 0 2 0; McManus, 2b., 4 0 6 4; Falk, 1b., 4 0 2 0; Pollock, 1b., 4 1 2 0; Barrett, 3b., 3 0 3 0; Heilmann, rf., 4 1 2 0; Clancy, 1b., 3 1 1 3; Mauch, cf., 3 1 5 0; Ward, 2b., 2 1 3 0; Farnsworth, 2b., 2 0 2 0; McCurdy, cf., 4 2 1 0; Shea, cf., 2 0 2 0; Lyons, p., 4 1 0 2; Bessler, 1b., 0 0 2 2; Hoenesberger, 1b., 0 0 0 0; Wilson, 1b., 0 0 0 0; Wingo, 1b., 1 0 0 0.

Totals... 33 27 14

\*Batted for Shea in seventh inning.

\*Batted for Lyons in eighth inning.

Chicago won the game 3 to 1.

Lyons pitched a perfect game.

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Mars Wins Dixie Handicap; 20,000 at Pimlico Opening

Man O' War Colt Beat Display by Length in \$25,000 Race.

Special to The Washington Post.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 2.—Walter M. Jefford's Mars packed 124 pounds and raced fourteen other thoroughbreds in the \$25,000 Dixie handicap today, and ran the mile and three-sixteenths in 1:59 2-5, easily one-fifth of a second behind the record for the race made by Chacoret in 1924. Display, last year's Preakness winner, was second, the Seagram stable's Edisto third and Hal Price Headley's Helen's Babe fourth.

The victory was a popular one for Mars, coupled with Edith Cavell in the betting, was made the public choice, and paid \$5.60 to win. Marylanders were disappointed when Single Foot failed to finish in the money. He was a contender for a while, but dropped out of it when the stretch was reached.

When the field was released Helen's Babe, Monferatt, Amberjack and Single Foot were running head and head past the stand, with Mars and Edith Cavell right behind them. Display and Edisto were trailing at this time.

Straightened out on the back stretch. Cottillet took Mars to the outside as Monferatt opened up a lead. Before the far turn was reached Mars had taken command and Display was moving up on the outside, while Helen's Babe was still in contention. At this point Singlefoot began to drop out of it.

Turning for home, it was a certainty that the race was between Mars and Display. Cottillet put up a vigorous ride on the son of Man O' War through the stretch and he won by a length from Display, which also was doing its best to stall off the rush of Edisto.

After a sunny morning, threatening clouds shut down at noon. But the sun broke through and the gay old track was a picture in green, gold and white. The oriole flag flew over the clubhouse and grandstand, and 20,000 people swarmed over the lawns.

K. E. Hitt's colt Miracle, an outsider in the wagering, won the fifth race, the Ashburntury purse for 3-year-olds, by a nose from the McLean stable's Jock which, in a few more strides, would have been the winner.

The early pace-maker, Dignus dropped out of contention rounding the stretch and Miracle and Jock dueled for the remainder of the race. Miracle faltered in the final running but Lang, on Jock, was not able to get up to the winner. Jock was the even-money favorite, Guerdon another highly regarded, was never a contender.

The first race of the meet went to the Brookmeade stable's Favorite II, which led from start to finish. It was the winner's first start and he stepped the half mile in 0:49 flat to take the verdict from Gladys Clark, who placed third money went to Gift Hawk.

Suky outgamed Kathleen Crosby in a drive to the wire to win the 6-furlong dash of the second race. Danger Signal was third. A field of thirteen accepted the issue. Kathleen Crosby raced the heat into submission early and had a fairly comfortable lead when she entered the stretch. However Suky, which moved up strongly on the far turn and went

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 16, COLUMN 2.)

Woman Plays With Men in Golf Meet

Mrs. Dorothy White 1 of 206 in Washington Tourney.

Qualifying Tomorrow, Unattached Players Are Barred.

By HENRY LITCHFIELD WEST.

FOR the first time in the history of District golf tournaments a woman golfer has entered competition with the players who go forth to qualify clad in shirts and knickers. The name of Miss Dorothy White, the District woman golf champion, appears in the list of entries for the spring invitation tournament of the Washington Golf and Country club, of which she is a member, and she has been assigned a time shortly before 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

As Miss White played the course last summer in 79 strokes, and has frequently made the round of eighteen holes in the low eighties, there is unquestionably trouble ahead for some of the competitors in the flight in which she will qualify.

The entry list contains 206 names and will be materially increased by post entries, although it was announced last night by Fred D. Paxton, chairman of the golf committee, that these delayed entrants must be content to take morning assignments.

The list does not include the name of any unattached players, the golf committee having decided to limit the eligibility list to members of clubs. If this limitation had not been adopted, the entry list would have reached many scores of additional names.

The qualification round begins tomorrow and will continue on Thursday with the prizes to be presented by Speaker Longworth on Saturday afternoon. Five sixteens were announced on the program, but it has been decided to add an additional sixteen for the purpose of allowing all visitors an opportunity to continue in match play, even though they should fall outside of the breastworks in the five sixteens scheduled. For this extra sixteen Dave Thompson, who should fall outside of the breastworks in the five sixteens scheduled, will donate the prize.

The pairings and times of play are as follows: WEDNESDAY. 8 a. m. H. H. Robb (Bann.) and Miles Taylor (Bann.); 8:10, G. J. Peter (Bann.) and Dan Page (Bann.); 8:20, E. E. Watson (Cong.) and Forrest Thompson (Cong.); 8:30, R. E. Watson (Cong.) and N. R. Frost (Indian Spring); 9:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 9:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 9:50, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 10:00, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 10:10, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 10:20, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 10:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 10:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 10:50, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 11:00, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 11:10, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 11:20, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 11:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 11:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 11:50, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 12:00, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 12:10, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 12:20, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 12:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 12:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 12:50, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 1:00, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 1:10, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 1:20, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 1:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 1:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 1:50, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 2:00, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 2:10, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 2:20, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 2:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 2:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 2:50, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 3:00, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 3:10, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 3:20, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 3:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 3:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 3:50, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 4:00, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 4:10, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 4:20, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 4:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 4:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 4:50, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 5:00, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 5:10, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 5:20, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 5:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 5:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 5:50, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 6:00, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 6:10, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 6:20, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 6:30, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 6:40, G. C. Smith (12 in 2 1/2 holes) and E. E. Watson (Cong.); 6:50, G. C.











# Baseball

**Yankees' Victory**  
 The Yankees won their 10th straight game today, defeating the Red Sox 10-4 in a game that was a real slugfest. The Yankees scored runs in every inning, while the Red Sox were unable to get going. The Yankees' offense was led by Lou Gehrig, who went 3 for 4 with two home runs and three RBIs. Babe Ruth also contributed with a home run and two RBIs. The Yankees' pitching was led by Lefty Gomez, who pitched a complete game, allowing only four runs and striking out seven batters.

**Red Sox' Struggle**  
 The Red Sox were unable to get going today, as the Yankees' offense overwhelmed them. The Red Sox scored only four runs, all of which came in the first inning. The Yankees' pitching was excellent, with Lefty Gomez allowing only four runs and striking out seven batters. The Red Sox' offense was led by Ted Williams, who went 2 for 4 with one home run and two RBIs. The Red Sox' pitching was led by Noodles Podgorski, who pitched a complete game, allowing 10 runs and striking out four batters.

**Game Summary**  
 The Yankees won 10-4. The Yankees scored runs in every inning, while the Red Sox were unable to get going. The Yankees' offense was led by Lou Gehrig, who went 3 for 4 with two home runs and three RBIs. Babe Ruth also contributed with a home run and two RBIs. The Yankees' pitching was led by Lefty Gomez, who pitched a complete game, allowing only four runs and striking out seven batters.

**Baseball Scores**

| Team    | Score |
|---------|-------|
| Yankees | 10    |
| Red Sox | 4     |

**Close Games Mark Schlag Ball Series**  
 The elementary school Schlag Ball Series was a close one today. The Yankees won 10-4, while the Red Sox were unable to get going. The Yankees' offense was led by Lou Gehrig, who went 3 for 4 with two home runs and three RBIs. Babe Ruth also contributed with a home run and two RBIs. The Yankees' pitching was led by Lefty Gomez, who pitched a complete game, allowing only four runs and striking out seven batters.

**TROUSERS**  
 To Match Your Old Coats  
 EISEMAN'S, 7th & F

**Langmead's**  
 ARM-CHAIR LUNCH  
 831-14 4 & 7/12

**DIAMOND CABS**  
 POTOMAC  
 6200  
 LOWEST RATES IN WASHINGTON

**Have You Thought**  
 where your wife would turn for financial advice and help if you suddenly passed away?

**RADIO SERVICE**  
 SMITH'S  
 1515 14th St. N.W.  
 (Between 14th and 15th) Radio Service in Town

**Cars Washed**  
 CLEAN-QUICK  
 American Auto Laundry  
 1315 14th St. N.W.  
 (Between 14th and 15th)

**AUTOMOBILES**  
 1315 14th St. N.W.  
 (Between 14th and 15th)

**WALTHAM WATCH**  
 \$8.75  
 MARX COMPANY  
 701 7th St. N.W.



ELLA CINDERS—The Big Yachtman. (Ella Cinders gets a full page—and is worth it—every Sunday in The Washington Post.)



GASOLINE ALLEY (Wall and Skeezik will make you laugh in their full-page comedy in The Washington Post, Sunday.)



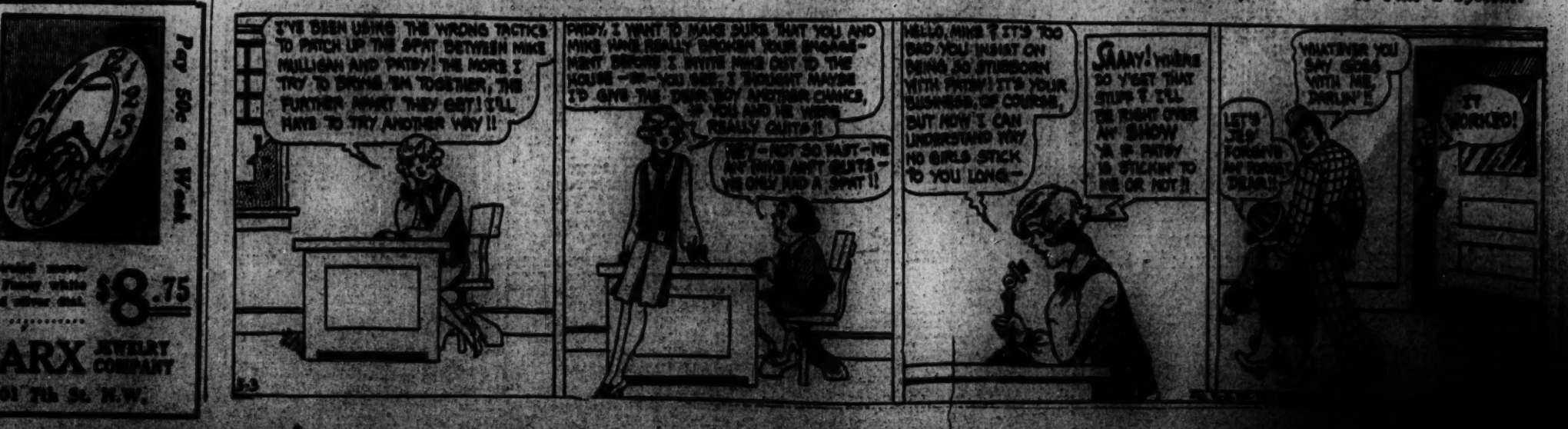
MINUTE MOVIES (All rights protected by the George Matthew Adams Service, Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office.)



CICERO SAPP (See "Hairbreadth Harry," a full page in the colored comic section of The Washington Post, Sunday.)



WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER (Sunday there's a page of Winnie Winkle in The Post.)





**EXCHANGE TRADE LIGHT**

**By F. W. PATTERSON.**  
 Declaring that chain banking is wrong in principle, Representative Louis T. McFadden, chairman of the House committee on banking and currency, has called the attention of J. W. McIntosh, comptroller of the currency, and D. R. Crisinger, chairman of the Federal Reserve board, to the development of a plan looking toward the control of financial institutions in various parts of the country through purchases by holding companies or investment trusts of controlling stock interests.

Under the reported development of this competitive new method of chain banking the centralization of the control of unit banks is proposed and this, according to Representative McFadden, "is a vicious form of chain banking."

Attributing to the chairman of the Federal Reserve board the same power over the Federal reserve system as the comptroller of the currency has over national banks, the chairman of the House committee on banking and currency asks that Gov. Crisinger join in a plan of cooperation "to the end that our independent banking system in this country may be kept free from this kind of domination or control."

There is little doubt that any movement looking toward chain banking can be effectively checked by the comptroller of the currency so far as national banks are concerned. A check up on the sales or transfers of the stocks of the banks could be made by the examining force during their periodical examinations and it could be ascertained in all cases that ownership of shares is properly recorded in the names of the real owners on the stock ledgers and transfer books of the banks.

"There is probably no doubt now," said Mr. McFadden in his letter, "that in the enactment of the McFadden banking bill we have declared a national policy as regards branch banking which has driven some of the people who were striving for the control of unit banking in the United States in look for new methods to exploit the banking resources of the country to serve their own selfish purposes and they are undoubtedly interested in this movement."

**Exchange Trade Limited.**  
The week began quietly on the Washington Stock Exchange and yesterday's transactions were limited to a few transactions, some of which brought about a few developments in the market.  
Several important changes in prices occurred. National Bank gained 1 point to 57 on a single sale of 10 shares. Manufacturers Trust & Storage declined seven eighths to 10 1/2. The Washington Railway & Electric moved and in the small lots at 4 1/2.

14. The bond division Washington  
Railway & Electric Co were fired at 2014.  
Washington Gas Light Co said at 1014,  
while the Co of Arvin "B" said at  
1014.

**Underwriters Meet Today.**  
The District Life Underwriters association will hold a meeting and dinner today at 8:00 p. m., at the Hotel Raleigh.

Edward A. Woods, of Pittsburgh, nationally known life insurance leader, will give the principal address, and the subject which he has selected for discussion will be "Financing Philanthropic Work."

"Bogus insurance can be applied to educational institutions, churches, charities, civic organizations, community trusts, hospitals and other institutions," said Mr. Wood yesterday. "The endowment fund provided by several insurers can be used in several ways. One of the great advantages inherent in the profession of life underwriting is the fact that there are constantly developing new opportunities for the application of the principle of protection, and it is another method of applying this principle."

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 34.)

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XD—Ex dividend. XR—Ex rights. UR—Under rule. Sales of stocks, 157,900 shares. Sales of bonds, \$2,019,000.

Philadelphia, May 2 (By A. P.)—  
FLOUR—Soft winter, straight Western.  
6.75 @ 6.15.  
WHEAT—No. 2, red winter, 1.67 1/4  
bid; No. 2, soft, 1.45 1/4 bid.

**CATS**—No. 3, white, 60¢ @ 1.  
**BUTTER**—Solid packed, higher scoring than extra, 47¢ 50¢; extra, 52 score, 51 score, 43¢; 50 score, 45¢; 50 score, 41¢; 50 score, 38¢; 57 score, 37¢; 50 score, 34¢.

**EGGS**—Extra fresh, 26½¢; fresh, in new cases, 24½¢; fresh, in second-hand cases, 22½¢; 1st cut, 21¢.

**CHICKENS**—New York, whole milk fats, held 17½¢; 1st hand, round lots, 16¢; 2nd, 15¢; single fowls, 24½¢; fresh, 24¢.

**POTATTOES**—White, 100-pound casks, 4¢; 100-pound sacks, 3 1/2¢; 50-pound sacks, 3 1/2¢.

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Baltimore, May 2.—Closing quotations:  
**STATE SECURITIES.**

[illegible]

|                        |        |        |
|------------------------|--------|--------|
| Citizens National Bank | 80 1/2 | 80 1/2 |
| Drivers & Merch Nat Bk | 42 1/2 | 42 1/2 |
| Merch National Bank    | 37 1/2 | 37 1/2 |
| Morris Plan Bank       | 14     | 14     |
| National Central Bank  | 250    |        |
| Nat Marine Bank        | 67     | 69 1/2 |
| Natl Union Bank of Md  | 208    |        |
| Old Town National Bank | 9 1/2  | 9 1/2  |
| Parx Bank              | 29     | 30     |
| Western National Bank  | 40     | 41     |

**INSURANCE COMPANY STOCKS.**

New York, May 2 (By A. P.)—In line with the general movement to mark up steel prices, makers of highly finished automobile sheets in the Youngstown district have advanced prices of a ton, to 4.35 cents a pound from 4.15 cents. Steel production in the Mahoning valley continues this week at an average of 75 per cent. with no marked changes in schedules.

William Greenleaf & Sons report net income of \$5,761,354 for 1926, against net loss of \$490,460 in 1925.

Resident's constitution of commercial failures for the four months this year puts the total at 7,638, with liabilities of \$99,554,141, against 7,281 and liabilities of \$100,000,000 in 1925.

Commercial failures for April 1926 were 1,900, against 1,800 in 1925.

corporate, including new locations opened since January 1, amounted to \$1,350,000, or 10.55 per cent, or 10.55 per cent over the first quarter of 1925.

Directors of Brill corporation have deferred action on the claim a dividend for one month; an initial dividend of 9 per cent was paid on the 15th inst. The regular quarterly dividend of 9 per cent was deferred until the 15th of the preferred was declared.

First quarter net of the Pullman Co. declined to \$1,641,591 from \$2,004,504 in the first quarter of 1928. Net for March rose to \$629,550 from \$305,414 a year ago.

Pittsburgh dispatches say Standard Oil of Indiana will start construction of a new \$10,000,000 sulfuric acid plant, Mich., in east \$200,000.

At advance of 2½ cents a gallon in the United States, the Federal Reserve Board has announced that the price of gasoline will be raised by National Distillers Products Corporation and Lowery & Co.

Chicago, underwrite \$17,537,000 of real estate bond issues in April, or 3 per cent of all real estate securities offered to the public, a continuation of the trend.

W. W. Strass & Co. shows First Mortgage bond issues totaled \$35,475,000. The month's total of all real estate securities publicly announced was \$78,482,000 against \$80,570,500 in April last.

April sales of Sears Roebuck & Co. moved up to \$24,091,116 from \$23,997,023 in April last year, and for the four months this year to \$90,391,916 from

The keenness of competition in bond offerings is emphasized in an award of new issue of \$145,000 Orleans county, N. Y., 4½ per cent highway bonds to J. A. Trenchard, Wack & Co., who underbid Graham, Parsons & Co. by only a difference of \$5.80 for the entire issue. The successful bid was 101.04, against 101.097, 101 in the same period in 1926.

The Amtorg Trading Corporation, New York, the principal organization in American-Russian trade. He recently arrived from Moscow.

First quarter net earnings of Tides Water Oil Co., affiliated with Tides Oil and Gas Co., and Tides Oil and Gas Associated Oil, were \$2,100,000 before Federal taxes equal after preferred dividends to \$333 a share on the

Net profit of the Cuervo Press, Inc., for 1926 was \$768,400 after all charges, compared with \$509,819 the year before. This was equal, after class A dividends, common. Earnings on the common in the first quarter of 1926 were equal to 17 cents a share, and for the full year 1926, to \$3.56 a share.

New York, May 3 (By A. P.).—Insurance rates on wines and liquors stored in warehouses were increased 125 per cent today as a result of many recent robberies. It was announced by the national bureau of casualty and surety underwriters.

Because of the frequency of hold-ups, Cook county, Ill., which embraces the city of Chicago, saw an increase of 50 per cent in paymaster, messenger and office and clerk insurance rates, according to the new schedule. Recent robberies in Detroit are said to have been the cause of 10 per cent increase for paymaster and messenger insurance in that territory.

Robberies from pawnbrokers have shown a marked decrease, the bureau reported. Restaurants evidently have been a fertile field for thieves, for under the new rates there was an increase of 130 per cent, and furriers were scheduled to a 100 per cent increase for burglary insurance.

## Appeals Court Supports Authority to Commit Men to Asylums.

The power of the Secretary of the Navy, Curtis D. Willbur, to remand retired officers or men to insane asylums or hospitals was upheld yesterday by the District of Columbia Court of Appeals.

This prerogative was questioned in the lower court by Commander Charles E. Treibly, U. S. N., retired, who sought and obtained his release from St. Elizabeth's hospital on a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that he had not only never been adjudged insane, but that the law under which the Secretary ordered him committed was unconstitutional. Treibly contended that veterans are still in the navy for all practical purposes and are still subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Navy, as are retired officers and members of the army, the appellate court de-

The decision of the appellate court not only upholds the validity of the legislative authority of the Secretary of the Navy to send retired officers and men to asylums or hospitals, but also upholds the validity of similar laws affecting the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Treasury and the directors of the veterans bureau, all of whom have occasion at one time or another to order the commitment of some person to an insane asylum.

Contributor: Nell Burdick has appeared for the Secretary of the Navy in the Trubey case.

New York, May 2 (By A. P.)—A Smith shall be no villain. A plan for him to play in a melodrama for the benefit of his old party caucus has been abandoned. The rush for 500 tickets was too great. There were some offers of \$100 a ticket. And there were magnifying about possible pictures of a potential presidential candidate.

And Mayor Walker, who also was to take part, has a date to attend the Kentucky derby.

### 3 WOMEN INDICTED IN DEATH OF ACTOR

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

let by the positions of the six persons. The five indicted are being held in the county jail without bail.

As the grand jury was voting the indictments, Mrs. Kerrick was praying beside the coffin of her husband the

[illegible][illegible]

**No. 876.** David W. Phillips, collector of internal revenue for the Twelfth Pennsylvania district, petitioner, vs. International Salt Co. Per curiam. Reversed.

**No. 875.** W. A. Frost, doing business under the name of Mitchell & Co., copiest, vs. Corporation Commission of the State of Ohio et al. Per curiam. Affirmed.

**No. 1945.** McLean vs. Williams et al. Decision affirmed. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

**No. 1946.** Winkley vs. Cogswell; decision affirmed. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justices Martin.

**No. 1947.** Gilbert vs. Sargent et al.; decree affirmed. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justices Martin.

**No. 1948.** In re Allen H. Bowers; decision reversed. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justices Martin.

**No. 1949.** In re Lloyd A. Cookman; opinion affirmed. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justices Martin.

**No. 1950.** In re Robert Shaw et al.; order setting aside for hearing on contempt affirmed. Shuman, Koenigsberger, Young & Shaw.

No. 500. Joseph B. Pife and Walter W. Pife, plaintiffs in error, vs. Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners. Per curiam. Affirmed.

No. 501. Joseph B. Pife and Walter W. Pife, plaintiffs in error, vs. State of Louisiana, and Board of Medical Examiners. Per curiam. Affirmed.

No. 502. Joseph B. Pife and Walter W. Pife, plaintiffs in error, vs. State of Louisiana. Per curiam. Affirmed.

No. 511. Binnett Lumber Co., plaintiff in error, vs. Theodore Fehrmann. Per curiam. Affirmed.

No. 592. David Athins, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Ohio. Per curiam. Writ of error denied; the writ of error as an application for a writ of sequestration. Certiorari denied.

No. 593. Michigan Oil Co., plaintiff in error, vs. Atlantic Rail. Per curiam. Writ of error dismissed for want of a Federal question.

No. 134. W. S. Phillips, Jr., et al. vs. Gas Company of Oklahoma. Plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Oklahoma. Per curiam. Writ of error dismissed.

No. 771. W. J. Blinn and W. H. White, vs. Warren & Co. No. 600. Canfield vs. Sergeant et al.; docket reversed, with costs and case remanded for further proceedings. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 601. Ishakian vs. Sergeant et al.; docket reversed, with costs as above remanded for further proceedings. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 601. Anglo-Columbian Development Co. vs. Rogers. Case affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 602. Welch et al. vs. Wales; docket affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 607. U. S. et rel. Stewart vs. Downing et al.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 607. Provident Relief Association et al. vs. Vernon et al.; order affirmed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 608. Provident Relief Association et al. vs. Vernon et al.; original petition dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 120. Modern Workmen of the World et al. vs. Masters et al.; original petition dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

Dated April 11, 1917.  
Minute of Albert F. Manning; report of sale of realty. Atty., C. D. Gammot.

Dated April 11, 1917.  
Minute of Felix A. Malone; petition for writ of habeas corpus. Atty., C. D. Gammot.

Dated April 11, 1917.  
Minute of George Warrington; petition for transfer of stock. Atty., H. A. L. Barber.

Dated December 4, 1916.  
Minute of Mary O'Driscoll; petition for possession of land filed July 1, 1916. Atty., C. E. Atty., C. E. Percy Mullins.

Minute of Alvina D. Scott; petition for possession of land filed July 1, 1916. Atty., C. E. Atty., C. E. Percy Mullins.

Minute of Edith Williams; will filed dated June 10, 1916. Corneil Potvin; will filed dated

191. George W. V. The Harbinger Boston, 1846. 12m.  
 192. J. A. Boston to disprove or affirm publication  
 of the Boston Herald, 1846. 12m.  
 193. J. A. Boston to disprove or affirm publication  
 of the Boston Herald, 1846. 12m.  
 194. J. A. Boston to disprove or affirm publication  
 of the Boston Herald, 1846. 12m.  
 195. J. A. Boston to disprove or affirm publication  
 of the Boston Herald, 1846. 12m.  
 196. J. A. Boston to disprove or affirm publication  
 of the Boston Herald, 1846. 12m.  
 197. J. A. Boston to disprove or affirm publication  
 of the Boston Herald, 1846. 12m.  
 198. J. A. Boston to disprove or affirm publication  
 of the Boston Herald, 1846. 12m.  
 199. J. A. Boston to disprove or affirm publication  
 of the Boston Herald, 1846. 12m.  
 200. J. A. Boston to disprove or affirm publication  
 of the Boston Herald, 1846. 12m.

[illegible]







BOBBY THATCHER

The Samaritan.

By George Storm

MISCELLANEOUS SALE

**The Washington Post**  
CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING  
Word Rate  
3 CENTS A WORD  
No ad accepted for less than 15 words or 15 lines. Solid ads in 10 point type or better. The line of 10 point type contains 10 words. The line of 8 point type contains 16 words. The line of 6 point type contains 24 words. The line of 4 point type contains 36 words. The line of 3 point type contains 48 words. The line of 2 point type contains 72 words. The line of 1 point type contains 144 words. The line of 1/2 point type contains 288 words. The line of 1/4 point type contains 576 words. The line of 1/8 point type contains 1152 words. The line of 1/16 point type contains 2304 words. The line of 1/32 point type contains 4608 words. The line of 1/64 point type contains 9216 words. The line of 1/128 point type contains 18432 words. The line of 1/256 point type contains 36864 words. The line of 1/512 point type contains 73728 words. The line of 1/1024 point type contains 147456 words. The line of 1/2048 point type contains 294912 words. The line of 1/4096 point type contains 589824 words. The line of 1/8192 point type contains 1179648 words. The line of 1/16384 point type contains 2359296 words. The line of 1/32768 point type contains 4718592 words. The line of 1/65536 point type contains 9437184 words. The line of 1/131072 point type contains 18874368 words. The line of 1/262144 point type contains 37748736 words. The line of 1/524288 point type contains 75497472 words. The line of 1/1048576 point type contains 150994944 words. The line of 1/2097152 point type contains 301989888 words. The line of 1/4194304 point type contains 603979776 words. The line of 1/8388608 point type contains 1207959552 words. The line of 1/16777216 point type contains 2415919104 words. The line of 1/33554432 point type contains 4831838208 words. The line of 1/67108864 point type contains 9663676416 words. The line of 1/134217728 point type contains 19327352832 words. The line of 1/268435456 point type contains 38654705664 words. The line of 1/536870912 point type contains 77309411328 words. 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The line of 1/604462909807314587353088 point type contains 87042659012253300578844672 words. The line of 1/1208925819614629174706176 point type contains 174085318024506601157689344 words. The line of 1/2417851639229258349412352 point type contains 348170636049013202315378688 words. The line of 1/4835703278458516698824704 point type contains 696341272098026404630757376 words. The line of 1/9671406556917033397649408 point type contains 1392682544196052809261514752 words. The line of 1/19342813113834066795298816 point type contains 2785365088392105618523029504 words. The line of 1/38685626227668133590597632 point type contains 5570730176784211237046059008 words. The line of 1/77371252455336267181195264 point type contains 11141460353568422474092118016 words. The line of 1/154742504910672534362390528 point type contains 22282920707136844948184236032 words. The line of 1/309485009821345068724781056 point type contains 44565841414273689896368472064 words. 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**LEGAL RECORD**  
(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 19.)

No. D-1050. The Williamsport Wire Rope Co.; demurrer sustained in part. Opinion by Judge Booth.

No. E-397, Pittsburgh Hotels Co.; judgment for plaintiff. Opinion by Judge Booth.  
No. C-63, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. Co.; judgment for plaintiff. Opinion by Judge Foster.  
No. Cong. 17341, Rose City Cotton Oil Mill; plaintiff's motion overruled, memorandum per curiam.  
Motions overruled in the following: No. C-23, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. Co.; No. C-910, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. Co.; No. D-39, George Leary Construction Co.; No. E-122, G. & H. Heating Co.; No. E-426, Frank P. Blair; No. E-541.

No. B-158. American Electro-Products Co.; petition and counterclaim dismissed; set order.  
No. D-757. Detroit Steel Products Co.; plaintiff's motion overruled.  
No. E-193. Mary Roxburgh; remanded; set order.  
Petitions dismissed in the following: No. C-164. John T. Stannard; No. E-183. John Grace; No. E-155. Joseph P. Grace; No. E-55. M. S. Pyne et al; No. E-456. Herbert F. Johnson et al.; No. F-140. William H. Larkin.  
Proceedings for the day.

No. C-669. Frank D. Schroth, Receiver; argued by Thomas F. Gain for plaintiff and Dan M. Jackson for the United States. No. C-670. J. B. Smith, Receiver; argued by Hon. Thomas G. Haight for plaintiff and by Fred K. Dyar for the United States. No. F-832. P. DeRonde & Co., Inc.; argued by Robert Ash for plaintiff and W. W. Scott for the United States.

Call for Tuesday, May 8, 1927:

No. J-790. Robert H. Montgomery; No. D-544. Robert Wetherill; No. E-182. William S. Graft & Co.; No. D-174. International Trust Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.; George D. Horst; No. E-690. J. B. D. Horst; No.

F-131. Edward J. Vilsack et al. v. Adm. August A. Vilsack, deceased; No. F-180. U. S. Reilly et al. v. No. F-129. City of Cape May v. No. C-35. National Laundry Co.

**LAW SUITS.**

No. 73185. Florence L. Stewart vs. National Benefit Insurance Co.; damages, \$10,000. Atty's. R. H. Yeatman, May T. Bigelow.

No. 73186. Anna M. Murphy vs. David L. Stern et al.; damages, \$5,000. Atty's. E. B. Frey, L. J. H. Herwig.

No. 73187. Bethesda Lumber Co. vs. L. J. Hommes et al. trading as Newman and

No. 73188. U. S. A. to use of Gallier and Hugueny vs. W. L. Morrison Construction Co et al.; bond, \$17,000. Atty., H. Winslip Wheatley.

**MECHANIC'S LIENS.**

No. 9029. Charles W. Klarner, Berwyn, Md., vs. Fireman Construction Co.; 2015 to 2037 H street northeast; \$480.

No. 9030. Same vs. Same; 5151 to 5171 Conduit road northwest; \$510.

No. 9031. Rosslyn Steel & Cement Co. vs. Howard E. Etchison et al.; lots 868, 869 and

No. 6092. John G. Webster vs. Lorenzo Raulerson et al.; 1633 Newton street northwest \$37.

**EQUITY SUITS.**

No. 46911. Harry Rex vs. Harry E. Shapiro et al.; rescinding contract and cancel lease. Attyrs. T. J. Fitzgerald, Leo A. Rover.

No. 46912. Paul E. Schmidt et al. vs. John J. Carey; specific performance. Attyrs. George C. German.

No. 46918. Loughborough Development Corp. vs. The District of Columbia et al.; title by

adverse possession. Attys., George C. Ger-  
man.  
No. 40614. Pannie E. Hawkins vs. Barley  
Hawkins. Limited divorce. Att'y., W. A. Scott.  
No. 40615. In re Leo Schnitzler; change  
of name.  
No. 40616. May C. Rowe vs. William A.  
Rowe et al.; absolute divorce. Att'y., James  
F. Spain.

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301 Colorado Bldg. Main 6527.

**PROPOSALS**

COMMISSIONERS, D. C., WASHINGTON, D. C.  
 April 30, 1925. Sealed proposals will be received at room 500, District Building, until 2 O'CLOCK P. M., MAY 3, 1927, for furnishing one set Electric Driven Rolls for rolling and bending sheet metal and one Electric Driven Shearing Machine, Specification and information at room 320, District Building.  
 30,my2,3

COMMISSIONERS D. C., MAY 3, 1927.  
 Sealed proposals will be received at room 500, District Building, until 2 o'clock p. m., MAY 23, for constructing combined gymnasium and

containing 194,000 cubic feet. Certified check or money order for \$20 to insure return of plans and specifications. Proposal forms at Room 427. **8.4.5.6.7.8**

**\$250,000.00**

**WASHINGTON (MARLAND) SUBURBAN**  
**SANITARY DISTRICT**  
**WATER BONDS**  
**SERIES "P" BONDS.**

Sealed bids for the purchase of above bonds will be received by the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission at its offices in the

Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue, Northwest, Washington, D. C. 20004.

**DATE OF MATURITY: MONDAY, May 1, 1972; bond dated May 1, 1972, maturing May 1, 1977; redeemable on interest dates at and after May 1, 1957; principal and interest (4% per annum) November and May 1, payable in Baltimore, Maryland.**

**SECURITY:** The bonds are general obligations and further payable from water revenues; unlimited tax; issued under authority of chapter 507, of the acts of 1927 of the General Assembly of Maryland.

**GUARANTEE:** The principal and interest is guaranteed by the Principals of the County, as stated by Montgomery and Prince Georges counties, Maryland, by indorsement on each

bond, pursuant to law.  
Legal opinion of Chester B. Massisch, esq.,  
certification of signatures and seal by Mer-  
cantile Trust and Deposit Company of Balti-  
more; certified check for \$2,500 must accom-  
pany each bid. The commission reserves the  
right to reject any or all bids. Circular on  
request and bids must be submitted on in-  
formation contained therein.

WASHINGTON SUBURBAN SANITARY  
COMMISSION.

T. HOWARD DUCKETT, Chairman.  
EMORY H. BOGLEY,  
J. BOND SMITH.

Commissioners.  
Evans Building, 1420 New York, ave. nw.  
3.5 Washington, D. C.

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**RESORTS**

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**New York**

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**SARANAC INN**  
An Ideal Vacation Spot.  
Upper Saranac Lake, New York

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**MEDITERRANEAN**  
**S. S. CONTE ROSSO**  
May 10, June 14, July 19, Aug. 23.  
**S. S. CONTE BIANCAMANO**  
May 23, June 30, Aug. 6, Sept. 10.  
**GIBRALTAR** (most convenient route to  
and Morocco) **NAFES, GENOA,**  
**ILI QYD, SA RAUIDO LINE.**

The International Exchange Bank. Gen. Astor,  
5th and H Streets N.W., Washington, D. C.

**EXCURSIONS**

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CAVALIER**



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VIRGINIA  
BEACH**

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Strictly Modern  
Hotel**

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Salt Water Pool**

Open Salt Water Pool  
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**STEAMBOAT CO.**



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GENERAL  
VON HINDENBURG  
LEADER OF GERMAN  
FORCES IN THE EAST

**T**HEN CAME A CRUSHING BLOW TO PRUSSIA, DELIVERED AT TANNENBERG BY HINDENBURG'S ARMY, AGAIN INVADING RUSSIANS. TRAPPED IN MASURIAN LAKES REGION, GERMAN ARMY WAS ALMOST DESTROYED.

Wallace Streeter, 20; George key, 42; Sonny C. Stanton, 36; Cushman, 45; Billy Thompson, 32; Walter R. T. 426; A. H. Ten, 410; Leon A. U. W. B. Vaudie Vaudie, 45; Woodford, 41; Women's (42 35); Ralph D. Wylly, 42; John mab, 420; Admiral Bonner; Walter D. Wilcox, 110; R. Woven, 41; Edward Yardley

## Raiders Seize Still And Alleged V

Two stills and a quantity of whiskey and mash were seized by police yesterday when they met at 1315 East Capitol street, Clark, 29 years old, 1315 East street, and Dennis O'Reilly, street southeast, were arrested. They were charged with manufacturing and possession of intoxicating liquors.

Each of the stills, police capable of producing 500 gallons of whiskey a day. The raiding party, led by Sgt. George Little, stated, George Deyote, T. C. M. and Prohibition Agent Roy. The raid was witnessed by a large crowd of people, approximately 100 persons.